



The Hon^{ble} Robert Boyle



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W. H. Smith

Medicinal Experiments :
OR, A
COLLECTION
OF
Choice and Safe Remedies,
FOR

The most part *Simple* and easily prepared :
Very Useful in FAMILIES,
and fitted for the SERVICE of
Country People.

By the Honourable R. BOYLE Esq;
Fellow of the Royal Society.

In Three Parts.

Containing above
Five Hundred Choice Receipts.

The Fourth EDITION : Enlarged
with a SUPPLEMENT.

L O N D O N :

Printed for Sam. Smith, at the Princes's-Arms, and
Jo. Taylor at the Ship in St Paul's Church-yard. 1703.

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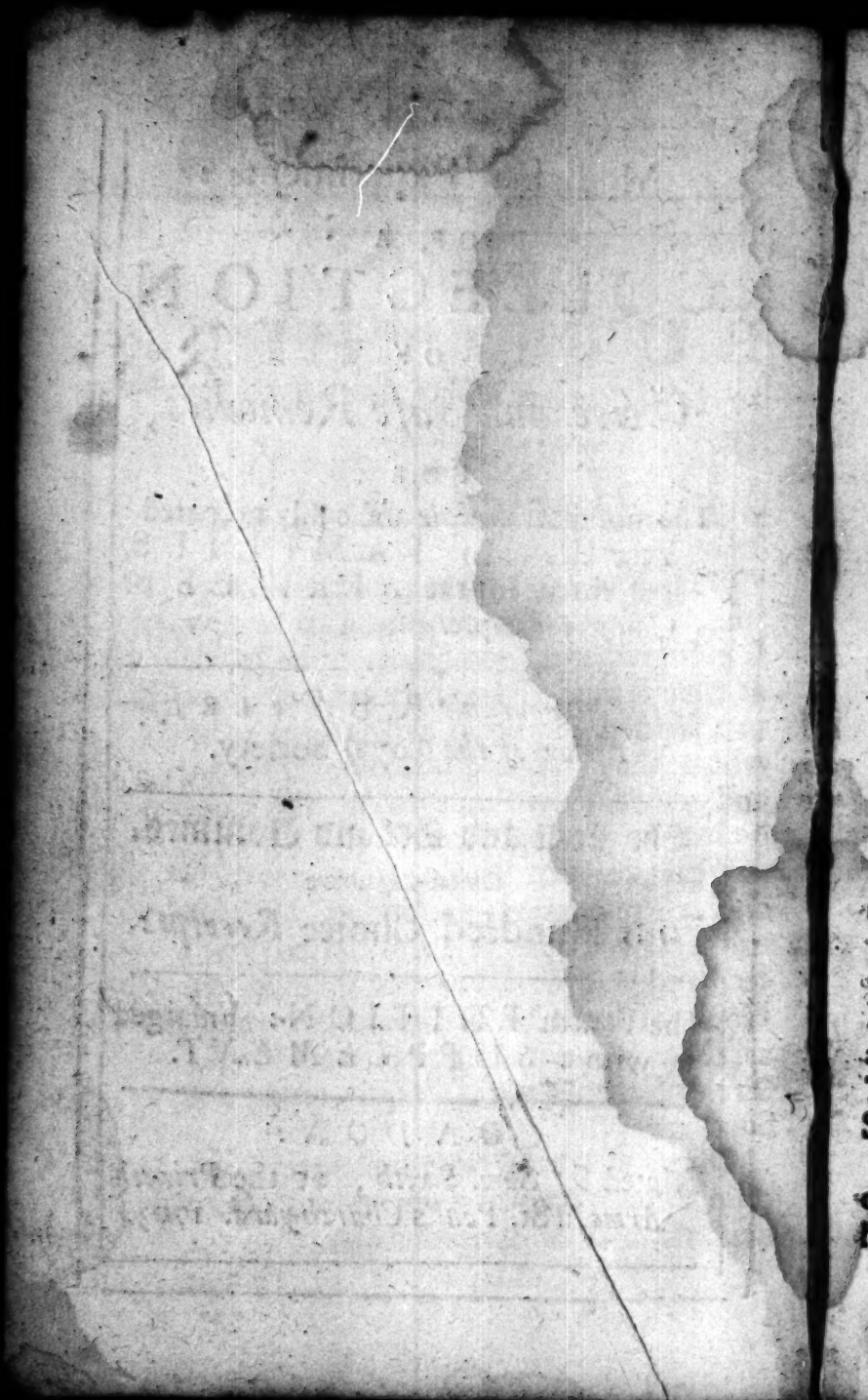
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THE
PUBLISHER
TO THE
READER.

THESE *Receipts*, taken out of a large Collection as consisting of a few safe Ingredients, commonly to be found at easie Rates in most places, were sent to a learned Physician beyond Sea : To whom they were a welcome Present, and answer'd, without doubt, the Ends he had in desiring them.

That excellent Person, to whom these choice Prescriptions are owing, did permit a few Copies of them to be Printed, and was pleased to put them in the Hands of some of his Friends, provided, as there was occasion, they would make Tryal of them, and faithfully report the Success.

Divers of those, who on these Conditions had received so great a Favour, held themselves obliged to enquire for

The Publisher, &c.

Persons affected with any of the Maladies against which the said Medicines were prescribed ; and, upon many Experiments carefully made, having found, that frequently they have relieved those who used them, and sometimes strangely outdone Expectation ; they addressed themselves with much Importunity to the Noble Author, to suffer Things, which were of such general Benefit, and so easily to be procured by the Poor, to be made more publick.

And at length he hath been prevailed with not only to allow the former *Receipts*, which but few had seen, to be Reprinted, but hath, out of his rich Treasury, stored us with a fresh Collection, which, as in number it exceeds what we had before, so in Quality and Virtue it falls not short of it.

And if what here with such an honest and kind Design is offered to the Publick, be but candidly and favourably receiv'd, we may still hope for more Blessings of this sort from him, who has not only a constant Will and great Ability to do good, but hath, perhaps, obliged the Age as much as any private Person in it.

THE

THE Author's P R E F A C E.

THough Physick be not my Profession;
yet I hope this small Collection of
Receipts will not incur the Censure
of Equitable and Charitable Persons, tho' di-
vers of them are professed Physicians, since as
I was induc'd to what I had done by the
Dictates of Philanthropy and Christiani-
ty, so I was warranted by great Examples,
both in Ancient Times, and in ours. Of
the former sort, I take notice of several of
the old Philosophers, such as Democritus,
Pythagoras, to which some add Aristotle;
and even divers Monarchs and great Men of
those Times, such as Jutar, King of Mau-
ritania; another King,
Nechepsos, cited by * De simpl. Medic.
Galen, * Cato, Pliny, Facultatibus, lib. ix.
&c. And of the second Titulos Jaspis Viridis.
sort, not only by the last Ac nonnulli quoque
punctum in eo draconem radios habentem: Velut
Rex Nechepsos memoria prodidit in sexto & decimo
libro.

The Author's Preface.

Age, and the first part of our own, but by very late Times, and in a Neighbouring Nation, whose Customs we are wont sufficiently to esteem and imitate, we may be furnish'd with Examples to our present purpose. For the French King himself, who has rais'd the Majesty of a Crown'd Head so high, did not think it beneath the Grandeur of so great a Monarch to Order the Publication of the English Remedy, as the French called the Peruvian Bark, which at a great Rate he Purchas'd from Talbor, an English Emperick, Famous for his many and speedy Cures of Quartans, and other Agues. By the Authority of the same Prince, who has been a great Encourager of divers parts of Learning, there has been some Years since settled at Paris a Society or Assembly of Physicians, Chirurgeons, and others, whose main Business is to keep Correspondency in several Parts, and receive Informations of the Novelties that occur about Diseases, and impart to the Publick such as they shall think worthy and seasonable; which Communications consist not only of new Discoveries, odd Cases, Speculations, and Observations, but of Receipts and Processes of Remedies, Printed for the most part in French, the common Language of the People. Divers of which Remedies, have upon Tryal been found useful,

The Author's Preface.

as well in England as in France. There has been also lately in that Kingdom a Book Printed more than once, that makes yet more for my purpose. For there has been publish'd in the French Tongue a large Collection of Receipts, for almost all Diseases, plac'd in Alphabetical Order; and tho' these Receipts are Circumstantially deliver'd in the Mother-Tongue of the People, yet they came not forth, without the License or Authority of the Faculty of Physick, and were (at least the first Tome) so well receiv'd and approv'd, that in divers places the respective Bishops authorized them by their Publick Approbation, and recommended them upon the Account receiv'd, or the good Effects they had produc'd both to the other Charitable Persons, and to the Curates (or Parish Priest's) in their Diocesses.

In complying with the desires of many, and with the Dictates of Philanthropy, I hope I may procure my Medicinal Receipts and Processes the more favourable Reception, if I shew that I might justly have a peculiar and personal Repugnancy to this Work. For many may think it strange, as I my self have been prone to do, that I should presume to recommend Medicines to others, who for divers Years have been so infirm and sickly my self. And some 'tis like will upbraid me with *Medice Cura teipsum*. But on this

The Author's Preface.

occasion, I may represent, that being the thirteenth or fourteenth Child of a Mother, that was not above 42 or 43 Years old when she dyed of a Consumption, 'tis no wonder I have not inherited a robust, or healthy Constitution. Many also have said, in my Excuse, as they think, that I brought my self to so much sickness by over much Study: But I must add, that tho' both the forementioned Causes concur'd, yet I impute my infirm condition more to a third, than to both together. For the grand Original of the Mischiefs that have for many Years afflicted me, was a fall from an unruly Horse into a deep place, by which I was so bruised, that I feel the bad Effects of it to this day. For this Mischance happening in Ireland, and I being forc'd to take a long Journey, before I was well recovered, the bad Weather I met with, and the as bad Accomodation in Irish Inns, and the mistake of an unskilful or drunken Guide, who made me wander almost all Night upon some Wild Mountains, put me into a Fever and a Dropsie, (v. z. an Anasarca:.) For a compleat Cure of which I past into England, and came to London; but in so unlucky a time, that an ill-condition'd Fever rag'd there, and seiz'd on me among many others; and tho' through God's goodness, I at length recovered, yet left me exceeding weak for a great while after;

The Author's Pre face.

after ; and then for a farewell, it cast me into a violent Quotidian or double Tertian Ague, with a sense of decay in my Eyes, which during my long Sickness I had exercis'd too much upon Critical Books stuf't with Hebrew, and other Eastern Characters : I will not urge that divers have wonder'd that a Person in such bad Circumstances has by the help of Care and Medicines (for they forget what ought to be ascrib'd to God) should be able to hold out so long against them. But this after the foregoing Relation may well be said, that it need be no great wonder, if after such a train of Mischiefs, which was succeeded by a Scorbutick Cholick that struck into my Limbs, and deprived me of the use of my Hands and Feet for many Months, I have not enjoy'd much Health, notwithstanding my being acquainted with several Choice Medicines ; especially since divers of these I dare not use, because by long sitting, when I had the Palsie, I got the Stone, voiding some large ones (as well as making bloody Water) and by that Disease so great a tenderness in my Kidneys, that I can bear no Diureticks, tho' of the milder sort, and that I am forc'd to forbear several Remedies for my other Distempers, that I know to be good ones, and amongst them divers, that by God's Blessing, I have successfully try'd on others. This short Nar-

The Author's Preface.

rative may, I hope, suffice to shew that my Personal Maladies and Sicklines cannot rightly infer the inefficacy of the Medicines I impart or recommended, and if it shew That, it will do all that was aim'd at by this Representation.

If some Receipts or Processes (for I hope they will not be many) should happen to be met with in the following Collection, that may be also found either in some Printed Book or other, 'tis hop'd an indulgent Reader will either excuse or pardon that Venial fault, especially if we consider, First, That neither Physick nor Chymistry being my Profession, I did not think my self oblig'd to peruse any store of Medicinal Books, and therefore may well be suppos'd to be unacquainted with a great many of them, much more with many of their Receipts and Processes. And indeed I find by some of the latter Printed Catalogues of Books written about the Physicians Art, that there is a multitude of them, which when I wrote, I had never seen, or perhaps so much as heard of. Secondly, That 'tis so usual for Authors, especially that Writ either Systems or Collections, to set down store of Prescriptions dictated by their Conjectures, not their Tryals, and yet without giving a distinct Character of almost any of them in particular: That if I had met therewith
some

The Author's Preface.

Some of the same that I am speaking of, I should not have selected them from a great number of other undistinguish'd ones; and 'tis easie to observe, that there is a great deal of difference betwixt being told by an Author that many things, and among the rest, but not before them, this or that Drug, or Receipt is good for such a Disease, and to have particular notice given of it, and not only to be confirm'd that 'tis good, but to be told how good it is, and possibly also that it may be usefully employ'd in other Distempers besides those for which 'tis prescrib'd in the Printed Book.

The most of these Receipts are intended chiefly for the use of those that live in the Country, in Places where Physicians are scarce if at all to be had, especially by Poor People. And because very frequently a Labouring Man, or a Handicrafts Man, or some Tradesman has a whole Family depending upon him, being maintain'd by his Pains and Industry, and yet is disabled to help himself and them, not by any Internal, and oftentimes Accidental Maladies; such as Bruises, Strains, Cuts, Tumors, Aches, Burns, and the like, I have been careful to furnish this final Collection with a pretty number of good Receipts, obtain'd most of them from able Surgeons and Practitioners.

The Author's Preface.

ners for these External Accidents, that those
poor Upholders of Families, who cannot
find or Fee a Surgeon, or a Doctor, may
be cheaply relieved without either of
them.

THE

The Author's

INTRODUCTION

To the *First Volume.*

THE following Prescriptions are a part of a Collection of *Receipts* and *Processes*, that from Time to Time have been recommended to me by the Experience of others, or approv'd by my own: *Receipts* that being Parable or Cheap, may easily be made serviceable to poor Country People.

For Medicines so Simple, and for the most part so Cheap, I have found all of them to be good in their kind: And though I think most of them safer than many other Medicines that are in great Request, yet I do not pretend that these should play the Part of Medicines and Physicians too; but that they may be usefully employed by one who knows how to administer them discreetly.

I distinguish them into three Classes or Orders, annexing to the Title of each particular Medicine one of the Three first Letters of the Alphabet; whereof *A*, is the Mark of a Remedy of the highest Classes of these, Recommended as very considerable and efficacious in its kind. *B*, Denotes a second or inferiour sort, but yet to be valuable for their good Operation. *C*, belongs to those Remedies that are of the lowest Order, tho' good enough not to be despised.

Those *Receipts*, which were my own, are expressed in my own Terms; so also those which I received from others by word of Mouth; But them which were imparted to me in Writing, though I my self would not have worded them, as they did that I had from them, yet I often times made a Scruple to Correct or Alter their Expressions, tho' not suitable to the Current Style of the Formularies of *Receipts*, being more concern'd that the Meaning should be close kept to, than the Style rectified.

The

THE
T A B L E
OF THE
First and Second Volume.

A.

A Ches	81
Achor Strain	50
Aches Scorbutical	50, 50, 50, 51
Aches and pricking pains	51
Acidities to cure	10, 55
Acidities in the Stomach	55
After birth to bring away	8, 11
Affections of the Nerves	114
Agues	3, 8, 13, 52, 53, 169, 166
Agues Tertian	8, 38, 54
Agues Quartan	55
Aguish Distempers	53
Ague Plaister	53
Albetick Pills	114
Anasarca	52
Anodyne Clyster	97
Antimonial Infusion	27
Antimonials for Leprosies and Fevers	26
Apoplexy	33, 40, 49
Appetite wanting	12
	Arthritick

The INDEX.

Arthritick Pains 21, 25, 36, 100, 101, 102, 115
Asthma 55, 56, 66, 71

B.

B *Alsam for Wounds* 147
Bloody Flux 4, 34, 35, 75, 94, 95, 96
Blood to Stanch 9, 58, 60, 167
Blood to Sweeten 10
Blood extravasated 59
Blood shot Eye 78, 79, 81
Bloody Water 153
Blindness 86
Blisters to draw 62, 63, 64
Bitings of Mad Dogs 114
Bitings of Vipers 146
Bowels to strengthen 8
Black Jaundice 23
Breathing difficult 55, 56
Breast stuggy 57
Breast Ulcerated 13, 166
Breast afflicted with Cold 66
Broken Belly 18, 21
Bruise 15, 57, 65, 127
Burne 43, 60, 61, 62
Burns and Scalds 61, 62
Bone 159

C.

C *Cancer not broken* 34, 64
Chilblains 26, 65
Children gripped 98
Childrens Jaundice 36
Clin-Cough 39
Child to bring away 8, 11
Child-bearing to cleanse after it 29
Clouded Eyes 86
Clyster Anodyne 97
Clyster for Fluxes 153
Coagulated blood 57
Colick 27, 40, 44, 71, 72, 73, 74, 131
Colick

The INDEX

Colick Scorbutick	56, 128
Colds	66, 125
Convulsive Asthma	71
Contusion	15, 57, 65
Costiveness	64, 71
Consumption	7, 66
Coughs	1, 17, 67, 68
Corns	69, 70
Convulsive fits	70, 71, 73
Convulsions	6, 11, 70, 71, 73, 92, 157
Contusion of the Eye	77, 81, 89, 123
Contracture	113, 120
Continual Fevers	25, 26
Courses stop'd	144
Cramp	9, 75
Cuts and Wounds	145, 146, 148, 149
Cuts Excoriated	19
Cankers in the Mouth, &c.	167

D.

D ecoliation of Quick-silver	41
Defluxion in the Eyes	80, 84, 87, 88
Diseases from Obstructions	7, 20, 39
Difficulty of Hearing	105
Diuretick Medicine	20
Distemper Aguish	32
Difficulty of breathing	93
Digestive Ointment	55, 56
Diabetes	76, 14
Diarrhea	76, 95, 96, 153
Drink for the Scurvy	14
Drink for continual Fevers	12
Drink for Fevers	25, 93
Drink for Colicks	73
Drink for the sight	104, 122
Drink for the Stone	129, 134
Drink to correct sharp humor	100
Dropsies	52, 75, 154
Dropsy Anasarca	58
	Dulne 2
	4

The INDEX.

Deafness of hearing 105 104
Dysentery 4, 10, 30, 35, 75, 94, 95, 96

E.

E *Leſtuary for the ſight* 89
Elixir Salutis 92
Epilepſie 39, 91, 92, 153
Eriſipelas 80
Evil 4
Excoriation 16, 121
External Piles 32
Experiments for a weak ſight 38, 89, 122, 123, 124,

151

External remedy for Fevers 41
Eyes to Cure 11, 37, 78, 79, 81, 167
Eye Medicament 77
Eye-lids pained 80, 83, 181
Eye Clouded 86
Eye Rheumatic 80, 84, 87, 88
Eye Plaiſter 86
Eye-water 78, 79, 82, 84, 85, 86, 88, 90, 150, 162

F.

F *Alling ſickneſs* 39, 91, 92, 153
Fevers 41, 93
Fevers continual 25, 26
Films in the Eyes 11, 84
Films to clear 11, 84, 90
Fits of Agues 13
Fits of the Gout 21, 25, 36, 100, 101, 102, 103
Fits of the Mother 24
Fits Apopleſtick 33, 40, 49
Fits of the Stone 5
Flaggy Breasts 57
Flux Common 14, 20, 30, 76, 95, 96, 154
Flux Bloody 4, 30, 35, 75, 94, 95, 96
Flux of the Whites 96, 150
Fluxes ſharp 10
Fundament falling 96

French

The INDEX.

French Pox. 117
Fresh Strain 18, 19, 26, 43, 126, 127, 128

G.

G *Argle* 98, 99
Gangrene 97, 160
Gout 21, 25, 36, 106, 115, 162
Gonorrhæa 99, 99, 102
Gripes 14, 98, 125
Gravel 24, 39, 128, 129, 130, 131, 161
Gums to strengthen 35, 162
Gums Scorbutick 135
Gunpowder to remove 122

H.

H *Hæmorrhoids* 6, 9, 14, 32, 43, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 114
Heart-burnings 18, 55
Head Powder 103
Hearing hurt 105, 104
Hearing difficult 39
Heat in the Eyes 37
Heat of the Stomach 46
Hoarsness 35
Humor in the Eyes 91, 168
Hurts in the Eyes 11, 37, 78, 79, 81
Hydropsie 75
Hysterical Vapours 104
Hollow aching Tooth 133
Humor of the Kings Evil correct 4, 11, 152, 153

I.

J *Jaundice yellow* 3, 4, 36, 110, 111, 162, 165
Jaundice Black 23
Inflammation 16
Inflammation of Ulcers 16
Internal Piles 32
Incontinency of Urine 76
Issue raw to make 44
Isch to cure 29, 110, 141

K.

The INDEX.

K.

K Idn'es pained	112, 169
Kidnies stopped	111
Kings Evil to cure	4, 111, 152, 153
Kings Evil cured with Lime-water	42

L.

L Axation of a Part	115
Lime Water to make	7, 152
Lime-Water for the Kings Evil	42
Lime-Water for Obstructions	7
Liquor for Ulcers and Wounds	145
Legs inflamed and Ulcerated	16
Leprosy	26
Limbs pained	113
Loosness	14, 20, 30, 76
Lungs Obstructed	39

M.

M Ad Dogs biting	114
Marks of Gunpowder to remove	122
Menses stop	146
Medicine for the Stone	24, 39, 128, 129
Medicine for a Strain	26, 43
Medicine to cleanse the Womb	29
Medicine for a sore Throat	40, 44, 137
Medicine for the Colick	31, 74, 131
Medicine for a cancer	34
Milk to increase	113, 114
Mother fits	24
Mouth Sore	142
Madness	160

N.

N Erves affected	114
Nitre good for the Colick	44
Noses bleeding	58
Nurses Milk to encrease	114
Nephritick Tincture for the Stone	164
	Q.

The INDEX,

O.	
O bstinate Tumor of the Knee	138
Obstructions	7, 20, 39
Oil of Turpentine mixt with Tobacco Ointment and Balls of Sulphur for the Piles	43
Old Aches	59
Opthalmicks	79, 81, 90
Opthalmick Water	78, 79, 82, 84, 85, 86, 88, 89
Outward contusions	15, 57, 63
Ointment for the Gout	100
For Wormes in Children	466
P.	
P ains	16, 100
Pains Scorbuitick	51, 113, 115, 125
Pain of the Teeth	2
Pain of the Stone	1, 165
Pain in the Side	51
Pain in the Eye-lid	83
Palsy	117, 118
Pearl in the Eye	78
Pericarpium	86, 87
Phlyctena in the Eye	88
Pimples within the Eye-lids	188
Plaister for the Eyes	86, 87, 89
Plaister for Agues	53, 86, 87
Plaister for Corns	69
Plaister to discuss Tumors	22
Pleurisie	35, 118, 119
Piles 6, 9, 14, 32, 43, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109	114
Pills of Aloes	114
Pricking pains	51
Prolapsus Uteri	36
Pimples in the Eye-lids	181
Pissing blood	151
Ponder for the sight	103, 123
Pox, or French-Pox	117
Purge for Children	159
	Q.

The INDEX.

Q.	
Q uartan Ague	53
Quick-silver against Worms	41
R.	
R emedy for Chilblains	26, 65
Remedies for Fluxes	14, 20, 30, 76, 94
Recent strain	18, 19, 24, 39
Redness of the Eyes	84, 85
Recent burn	43, 60, 61, 62
Rest to cause	120
Retention of Urine	39, 143, 144
Rheums	1, 17, 35
Rheumatisme 119, 122	118, 120
Rupture	18, 21
Running Gout	101
Running of the Reins	99, 99, 102
Roughness of Lips	158
S.	
S corbutick Pains	51, 56, 113, 115
Scurvy	32, 121, 135
Scorbutick Gout	101
Scorbutick Collick	50
Scorbutick Aches	50, 50, 50, 51
Scalding	61, 62
Sharp Humors	31, 95
Sharp humors in the Eyes	80, 104
Sharpness of Urine	2, 142, 144
Sides pained	51
Sight to strengthen	89, 122, 123, 124
Sight weak	33, 89, 122, 124, 151
Small Pox	119
Skin rough	121
Sores	22
Sore throat	31, 34, 40, 44, 99, 138, 139, 140, 141
Solution of Continuity in the Eye	82
Specifick for Cholicks	72
Specifick for the Jaundice	111
Stiches	51
Stenching blood	9, 58
Stomach	

The INDEX.

Stomach beat	45, 55
Stomach Tincture	45
Stomach Plaster	125
Stomach to strengthen	12, 124, 125
Stone	1, 5, 24, 39, 128, 130, 131, 154, 159, 162
Strains	18, 19, 26, 43, 126, 127, 128
Strengthening the Gums	35
Strengthening the Sight	122, 123
Strengthening Plaster	19, 25
Strengthening the Stomach	124, 125
Strengthening the Bowels	8, 19
Styptic Water	58, 60
Syrup for Rheums	35

T.

T eeeth to make firm	35, 134
Teeth to fasten	133, 134, 135, 136
Tettars	141
Tenesmus	69, 142
Terms stoppt	144
Tertian Ague	8, 38, 54
Teeth to keep sound	17
Throat sore	31, 34, 40, 44, 99, 138, 139, 140
Thrush in children	143, 163
Tickling Rheum	17
Tooth-ach	2, 17, 131, 132, 133
Tooth hollow	133
Tumors	137, 141
Tumors to discuss and Ripen	22, 147
Tumor in the Eye	88
Tumor in the Throat	137, 138
Tumor in the Knee	138

U.

V apors Hyfterical	104
Vipers biting	146
Ulcers	22, 145, 146
Ulcers of the Breast	13
Ulcer of the Womb	150
Voiding blood	146
Vertigo	168
Vomiting	

The INDEX.

Vomiting	145
Urine sharp	2, 142
Urine stop'd	39, 143, 144
Urine running away	76, 143
Uteri prolapsus	36

W.

Wash for the Itch	29
Water for Ulcers	22, 1
Water Ophthalmick	78, 79, 82, 84, 85, 86, 88, 90, 150
Warts	151
Water Styptick	58, 60
Weakness of the Joints	19, 25
Weakness in the Hands	118
Weak sight	38, 89, 122, 123
Whites in Women	96, 150
Whistoe to cure	42, 151, 161
Womens Breasts flaggy	57
Women in Labor	8
Womb to cleanse	29
Womb Ulcerated	150
Worms in Children	41, 149
Wounds	145, 146, 148, 149
Wounds bleeding	9, 147, 148
Wound drink	147
Wrist Plaster for Agues	53, 86, 87
Wine made Artificially	158

Y.

Yellow Jaundice	3, 4, 36, 100, 111, 149
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DECAD.

DECAD I.

I. For Coughs, especially such as proceed from
thin Rheums.

B **T**Ake of choice *Olibanum* finely powdered, from one Scruple to half a Dram, and mix carefully with it an equal weight of Sugar-candy, (white or brown) or, in want of that, of fine Sugar; and let the Patient take it at Bed-time in the Pap of an Apple, or some other proper Ad-ditament, for several Nights together: If it be found needful, it may be taken at any other time, when the Stomach is empty.

II. To give Ease in the Pains of the Stone, even
that of the Bladder.

A **T**Ake the transparent *Sparr* that grows up on the *Veins* of *Lead-ore*, and having reduc'd it to fine Powder, give from half a Dram to a whole Dram of it at a time, in a moderate Draught of some convenient Vehicle.

B

N. B

N. B. Though there be (at least in most of our English Mines) two Teguments, as it were, of the Veins of Lead, that grow close together; yet that which the Diggers name *Cawk*, which is white and opacous, is not the Medicine I mean, but the Transparent, or at least Semi-Diaphanous, which easily breaks into smooth Fragments, and in the Fire cleaves into several pieces, that are wont to be smooth, and prettily shap'd.

III. For Sharpness of Urine.

TAKE of the dry stuff that divides the Lobes of the Kernels of Walnuts, beat them to Powder, and of this give about half a Dram at a time, in a Draught of White-wine, or Posset-drink made with it, or in any other convenient Liquor.

IV. To Appease the Violent Pains of the Tooth-Ach.

MAKE up a Scruple of *Pillule Mastichine*, and half a Grain of *Laudanum* into two or three Pills for the Patient to take at Bed-time.

V. For

V. *For Agues.*

TAKE Salt of Card. Benedi^t. and Salt of Wormwood ana 13 Grains, Tartar Vitriolate half a Scruple, mix them, and give them in a few Spoonfuls of Rhenish-wine, or of some other convenient Vehicle, either before the Fire, or at some other time when the Stomach is empty.

VI. *For the Yellow-Jaundice.*

TAKE an Ounce of Castle-soap (the elder the better) slice it thin, put it into a Pint of Small-beer cold, set it on the Fire, let it boil gently half away, after boiling some time, scum it once; then strain it through a small Sieve, warm it, and drink it all in a Morning-fasting; take a small Lump of Sugar after it, and fast two or three hours: The Parry may walk about his Business, and eat his accustomed Meals: If at any time he drinks Wine, let it be White-wine. N. B. If he be far gone in the Distemper; two or three days after, he may take it once or twice more and no oftner; Refrain all other Medicines: It will keep a Week or longer.

VII. For the Jaundice.

TAKE two or three Ounces of *Semen Cannabis* (Hemp-seed) and boil them till the Seeds (some of them) begin to burst, and a little longer, in a sufficient quantity of New Milk, to make one good Draught; which the Patient is to take warm, renewing it, if need be, for some days together.

VIII. For the Dysentery.

TAKE Pigs-dung, dry it, and burn it to grey (not white) Ashes; of these give about half a Dram for a Dose, drinking after them about three Spoonfuls of Wine-Vinegar.

IX. For the King's-Evil.

TAKE Cuttle-bone uncalcin'd, and having scrap'd off the outside or colour'd part, dry the white part; and of this finely powdered, give half a Dram for a Dose in *Aqua Malva*.

Vol. I. Mr. Boyle's Receipts. 5

X. A Safe and Easie Medicine in Fits of the Stone.

TAKE Sack, or, in want of that, Claret-wine, and by shaking, or otherwise, mix with it, as well as you can, an equal quantity of Oyl of Walnuts; and of this Mixture, give from 4 or 6 to 8 or 10 Ounces at a time as a Clyster.

B 3

DECAD

DECAD II.

I. For Convulsions, especially in Children.

TAKE *Earth-Worms*, wash them well in White-wine to cleanse them, but so as that they may not die in the Wine: Then upon hollow Tiles, or between them, dry the Worms with a moderate heat, and no further than that they may be conveniently reduc'd to Powder; to one Ounce of which add a pretty number of Grains of *Amber-grise*, both to perfume the Powder (whose scent of it self is rank) and to make the Medicine more efficacious. The Dose is from one Dram to a Dram and half in any convenient Vehicle.

II. For the Piles.

TAKE the Powder of *Earth-worms* prepared as in the former Receipt (but leaving out the *Amber-grise*) and incorporate it exactly with

Vol. I. Mr. Boyle's Receipts. 7

with as much Hens-grease, as will serve to make it up into an Oyntment. Apply this to the part affected, whose Pains it usually much and safely mitigates.

III. To make Lime-water useful in divers Distempers.

TAKE one pound of good Quick-lime, and slack it in a Gallon of warm Water, and let it stand till all that will subside, be settled at the bottom, and (separation being made) the Water swim clear at the top: (At which time it will often happen, that a kind of thin and brittle substance, almost like Ice, will cover the Surface of the Liquor:) As soon as the Water is thus sufficiently impregnated, delay not to pour it off warily, and keep it very well stopp'd for use.

IV. A Lime-water for Obstructions and Consumptions.

TAKE a Gallon of Lime-water made as above, and infuse in it cold Sassafras, Liquorice, and Aniseeds, of each four Ounces, adding thereto half a pound of choice Currant, or the like quantity of slic'd Raisins of the Sun: The Dose of this compound Lime-water, is four or five Ounces, to be taken twice a day.

B 4

V. An

V. *An Amulet against Agues, especially Tertian.*

TAKE a handful of *Groundsel*, fired and cut it small, put it into a square Paper Bag of about four Inches every way, pricking that side that is to be next the skin, full of large holes; and cover it with some Sarcenet or fine Linnen, that nothing may fall out. Let the Patient wear this upon the Pit of his Stomach, renewing it two hours before every Fit.

VI. *For Women in Labour to bring away the Child.*

TAKE about one Dram of choice *Myrrh*, and having reduc'd it to fine Powder, let the Patient take it in a Draught of Rhenish-wine or Sack; or, if you would have the Liquor less active, White-wine Posset-drink, or some other temperate Vehicle.

VII. *For Strengthening the Bowels.*

TAKE Cloves or Chives (not Bulbs) of *Garlick*, and let the Patient from time to time swallow one or two, without chewing.

VIII. *An*

VIII. *An Amulet against the Cramp.*

A Take the Root of *Mechocan*, and having reduc'd it to Powder, fill with this Powder a little square Bag or Sacket of Sarcenet, or some such slight stuff; which Bag is to be about three Inches square, and to be hung by a string about the Patient's Neck, so as that it may reach to the Pit of the Stomach, and immediately touch the Skin.

IX. *For Stencking of Blood, especially in Wounds.*

A Take those round Mushrooms that Botanists call *Crepitus Lupi* (in English Puff-balls) when they are full ripe (which is in Autumn); and breaking them warily, save carefully the Powder that will fly up, and the rest that remains in their Cavities: and strew this Powder all over the Part affected, binding it on; or proceeding further, if need be, according to Art.

X. *For the Tumours and Pains of the Hemorrhoids, not too much inflamed.*

LET the Patient dip his Finger in Balsam of Sulphur, made with Oyl of Turpentine, and with his Finger so besmeared, anoint the Tumors, whether external or internal, once or twice a day.

DECAD III.

I. For the Dysentery and other sharp Fluxes.

TAKE the Stalks, and Leaves of the Herb called in Latin *Coniza Medina* (in English, *Flea-bane*) dry it gently, till it be reducible to Powder, of this Powder give about one Dram at a time, twice or thrice a day, in any convenient Vehicle; or else incorporate it in Conserve of Red Roses.

II. To Sweeten the Blood, and Cure divers Distempers caused by its Acidity.

TAKE Coral, the clearest and reddest you can get; reduce it (by exactly grinding it on a Porphory, or Marble Stone,) to an impalpable Powder. Of this Magistery made without Acids, give the Patient once or twice a day (as need shall require) a large Dose, viz.

Vol. I. Mr. Boyle's Receipts. II.

ordinarily about one Dram at a time, or from two Scruples to five. N. B. Let him long continue the Use of it.

III. To clear the Eyes, even from Films.

A Take Paracelsus's *Zebethum Occidentale* (viz. Human Dung) of a good Colour and Consistence, dry it slowly till it be pulverable: Then reduce it into an impalpable Powder; which is to be blown once, twice, or thrice a day, as occasion shall require, into the Patient's Eyes.

IV. For Convulsions in Children.

Give the Patient from 2, 3, or 4, to 5, 6, or 7 Grains, according to the Child's Age, of the true *Volatile Salt of Amber*, in any proper Vehicle. N. B. 'Tis not near so efficacious in full grown persons.

V. To bring away the After-Birth.

Give about 30 Drops, or any Number between 25 and 35, of good Essential (as Chymists call it) Oyl of Juniper, in a good Draught of any convenient Vehicle.

VL *To strengthen the Stomach, and help the want of Appetite.*

MAKE the *Roots of Gentian* (sound and not superannuated) pulverable, with no more waste of their moisture than is necessary. Reduce these to Powder; of which let the Patient take from 12 or 15 Grains to double that quantity (or more if need be) twice or thrice a day. *N. B.* It may be taken on an empty Stomach, or, if that cannot conveniently be done, at Meal-times. To correct the Bitterness, one may add to it powdered Sugar, or make it up with some fit Conserve, or mix it with a Syrup. It is very good, not only for want of Appetite, but for Obstructions. And I (*R. B.*) have usually given it in Vertiginous Affections of the Brain, and to lessen if not quite take away, the Fits of Agues, and even Quartans. But in this last Case the Dose must be considerably augmented. One may also, if one pleases, instead of the Powder, give the Extract drawn with fair Water, and for those that like that form, made up into Pills with a sufficient quantity of powdered Tumerick, or the like proper Additament; to which I have sometimes added some Grains of *Salt of Wormwood* with good success, in Fluxes that proceeded from Crudities and Indigestion. Where the Winter-season, or the Patient's cold Constitution invite, or the Medicine is to be long kept, I chuse rather to make the Extract with Wine moderately strong, than with Water.

VII. *For*

VII. For Ulcers in the Breast, and elsewhere.

A Take *Millepides* (in English by some called *Wood-lice*, by others *Sows*) and having washed them clean with a little White-wine, and dry'd them with a Linnen Cloth, beat them very well in a Glas or Marble Mortar (for they ought not to be touched with any thing of Metal) and give the first time as much Juice, as you can by strong Expression obtain from five or six of them. This Juice may be given in small Ale or White-wine, in which the next time you may give as much as can be squeez'd out of Eight or Nine *Millepides*; and so you may continue, increasing the number that you employ of them by two or three at a time, till it amount to Twenty five or Thirty; and if need be, to forty or more, for one taking. And note, That if upon the pounding of these Insects, you find the Mass they afford too dry, as it now and then happens; you may dilute it with a little White-wine or Ale, to be well agitated with it, that being penetrated, and so softned, with the Liquor, the Mass may the better part with its Juice.

VIII. For taking-off the Fles of Agues.

Take good common Brimstone (not Flores Sulphuris) and having reduc'd them by passing them through a very fine Sieve, to the sub-

subtleſt Powder you can; give of this Powder one Dram and half, or two Drams, either made up into a *Bolus* with a little good *Honey*, or elſe in any appropriated Vehicle; let it be given at the uſual times, and reiterated once or twice, if need be, eſpecially if the Fits ſhould return.

IX. *For Fluxes, eſpecially accompanied with Gripings.*

A Take of Crude *Lapis Calaminaris* finely powder'd, two Scruples, of *White Chalk* one Scruple, mix them exactly, and give them in a ſpoonful or two of New Milk twice, or if the caſe be urgent, thrice a day.

X. *For the Pains of the Piles.*

B Take of *Myrrh*, *Olibanum*, and common *Frankincenſe*, of each alike quantity, having powder'd them, mix them very well, and let the Patient receive the ſmoke of this Mixture, caſt upon a Chaſſen-diſh with Embers, in a Cloſe-ſtool, for about a quarter of an hour (leſs or more, as he needs it, and is able to bear it.)

DECAD IV.

I. For an Outward Consusion.

A Pply to the part affected, skim'd or purify'd Honey, spread upon Cap-paper, to be kept on with some convenient Plaister, or the like Bandage, and shifted once or twice a day.

II. Another for the same.

B Beat Aloes Succotrina (or else Hepatica) to fine Powder; then pour on it as much Rose-water as you guess may dissolve a great part of it. This done, stir them well for a while, and when the Mixture is settled, pour off the Liquor, and in it dip Linnen Rags, which being applied to the part affected, will soon stick to it; and seldom need be remov'd till the Patient be reliev'd: and then to get them off, the Rags must

must be well wetted with warm Water, which will soften and loosen the adhering *Aloes*.

III. *For a slighter Excoriation.*

B *M*ElT Mutton Suet taken from about the Kidneys, and freed from its superfluous Fibres or Strings, and to about two Ounces of this, add little by little about 16 or 18 Drops (sometimes 8 or 10 may serve) of Oyl (not *Aethereal Spirit*) of Turpentine: spread this Mixture on a Linnen Cloth, and by binding or otherwise, keep it upon the Part affected.

IV. *For an Excoriation, when the true Cutis is affected.*

B *T*Ake Prunella (in English Self-head) and having pounded it very well in a Marble or Glass Mortar (not one of Metal) apply it to the Part affected, renewing it but seldom, and not without need.

V. *To take off the Pain and Inflammation of Ulcers in the Legs and elsewhere.*

B *I*N a Quart of Water, boyl about so much White-bread, as in ordinary Years may be found.

Vol. I. Mr. Boyle's Receipts. 17

found in a half-penny-loaf; then add to it two Ounces of good *Sheep-Suet* cut very small; and when that is boyl'd a little, add to it one Ounce of finely powder'd *Resin*, and a little well sear'd *Brimstone*: Of these make a Cataplasm, which is to be kept constantly on the part affected, and shifted once or twice a day, as need shall require.

VI. For a Cough, especially accompany'd with a Tickling Rheum.

TAKE equal parts of finely powder'd *Olibanum* and *Venice Treacle*, incorporate them exactly, and of this Mass form Pills of what bigness you please. Of these let the Patient take about half a Dram at Bed-time, or, if need be one Scruple (or more) twice a day.

VII. To prevent the Tooth-ach, and keep the Teeth sound.

LET the Patient frequently rub his Teeth moderately with the *Ashes* that remain in *Tobacco-Pipes*, after the rest of the Body hath been consumed in Smoak; sometimes after washing (if need be) his Mouth with fair Water not too cold.

VIII. For

VIII. For a Rupture, especially in a Child or young Person.

A Take of that *Geranium* or *Cranes-bill*, that is commonly call'd *Columbinum*, reduce the Root and Leaves to fine Powder, and of this let the Patient take about half a Spoonful at Night and Morning for three or four Weeks together, washing it down each time with some Spoonfuls of Red Wine.

IX. For the Heart-burning, as they call it.

B Take from 15 or 20, to 30 or 40 Grains of *Crabs-eyes* (known commonly in the Shops by the Name of *Lapides Cancrorum*) reduced to very fine Powder, and either take it alone, or in any convenient Conserve of Syrup. 'Tis for the most part best to take this Medicine when the Stomach is empty.

X. For a Strain.

B Take the strongest *Vinegar* you can get, and boill in it a convenient quantity of Wheat-Bran, till you have brought it to the consistence of a Poultice. Apply this as early as may be to the part affected, and renew it when it begins to grow dry.

DECAD V.

I. For a Recent Strain.

Take *Wormwood* and pound it very well in a Mortar of Stone or Glass; then put to it as much of the *Whites of Eggs*, beaten to Water, as may serve to make it up into such a Consistence as may be applied like a Poultice to the part affected.

II. A Strengthening Plaister after a Strain, or when there is any Weakness in the Joint.

Melt down together, and incorporate very well, two parts of *Diapalma*, and one part of *Emplastrum ad Herniam*; spread this Mixture (but not very thick) upon Leather, and lay it to the Joint to be strengthened.

III. For

III. For Loosenesses.

C BOYL a convenient quantity of *Cork* in Spring-water, till the Liquor taste strong thereof; Of this *Decoction* let the Patient drink a moderate Draught from time to time, till he finds himself sufficiently reliev'd by it.

IV. For Obstructions, and divers Diseases proceeding thence.

L E T the Patient drink, every Morning fasting, a moderate Draught of his own Urine newly made, and (if it can conveniently be) whilst 'tis yet warm, forbearing Food for an hour or two after it.

V. For difficulty of Hearing from a cold Cause.

B O U T of a Bulbe or Root of *Garlick*, chuse a Chive of a convenient bigness; then having passed a fine piece of Thread or Silk through one end of it, that thereby it may be pull'd out at pleasure, crush it a little between your Fingers, and having anointed it all over with *Oyl of Bitter* (or in want of that, *Sweet*) *Almonds*, put it into the Cavity of the Patient's Ear at Bed-time, and draw it out the next Morning, stopping the Ear afterwards with Black.

Black Wool; but if need require, this Operation is to be reiterated with fresh Garlick for some days successively.

VI. For Ruptures in the Belly, especially in Children.

HAVING well cleans'd the Roots of *Sigillum Salmonis*, scrape one Ounce of them into a Quart of Broth, and let the Patient take a Mess, or a Porringer full of it for his Break-fast; or else give half a Dram or two Scruples of the Powder of it at a time, in any convenient Vehicle.

VII. To give Check to Fits of the Gout, and in some measure to prevent them.

TAKE three Ounces of *Sarsaparilla* slic'd and cut thin; to these add an equal weight of *Raisins of the Sun*, rubb'd very clean, but not broken; Put both these Ingredients into three Quarts of Spring-water, and let the Vessel stand in a moderate heat, that the Liquor may simmer for many hours, yet without bursting most part of the *Raisins*; keep this Decoction well stopp'd, and let the Patient use it for his only Drink, till he need it no longer.

VIII. A Water for Ulcers and Sores.

TAKE a Solution of *Venetian Sublimate*, and having made with very good *Quick-lime* as strong a Lime-water as you can, (so that, if it be possible, it may bear an Egg,) drop this upon the dissolv'd *Sublimate*, till it will precipitate no more reddish stuff at all; (which will not so soon be done as one that hath not try'd will imagine:) As soon as you perceive that the Liquors act no longer visibly upon one another, pour the Mixture into a Filter of Cap-Paper, which retaining the Orange-colour'd Precipitate, will transmit an indifferently clear Liquor: Which is to be in a Glass Viol kept stopp'd for its proper Use; namely, that the Part affected may be therewith wash'd from time to time, and, if need be, kept covered with double Linen Cloths wetted in the same Liquor.

IX. A Plaister to Discuss Tumours, or Ripen them if it cannot Discuss them.

TAKE of *Yellow-Wax*, *Frankincense*, and *Rosin*, of each four Ounces, or a sufficient quantity, melt them together gently, and being strain'd, make up the Mass into a Roll for Use.

X. For

X. For the black Jaundice it self.

TAKE a Spoonful of *Honey*, boil it gently, and scum it, till it come to a good Consistence: then add of *Wheat-flower* and *Saffron* (reduced to a Powder) as much of each as you may take upon the point of a Knife; and having mix'd all well, put it over the Coals again, until it lose its smell: Afterwards you may put it into a little Stone or Earthen Pot, and keep it for Use; which is, that the Patient take the quantity of a Pea and anoint the Navil, and fill the Cavity thereof with it; repeating the Application for some days together, when the Stomach is empty, and abstaining from Meat and Drink about two Hours after the Medicine is used.

DECAD

DECAD VI.

I. *A parable Medicine for the Stone.*

TAKE of the Seed of *Flixwood*, and give of it about as much as will lie upon a Shilling, either whole or grossly bruised, in any convenient Vehicle.

II. *For Fits of the Mother.*

DISSOLVE store of *Sea-Salt* in the best *Wine-Vinegar*, and in this dip a soft Linnen Cloth, which being folded so as to make 3 or 4 Doubles, isto be applied somewhat warm to the Soles of the Patients's Feet, and kept on till the Fit be over.

H. A.

III. *A choise Plaster to strengthen the Joints after the Gout, and hasten the going off of the Pain.*

TAKE of *Paracelsus* and *Diapalma ana*, melt them and incorporate them exactly together, and spread the Mixture very thin upon fine Leather, to be us'd as a Plaster to the part affected.

IV. *A very good Drink in continual Fevers.*

MAKE a Decoction of the Leaves of *Rue* in fair Water, till the Liquor taste pretty strong of the Plant: This, being strain'd, is to be made somewhat palatable with *Liquorice*, or a little Sugar, or *Aromatick* Body: To half a Pint of this add about 10 Drops of *Spirit* (not *Oyl*) of *Vitriol*: Let the Patient use this for his ordinary Drink.

V. *A good Drink to be frequently used in Fevers, especially continual Ones.*

GIVE, in half a Pint of some small convenient Drink, half an Ounce of *Harts-horn*, burnt to great whiteness; which is to be

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26 Mr. Boyle's Receipts. Vol. I.

a little boyled in the Liquor; and this, thus alter'd, is to be given from time to time.

VI. *An easie Medicine for a fresh Strain.*

BMAKE up the Clay, with which the Bungs of Barrells are wont to be stopp'd, with as much Vinegar as will bring it to the Consistence of an indifferently stiff Cataplasme: Then warm it a little, and apply it to the part affected.

VII. *A Remedy much used for Chilblains.*

TAKE a Turnep, roast it well under the Embers, and beat it to a Poultice; then apply it very hot to the part affected; and keep it on (if need be) for 3 or 4 days, in that time shifting it twice or thrice, if occasion require.

VIII. *A Simple Antimonial Remedy, that has often done much Good even in the Leprosie, and all continual Fevers.*

TAKE Crude Antimony, well chosen and powdered; of this give about one, two or three Scruples Morning and Evening, according

Vol. I. *Mr. Boyle's Receipts.* 27

ding to the Age of the Patient, in a little Syrup of Clove Gilly Flowers, or any such Vehicle, or else mix'd with fine Sugar, enough to make it somewhat palatable. This may be continued for 4 or 5 Months, if need require; and if the first Dose prove beneficial to the Patient, in Cases not urgent, a Scruple or half a Dram may serve the Turn, nor need the Exhibition be continued for so long a time.

IX. *For the Cholick, and divers other Distempers.*

TAKE four or five Balls of fresh *Stone-horse Dung*, and let them steep for about a quarter of an Hour (or less) in a Pint of White-wine, in a Vessel well stopp'd, that the Liquor may be richly impregnated with the more volatile and subtil parts of the *Dung*; strain this and give of it from a quarter to a half a pint, or some Ounces more at a time; the Patient having a care not to take Cold after it.

X. *An often experimented Antimonial Infusion.*

TAKE one Ounce of powder'd *Antimony* tied up in a little Bag of clean Linnen, and hang it in a Gallon of *Beer* or *Ale* that is brought from the Brew house, and is yet scarce fit to be drawn out, much less to be drank.

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Of

28 Mr. Boyle's Receipts. Vol. 1.

Of this Liquor, when 'tis ripe, let the Patient make use for his ordinary Drink; only having a Care, that if by Age or Accident it be perceived to grow sour, that vessel then be left off, for fear, lest the acidity of the Liquor, corroding the *Antimony*, might make it vomitive.

DECAD

DECAD VII.

I. *An easie Medicine to cleanse the Womb, especially after Child-bearing.*

TAKE a large white Onyon, of about four Ounces in weight, if you can get so big a one, and boyl it in about a Pint of Water, with any thing fit to make a very thin Broth, till a third part, or more, of the Liquor be consumed: Of this Broth, which may be made a little palatable with Nutmeg, &c. the Patient is to take six or eight Ounces twice or thrice a day.

II. *An Experienced Wash that quickly Cures the Isch.*

TAKE strong Quick-lime one Pound, and put to a Gallon of Spring-water, let them lie together for some hours, and then warily pour off the clearer, filter the rest, and take two Ounces of Quick-silver, ty'd up in a
C₃ Linnen

Linnen Bag, and hang it in the Liquor, and boyl it for half an hour or more; then pour off the clear Liquor once more, and wash the Hands only with it twice, or at most thrice, a day.

III. *A remedy often us'd, with success in Fluxes, and even Dysenteries.*

TAKE fresh Roots of *Bistort*, cut them into thin Slices, and moisten them well with fair *Water and Wine*, to make them more soft and succulent; then press out the Juice as strongly as you can. And of this give about three or four Spoonfuls mingled with half a Dozen Spoonfuls, or somewhat more, of *Red Wine*, or some other convenient Liquor.

IV. *A good Medicine for a sore Throat.*

TAKE the white of a *New-laid Egg*, and by beating it, reduce it into *Water*; and with this *Water* mix diligently so much *Conserve of Red Roses* as will reduce it to a soft Mass; whereof the Patient is to let a little Bit at a time melt leisurely in his Mouth.

V. A choice Medicine for a soar Throat.

A Take a piece of greasie Linnen Cloth, of such a bigness, as that being doubled, it may make a Bag in form of a Stay, to reach from one side of the Throat to the other, and contain as much Matter, as may make it of the thickness of an Inch or more: This Bag being fill'd with common Salt, is to be heated thoroughly, and apply'd to the part affected as warm as the Patient can conveniently endure; and within two hours after, or when it begins to grow too cold; another like it and well heated, is to be substituted in its room; and whilst this is cooling, the other may be heated and made ready for use: So that the part affected may be always kept in a considerable degree of warmth, for about 48 hours, if the Remedy be so long needed.

VI. An often Experienc'd Medicine for the Cholicke, especially produced by sharp Humours.

A Take a Quart of Claret, and put into the Vessel about two Ounces of Nettle-seeds, stop the Bottle, and keep it in boiling Water, till the Water has made three or four warts, to assist the Wines Impregnation with the finer part of the Seeds: Of this Liquor let the Patient take a small Draught once or twice a day.

VII. To appease the Pain of the Hemorrhoids,
whether Internal or External.

TAKE two parts of *Flowers of Sulphur*, and one part of *Sugar* very finely powder'd, mix them exactly together, and make them up with a sufficient quantity of a *Mucilage* or *Gum Tragacanth* into *Lozenges*, of about a *Dram* apiece: Of which you may give one at a time, thrice in a day, or if need be, 4. or 5. times.

VIII. To make an Excellent Drink for the
Scurvy.

TAKE two handfals of *Water Trefoil*, and let it work in about 8 Gallons of *Wort*, instead of *Hops*, or of *Small Ale* or *Wort*, made for it; And let the Patient use it for all, or for a great part of his ordinary Drink.

IX. To make an easie Diuretick.

PEEL off the *Inner Skin* of an *Egg-shell*, then beat the *Shell* to a very fine *Powder*: Give about a *Scruple* of it at a time in any convenient *Vehicle*.

X. *A Powerful Application to prevent and check
the Appoplexy.*

A Make an Issue at the Meeting of the *Sutures*, and keep it open for a good while: but if the Case will not admit delay, clap on a good *Cupping-Glass*, without *Scarification*, or with it, as need shall require, upon the same Concourse of the *Sutures*.

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DECAD

DECAD VIII.

I. *A Choice Medicine for a sore Throat.*

TAKE *Housleek*, and having lightly beaten it in a Glass or Stone Mortar, press out the Juice hard between two Plates; to this Juice put almost an equal Quantity of *Virgin-Honey*, mix them well, and add to the mixture a little *Burnt Allum*, as much as is requisite to give it a discernable *Alluminous Taste*: Let the Patient take this from time to time, with a *Liquorish Stick*, or some such Thing.

II. *An approved Medicine for a Cancer not broken.*

TAKE *dulcify'd Colcothar*, and with *Cream*, or *Whites of Eggs*, beaten to a Water, bring it to the Consistence of a *Cataplasme*; which ought to be made large, and spread about the thickness of half a Crown, and applied warm to the part affected, shifting it at least once a day.

III. To

III. To make a very good Syrup for thin Rhumes.

A Take Syrup of Fuzubes, Syrup of dried Roses, and Syrup of Corn Poppy-Flowers, of each a like quantity, mix and use them as the necessity of the Sick requires.

IV. For the Dysentery and Pleurisie.

B Rate to fine powder the dry'd Pizzle of a Stag, and give of it as much as will lie upon a Shilling or thereabouts, once or twice a day, in any convenient Vehicle.

V. To Strengthen the Gums, and make the Teeth grow fine.

B Take Carechu, Terra Japonica, or Japonian Earth, and dissolve as much as you can of it in Paint of Claret, or Red Wine; then decant the Liquor warily from the subsiding Fœces, and let the Patient now and then wash his Mouth with it, especially at Bed-time.

VI. For a Hoarsness upon a Cold.

B Take three Ounces of Hyssop Water, sweeten it with Sugar-Candy; then beat well into it the Yolk of one Egg, and drink it at a Draught.

VII. A

VII. *A Choice Medicine for the Jaundice in Children.*

A Take half an Ounce of choice Rhubarb made into Powder: incorporate with it exactly by long beating, two Handfuls of well chosen and cleans'd Currans. Of this Electuary let the Patient take every Morning about the quantity of a Nutmeg, for several days together.

VIII. *A Rare Medicine to take away Gouty, and other Arthritick Pains.*

A Take highly rectify'd Spirit of Man's Urine: and anoint the part with it, the Cold being just taken off, once or twice the first day, and no longer, unless the Pain continue.

IX. *For a Prolapsus Uteri.*

A Pply to the Patient's Navel a pretty large Cupping-Glass; but let it not stay on too long, not above a quarter of an hour, for fear of injuring the part it covers, especially the Navel-string.

X. To

X. To allay heat in the Eyes, proceeding from
sharp Humours.

BEat the White of an Egg into a Water,
in which dissolve a pretty quantity of
Refined Leaf-Sugar, and then drop some of it
into the Patient's Eye.

DECAD

DECAD IX.

I. *An Experienc'd Medicine for strengthening a Weak Sight.*

TAKE of Eye-Bright, sweet Fennel-Seeds, and fine Sugar, all reduc'd to Powder, of each an Ounce, Nutmeg also pulveriz'd, one Dram (at most;) mix these very well together, and take of the Composition from a Dram to two or more, from time to time.

II. *An often try'd Medicine for Tertian Agues.*

TAKE Crude Allum and Nutmeg finely scraped, of each about half a Dram, mix the Powders well together, and with about six Grains of Saffron: Give this in two or three Spoonfuls of *White-wine Vinegar* at the usual time.

III. *For*

III. For Stuffings of the Lungs, and the Chir-
Cough.

MAKE Syrup of Penny-Royal, or of Ground
Ivy, moderately Tart with Oil of Vitriol;
and of this let the Patient take very leisurely a-
bout a quarter of a Spoonful from time to
time.

IV. For the Falling-Sickness in Children.

TAKE half a Dram of choice Amber, fine-
ly powder'd, and give it for six or se-
ven Weeks together, once a day, when the Sto-
mach is empty, in about four Ounces of good
White-wine.

V. An approv'd Medicine to drive the Stone, and
cure Suppression of Urin, proceeding from it.

TAKE the Roots of Wild Garlick (by
some Country People call'd Crow Gar-
lick) wipe them very clean, stamp them very
well in a Mortar of Stone or Glass, and strain
out the Juice; with which make a moderate
Draught of good White-wine considerably strong,
and let the Patient take it once or twice a
day.

VI. *An Experienc'd Medicine for soar Throats.*

TAKE of Scabious Water six Ounces, of Wine Vinegar a small Spoonful, of Mustard-Seed beaten, and of Honey, of each a Spoonful; stir and shake them very well together; and then filter the Mixture and keep it for Use.

VII. *An often experienced External Remedy in Apoplectick Fits.*

FIX a Cupping-Glass (without Scarification) to the Nape of the Neck, and another to each of the Shoulders, and let them stick on a competent time.

VIII. *An easie but approv'd Medicine for the Chelick.*

TAKE about half a Dram of Mastich, and mix it with the Yolk of a new-laid Egg, and give it the Patient once or twice a day.

IX. To

IX. To appease the Heat of Fevers by an External Remedy.

C Apply to the Soles of the Feet a Mixture or thin Cataplasme made of the Leaves of Tobacco, fit to be cut to fill a Pipe with, beaten up with as much of the freshest Currans you can get, as will bring the Tobacco to the Consistence of a Poultice.

X. The Medicine that is in such Request in Italy against the Worms in Children.

I Infuse one Dram of clean Quick-Silver all Night, in about two Ounces of the Water of Goats Rue, Distill'd the common way in a cold Still: And afterwards strain and filter it, to sever it from all Dregs that may happen in the making it. This quantity is given for one Dose.

DECAD

DECAD X.

I. *A Choice Medicine for a Whistloe.*

A Take Shell Snails, and beat the pulpy part of them very well, with a convenient quantity of fine chopt Parsly, which is to be applied warm to the affected part, and shifted two or three times a day.

II. *A Simple but Useful Lime-Water, good for the Kings-Evil, and divers other Causes.*

B Take half a Pound of good Quick-lime, and put it into one Gallon of Spring-Water, and infuse it for Twenty four Hours; then decant the Liquor, and let the Patient drink a good Draught of it two or three times a day, or he may use it for his ordinary Drink; this Infusion may be coloured with Saffron or Red Sanders; and if need be, to make it stronger, add more Lime, and warm the Water and keep it well stoppt.

III. *An*

III. *An Excellent Medicine for a fresh Strain.*

A Take four Ounces of *Bean Flower*, two Ounces of *Wine Vinegar*; of these make a *Cataplasm* to be applied a little warm to the part affected; but if this should prove something too sharp (as in some Cases it may) then take two Drams of *Litharge*, and boil it a little in the *Vinegar*, before you put it to the *Bean Flower*.

IV. *For the Pyles.*

A Take Balsome of *Sulphur* made with *Oyl* of *Turpentine*, Ointment of *Tobacco*, equal Parts, incorporate them well, and anoint the grieved place therewith.

V. *For a Burn.*

B Mingle *Lime-Water* with *Linseed-Oyl*, by beating them together with a Spoon, and with a Feather dress the Burn several times a day.

VI. *For a fresh Strain.*

A Boil *Brian* in *Wine-Vinegar*, to the consistency of a *Poultis*, apply it warm, and renew the *Poultis* once in twelve hours, for two or threetimes.

VII. *An*

VII. *An Experiment'd Medicine for the Cholick.*

A Take good Nitre one Ounce, and rub it well in a clean Mortar of Glass or Stone, then grind with it half a Scruple or more of fine *Saffron*, and of this Mixture, give about half a Dram for a Dose, in three or four Ounces of Cold Spring-water.

VIII. *To make an Issue raw, that begins to heal up.*

B Take of *Lapis Infernalis* one Ounce, of Crown Soap an Ounce and half, Chalk finely powdered six Drams, mix them all together carefully, and keep them close stoppt, except when you mean to use them.

IX. *For a Sore Throat.*

A Make a Plaister of *Paracelsus*, three or four Fingers broad, and length enough to reach almost from one Ear to the other, and apply it to the part affected, so that it may touch the Throat as much as may be.

X. *For*

X. For heat about the Orifice of the Stomach.

B Make a Syrup with the Juice of House-Leek and Sugar, and give about one Spoonful of it from time to time.

A Stomachical Tincture.

A Take Agrimony, two Drams, small Centory
Tops one Dram, Coriander Seeds bruised
one Scruple, Sassafras Shavings and Bark, one
Dram, Gentian-Root half a Dram, Zedoary-Root
ten Grains; pour upon these three quarters of a
Pint of boiling Spring-water, cover it, and let it
steep twelve hours, then strain it, and put it in
a Bottle; then drop a drop of Oyl of Cinnamon,
upon a lump of Sugar, and put it into the Li-
quor. The Dose is three Spoonfuls twice a day
an hour or two before Meals.

The End of the First Volume.

COLLECTION

Medicinal Experiments :

OR, A
COLLECTION

OF

Choice and Safe Remedies,
Very Useful in all Families.

Medical Experiments:
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Choice and Safe Remedies,
Very Useful in all Families

COLLECTION

O F

Choice Remedies.

The Second Volume.

A.

1. A Powerful Remedy in Apoplectick Fits.

TAke the Herb Mastick, and distil by an Alembick with a Coper Body an Essential Oyl, of which with such a Pipe or Quill that one end may be opened and stopt at pleasure. (the other still remaining open) blow up some drops, first into one of the Patient's Nostrils, and a while after into the other.

D.

2. *A good Plaister for Aches, especially Scorb-
butical.*

Spread thinly upon Slink or very fine Kids-
Leather the *Emplastrum de Mucilaginis*,
and let it lie upon the aching Part as long as
there is need.

3. *For an Old Ach or Strain.*

Take of *Lucatella's Balsam* one Ounce, of
Oyl of *Turpentine* one Dram, incorporate
them very well with a gentle heat, and anoint
the Part affected therewith, wearing on it a
piece of unwash'd Flannen besmear'd with the
same Oyntment.

4. *For Scorbutick Aches, especially about the
Share-bone.*

Take two parts of *Palm-Oyl*, and one of Oyl
of *Camomile* (to which if you please you
may add a little Oyntment of *Elder*) mix these
exactly, and anoint the part affected.

5. *A Powerful Remedy for Scorbutick Aches.*

Take to one Ounce of Oyl of *Turpentine*, one
Dram or two of the *Volatile Salt of Harts-
Horn*,

Vol. II. *Mr. Boyle's Receipts.* 31

Horn, or as much as being well ground with it in a Mortar of Glass or Marble, will bring it to the consistence of a kind of Oyntment, with which the cold being taken off, the part affected is to be lightly anointed.

6. *A very easie Medicine for light Scorbutick
Aches or Pains.*

A Noint the pained part from time to time with Fasting-spittle; and if you will have the Medicine a little stronger, the Patient may put *Roch Allom* to the bigness of a small Pea into his Mouth, before he employs his Spittle.

7. *For Aches and pricking Pains in the Sides and
elsewhere.*

W Ith a sufficient quantity of clean *Sulphur* finely powder'd, mix diligently as much *Venice-Treacle* as will bring it to a consistence for Pills. Of this Mixture you may give the quantity of a Pistol-bullet twice, or at most; thrice a day, drinking any convenient Liquor after it.

8. *An Experienc'd Medicine for an Anasarca, or General Dropsie of the whole Body.*

FRY freshly-gather'd *Rue* with Oyl of *Wal-nuts*, till it become fit to be appl'd hot as a Cataplasim or Poultis to the Navel; and keep it on that part for some hours, renewing it once or twice a day, if need require.

9. *An External Medicine often successfully try'd for Agues.*

TAKE 5, 7, or 9 (for 'tis pretended it must be an odd number) of the Roots of *Ribwort*, and having made them clean, put them into a little Bag of *Sarsenet* or fine *Linnen*, and let the Patient wear it upon the nape of his Neck, renewing it within 2, 3, or 4 days if need require.

10. *A try'd Remedy for Agues.*

TAKE of the Bark of *Sassafras-Root*, and of *Virginian Snake-weed*, both in Powder, of each 10 Grains, and with half a Dram, or two Scruples of *Mithridate* or *Venice-Treacle*, or as much as will give it a due consistence, make a *Boley* to be taken at the usual hours.

11. *A Choice Medicine for Aguish Distempers.*

TAKE of Salt Wormwood 15 Grains, Crabs-eyes, or Powder of Crabs Claws simple 8 or 10 Grains; mix these well, and give them in two or three Spoonfuls of some Cordial Water.

12. *An Excellent Wrist-Plaister for Agues.*

TAKE Wax, and spread it to about the thickness of a Crown Piece of Silver, and of a convenient breadth and length to make an entire Wrist-Plaister; upon this spread and display as well as you can the Leaves of the tops of Rue, not yet fully open'd by time, so that they may cover the whole Plaister as well as you can make them do it. Then apply this Emplaister, and let it lie on for several days consecutively.

13. *An often try'd Medicine for Agues.*

TAKE Ribwort, gather the Leaves as near the Root as you can in a dry Morning, wipe them clean but do not wash them; then dry them carefully, till you may reduce them to Powder. Of this Powder give from one Dram to two at most, mix with one Dram of Conserve of Roses, or the Crumbs of White-bread, or the

54 Mr. Boyle's Receipts. Vol. II.

Yolk of an Egg or two. N. B. You may before you dry the Leaves, distil a Water out of some of them, and make an Extract out of others with Spirit of Wine, or which is better, with Spirit of Dew. They are both good for the same Disease that the Powder is. The Dose of the Water is one Ounce, or an Ounce and half at the usual times. And that of the Extract about one Dram in some Ounces of White-wine.

14. An Excellent Medicine for Agues, especially Tertians.

Give as much of well-condition'd *Virginian Snake Root* reduc'd to fine Powder, as will lie upon a Shilling, in a Cup of Sherry just before the beginning of the cold Fit, repeating it once or twice if it need to be used oftner.

15. For a Tertian Ague.

Take of the Root of *Angelica* grated, or otherwise made into Powder, and give of it from half a Dram to a Dram, in any convenient Vehicle at the usual times (viz. about two hours before the cold Fit.)

16. A

16. *A Medicine with which a Quartan was cur'd,
that could not be cured with the Jesuits Bark.*

TAKE one Dram of the black tips of Crabs-
Claws, and having reduc'd them to ex-
ceeding fine Powder, let the Patient take it in
any Convenient Vehicle or Conserve, twice or
thrice, as he would take the Cortex, without in-
termitting any day.

17. *An easie Remedy, which long continued does
much destroy Acidities, or Heart-burnings in
the Stomach.*

TAKE half a Dram at least of finely powder-
ed red Coral, and give it from time to
time in any convenient Vehicle, till the Patient
be reliev'd.

18. *A very oftentry'd Remedy for the Asthma.*

TAKE Soap-boilers Lees (made with Pot-Ashes
and Quick Lime) one part, Spirit of Wine
rectified two parts; set them in Digestion (to
unite them well) and then add some drops (at
discretion) of Chymical Oyl of Carraways,
and if you please of Aniseeds too. The Dose
in younger Persons is about 10 drops, in elder
ones, from half a Dram to one Dram in some
convenient Vehicle.

19. *An Excellent Medicine for a dry or Convulsive Asthma.*

TAKE choice Saffron, reduce it (by rubbing it in a Stone or Glass Mortar) to a kind of Powder, and with any convenient Mixture, give 8 or 10 Grains of it in the form of Pills at Bed-time.

20. *An Experienced Remedy for Difficulty of Breathing.*

TAKE of choice Castoreum dry'd enough to be powdered, 2, or 3, or at most 4 Grains, mix this with 10 or 11 Grains of Gascoins Powder reduc'd to very fine Powder; mix up these with some little Syrup or Conserve, and when the Patient has taken it, let him wash it down with the Mixture, consisting of five Drams of Pennyroyal-water, and half a Dram, or at most two Drams of Briony-water Compound.

21. *An Approved Medicine for Inveterate Scorbutick Cholicks, and Pains of the Bowels.*

TAKE English Barley, and having well wash'd it, boil it in a sufficient quantity of fresh Spring-water till it be just ready to burst: Then pour off the clear upon the yellow part of the Rinds of Lemons, freshly cut off from the white part,

part, and put them into a Bottle, which being carefully stoppt, the Liquor is to be kept so for Use, which is that the Patient make it his constant Drink.

22. To reduce flabby Breasts to a good shape and consistence.

Take green Hemlock well bruis'd, and reduced to a kind of Cataplasim or Poultis, which is to be apply'd (the Cold being first taken off) to the Parts tis to work upon, and to be kept on till it hath performed what was intended, shifting it once a day.

23. An easie but useful Remedy for a fresh Bruise or Contusion.

Take fresh Butter and Parsley, of each a sufficient quantity, and having chopt the Herb, mix it very well with the Butter, to the consistence of a Cataplasim, (which is to be apply'd warm) to the newly bruised Part.

24. For Coagulated Blood, or a Bruise.

Take black soft Soap, and with a sufficient quantity of soft Crumbs of White-bread very well mixt with it, make a Paste, which is to be laid on the Part with a Linnen Rag, and kept

D-5.

kept bound upon it for some hours, that it may have time to resolve the congeal'd Blood, and bring the contused Part from a livid to a red colour, which will much hasten and facilitate the restoring it to its former state.

25. *To stench Blood falling from the Nose, by a Simple held in ones hand.*

LET the Patient hold Knot-grass and Solomon's Seal in his hand till it grow warm there, or longer if need be.

26. *An Excellent Remedy to stench Blood in any part of the Body.*

TAKE Plantane-water two Ounces, Barley-Cinnamon-water, six Drams, Spirit of Vinegar one Ounce, Dragons-blood half a Dram, Syrup of Myrtles five Drams; mix and make a Julep, of which let the Patient take three Spoonfuls every hour.

27. *The Symplick Water for stopping of Blood in any part of the Body.*

TAKE one Pound of excellent Quick-Lime, and put it into a clear Earthen Pot, pour upon it five or six Pounds of Fountain-Water, cover

cover the Pot close, and let it lie to infuse about an hour without touching it, then after stir it with a stick for a little time; then let it lie as before for 24 hours, sometimes stirring it, in the end you shall let it settle to a Sediment, the Water being very clear above, pour it off by inclination without stirring: Take of this Water one Pound, which being put into a Vial, you shall add to it a Dram and half of Sublimate finely powdered, then shake very well all together, so that the Powder may dissolve, and be of an Orange colour, or more reddish than yellow, and in the end clear and limpid, because the red Powder will præcipitate to the bottom. Your Water being clarified, you must separate the Water from the Grounds into another Vessel, without troubling the Sediments: and to the Water you shall add one Dram of Oyl of Vitriol, and an Ounce of *Saccharum Saturni*. Shake all together, that they may mix the better, afterwards let all settle, and pour off the clear Water, and keep it for your use.

28. *A Choice Medicine to resolve extravasated Blood.*

GRate or Rasp the Root of Burdock, and spreading the Powder upon a Linnen Cloath, bind it quire round the part affected, renewing it twice a day.

29. *To make an Excellent Styttick for stenching of Blood.*

TAKE Hungarian Vitriol, Allom, of each half a Pound, Phlegm of Vitriol ten Pounds: Boyl to a Dissolution of the Vitriol and Allom; being cold, filter it through brown Paper, and if any Crystals shoot, sepearate the Liquor from them, adding to each Pound, one Ounce of Oyl of Vitriol. Dip Cloths into this Liquor, and apply them to the part affected.

30. *An often try'd Stiprick to stench Blood; especially in Wounds.*

TAKE Colcothar as it comes out of the Retort, and having powdered it, roll Tents of Lint in it, and apply them to the Orifices of the greater Vessels; and employ other usual means to emprefs the Vessel upon the Tent; and to fill the Cavity of the Wound, partly with Colcothar too.

31. *A very often Experienc'd Remedy for Burns.*

TAKE two parts of Oyl of Walnuts, and one of Honey, mix them well together over a gentle Fire, and when they are thorowly incorporated, dip a Feather in the Mixture, and anoint therewith the Part affected, so as the Oyntment may

may touch it immediately, and then strew on it some Powder of *Ceterach*, or Spleen-wort, and keep the part quiet, and defend it from the Air.

32. *An easie Medicine, and common enough, but useful against Burns.*

TAKE Onions and beat them into a soft Mass, and apply them as speedily as you can to the Part affected, and keep them on it, till they begin to grow dryish, and then if need be, shift them and apply fresh ones.

33. *For a Recent Burn.*

TAKE Onions a sufficient quantity, and beat them very well with common Salt finely powdered into a Mash, that may be applied as a Cataplasim (the Cold being first taken off) to the part affected: and renewing it, if need be, till the impression of the Fire be taken out.

34. *An Excellent Oynment for Burns and Scaldings.*

TAKE of the Inner Rind of Elder-Tree, and of fresh Sheeps dung, without any adhering straws or foulness, of each one Handful, and

and with fresh Butter or Oyl, make thereof an Oyntment, to be applied as is usual in such Distempers.

35. *An easie and approv'd Remedy for Burns, especially Recent ones.*

TAKE a sufficient quantity of Adders-Tongue, and boil it softly in Linseed-Oyl till the Liquor be strongly impregnated with the Herb, then strain it, and keep it stop'd for use.

36. *An Excellent Oyntment for Burns and Scaldings.*

TAKE of Saccarum Saturni half a Dram, of the sharpest Vinegar four Ounces, make a Solution of the former in the latter, and add to this Solution drop by drop (often stirring or shaking them together) as much Oyl of Elder as will serve to reduce the Mixture into the form of a *Nutritum* or Oyntment.

37. *A slow but innocent way of making Blisters without Cantharides.*

TAKE Crows-foot, and putting to a handful of it about half a spoonful of Mustard; beat them very well together to the consistence of a Poultris,

Poultis, put this to the thickness of ones little Finger into a cover of a Box, cut shallow, and of about the breadth of the Palm of ones Hand (though this cover be less necessary than convenient) and cutting a hole of the wideness of the Box in a Plaister of *Diapalma* or the like, to make it stick, you must apply it to the part, and let it lie on 12 or 14 hours, because it works as well more slowly than *Cantharides*, as more safely and innocently.

38. A good Medicine to raise Blisters.

TAKE *Cantharides* reduced into Powder, and upon half an Ounce of this put two or three Ounces of good Spirit of Wine, let them lie together four or five days, that the Spirit may acquire a good Tincture, then filter it, and dip into it a piece of Linnen Cloath 6, 7, or 8 times double, and of the figure and largeness that you desire. This Cloath being thoroughly wetted and cover'd with a *Melilot* Plaister, or one of *Diachylum*, or some other that will stick, to keep it on, must be applied to the Part. At the end of five or six hours you may take off your Plaister, and the Linnen Cloath, and find your work done.

39. To raise a Blister without Cantharides.

TH E Seed of *Clematis Pergrina* being bound hard upon any part, will in an hour or at most two, have an Operation, like that of another Vesicatory, as far as its contact reaches.

40. An Useful Medicine for Costiveness.

TAKE Virgin Honey a sufficient quantity, and mix exactly with it as much finely powdered *Cremor Tartari* as will suffice to bring it to the consistence of a somewhat soft Electuary, of which the Patient may take upon the point of a Knife the bigness of an Almond (more or less) as upon tryal you shall see cause.

41. For a Cancer in the Breast.

TAKE of the Warts that grow on the hinder Legs of a (Stone) Horse, dry them gently till you can reduce them to a Powder, of which you may give half a Dram for a Dose in any convenient Vehicle.

42. *A Potent Medicine for Contusions, and divers other Affections.*

TAKE *Alcobole* of Wine, and dissolve in it as much pure Camphire as you easily can, and keep it very close stopp'd, till you have occasion to use it. Then moisten thorowly with it some thin peices of Linnen or Flannel, and apply them luke-warm; and likewise you may with a rag dipt in it, apply it to the Eye-lids, having a care that none of it get into the Eye it self, since there it would cause great smart. It may also be very usefully apply'd to Burns, and yet more to Contusions.

43. *A try'd Medicine for Chilblains.*

TAKE pretty thick Parings freshly cut off from Turnips, and hold them to the fire till they be very crisp, then apply them to the unbroken Tumors or Blisters, as hot as the Patient can endure it, and keep them on a competent time, and put on new if need require. They will cause the peccant Matter to transpire, or otherwise waste without breaking the Blisters.

44. *To make a very nourishing Aliment, that hath recover'd divers in Consumptions.*

TAKE 8 or 10 Craw-fishes (or, if they be not of the largest size, a dozen) boil them (after the blackest Gut or String is taken out) in Barley-water, till they become very red, then take them out, and beat them long, Shells and all, in a Marble or Glass Mortar, to a soft Mash, and in a Press strongly squeeze out the Juice; which may be given either alone, or mixt with about an equal part of Chicken-broth, or some such convenient Alimentall Liquor.

45. *A Vulgar but often Approv'd Medicine for a Cold, especially that affect's the Breast.*

TAKE a Sheet, or half a Sheet *pro re nata* of brown Paper, of as even a Texture as you can get, and anoint it over evenly and very well with the eldest Tallow, or Candle-grease you can procure, so that the Paper may be thoroughly penetrated by it. Then cover it thinly with Nutmeg, as you were to rub the Spice upon a Toast, and clap it warm to the Pit of the Stomach, that it may reach a good way, both above it and beneath it.

46. *An Experiment'd Medicine for Coughs.*

BOil good Turnips in Water, and having expressed the Juice, mix with it as much finely powdered Sugar-candy as will bring it into a kind of a Syrup, of which let the Patient swallow a little as slowly as he can from time to time.

47. *A good Medicine for Asthmatick Coughs.*

TAKE two Ounces of Oyl of sweet Almonds freshly drawn, and put them upon one Dram of Flowers of Brimstone, keep them for a fortnight in Digestion in a moderate heat, and then decant off the Oyl, or pass it through a clean Linnen Rag to keep back the Brimstone: Of this Liquor give a spoonful or two at a time.

48. *An easie Medicine, which cur'd not long since a Gentlewoman that had taken much Physick for a Consumptive Cough.*

TAKE 8, 10, or 12 well chosen Raisins of the Sun, and having slit them open, take out the little Kernels, and stuff the Raisins with the tops or small tender Leaves of Rue: and let the Patient take them, either as they are, or in the form

form of a *Bolus*, or the like, pretty early in the Morning, fasting after them two or three hours at least, if he cannot conveniently fast till Noon.

49. *A Potent Medicine (for those that can bear it) to ripen Coughs, and hasten the Expectoration of Phlegm.*

TAKE Onions, cut them into slices, and fry them with fresh Butter, as if you were to eat them, then take them out of the Frying-Pan, and boil them with New Milk, till it be well impregnated with them, and they be made tender: Of this Mixture let the Patient take a moderate quantity from time to time.

50. *An Excellent Remedy for a Cough.*

TAKE of Virgin-Honey two Ounces, of Red Roses warily dry'd and finely powdered half an Ounce, of choice Sulphur very well sifted two Drams, of good Benjamin reduc'd to fine Powder one Dram; beat and mix all these very well, and of this let the Patient take the Mixture from time to time.

51. A Plaister to prevent Corns.

Take yellow Bees-wax 4 Ounces, Verdigrise exactly powdered and sifted one Ounce, the *Caput Mortuum* of the Scull of a Man one Dram. Incorporate them well with boiling them a little, and make thereof a Plaister according to Art.

52. An Effectual Plaister for softning and loosening Corns.

Spread a Plaister of Gum *Ammoniacum* (not too thick) without being dissolv'd in Vinegar, and applying it to the Part affected, let it lie on, till it have sufficiently done the designed work of Emolition.

53. A Powerful (but smart) Remedy for Corns.

Evaporate the strongly exprest Juice of Radishes to the consistence of a soft Plaister, to be applied to the part affected, and shifted as often as it grows dry. N. B. 'Twill sometimes smart for a while at first, but afterwards 'twill do its work.

54. *A good Remedy for Corns of the Feet.*

TAKE the Yeast of Beer (not Ale) and spreading it upon a Linnen Rag, or other Cloth, apply it to the Part affected, renewing it once a day.

55. *An Excellent Remedy that has cur'd many Children of Convulsive Fits.*

TAKE two or three drops of (Chymical) Oyl of Rosemary, and put it into half an Ounce of Sack in an Ounce Bottle, stop the Vial, and let it be well shaken to make a whitish Mixture of the Liquors just before you give it. Or else in a half-pint Bottle or Vial, put four Ounces of Sack, or some appropriated Liquor, and drop into it forty drops of the foremention'd Oyl; and when-ever you are to give the Medicine, shake the Vial well stopt, and presently give of the whitish Mixture a Child's little Spoonful.

56. *A Successful Medicine for Convulsive Fits, and Hysterical Vapours (as they call them) or Fits of the Mother.*

TAKE the Liver of a Hare (if it hath been hunted, it may be the better) and hang it
up

up in a dry place till it be somewhat fryable, having a care that it putrifie not; of this reduced to Powder, let the Patient take two or three Scruples at a time in any convenient Vehicle.

57. *An Excellent Medicine for dry or Convulsive Asthma's, and also for Costiveness.*

Give at Bed-time 8 or ten Grains of choice Saffron, pulverized grossly in a little Syrup or Conserve, as of Violets, &c. to embody it with.

58. *An Excellent Mixture for Fits of the Cholick, and some kinds of Convulsions.*

Take one Ounce of Flowers of Sulphur, and as much Sugar-candy, grind them very well together in a Glass or Stone Mortar, and upon this quantity drop thirty drops of Oyl of Carraway-seeds, as much of Oyl of Orange, and as much of the Oyl of Anniseeds: Incorporate these well, and of the Mixture give about 20 or 30 Grains for a Dose.

39. *An incomparable Medicine for the Cholick.*

TH E yellow Peel of Oranges being reduced to Powder, give from half a Dram to two Scruples of it in any convenient Vehicle.

60. *To make a good Purging Drink for the Cholick.*

TAke two Ounces of Rhubarb, four Ounces of Gentian, and a quart of good Aniseed-water, let the Roots infuse along in it, and give the Patient about two Spoonfuls at a time as often as need requires.

61. *An almost Specifick Remedy for a Fit of the Cholick.*

TAke about half a Dram of expressed Oyl of Nutmegs (usually sold in the Shops for East-Indian Oyl of Mace.) Dissolve this in some Spoonfuls of good Wine, which the Patient is to take as hot as conveniently he can.

62. *An uncommon, but try'd Remedy for Cholicks (without much Matter) and good in Fits of the Mother.*

TAKE good Ginger dry, and instead of powdering it, cut it into as thin slices as you easily can: With these fill a Tobacco Pipe, and take the Smoak as you would that of Tobacco: Do this twice, thrice, or four times a day, but especially at Bed-time, and in the Morning.

63. *An Excellent Medicine for Convulsive Cholicks.*

TAKE of the Volatile Salt of Pigeons-dung two or three Grains, or somewhat more (not exceeding five or six in all) mix these with a Scruple or half a Dram of the same Dung crude, but well and slowly dry'd, and finely powder'd. Give this Mixture for one Dose in some spoonfuls of any convenient Vehicle.

64. *For the Cholick, or Pains in the Sides.*

TAKE two Balls of fresh Horse-dung, and infuse them for 12 hours (if haste require, 3 or 4 may serve the turn) in good White-wine, in a close Vessel; then strain the Liquor, and let the patient take five or six Ounces of it at a time;

E

65. *For*

65. *For the Cholick*

BOyl about one Ounce of the Seeds of the black stinging Nettles, in about a quart or more of good Claret-Wine; then strain the Decoction, and give of it a Wine-glass full at a time, two or three times a day. or as often as need requires.

66. *An excellent Medicine for the Cholick.*

TAke of Doctor Stephens's Water half a Pint, Plague-water half a pint, Juniper-Berry-water half a Pint, Powder of Rhubarb two Ounces; mingle these together, shake the Bottle when you take any of it, and take about four spoonfuls at a time.

67. *For the Cramp.*

TAke the Leave of Rosemary, chop them very small, and sew them so in fine Linnen or Sarsnet, as to make a kind of Garter of them to be tied about the Patient's bare Leg.

68. *To take off the Pain of the Cramp.*

TAke of the Ointment of Populeon two parts, Oyl of Spike one part; mix them, and with

with the Mixture anoint well or chafe the Part affected.

D.

69. A Remedy, by which an Hydropical Merchant was cur'd.

Give about half a Dram or two Scruples for a Dose, of yellow transparent Amber, twice or thrice a day in any convenient Vehicle.

70. An Experienc'd Medicine for a Dysentery, or Bloody-flux.

Give about three Ounces of the Juice of Ground-Ivy, mixt with one Ounce of the Juice of Plantane, once or twice a Day.

71. For to stop a Dysentery or Bloody-flux.

USE the Poulder of *Crepitus Lupi*, or Fussballs, made up with some Conserve of Roses, or other convenient Additament into Pills. Of this Mixture give in *Dysenteria*, as much at a time, as contains from about a Scruple, to about half a Dram of the Poulder.

72. *An easie, but very often try'd Digestive, to be used instead of Basilicum.*

TAKE two Ounces of good *Venice Turpentine*, and incorporate very well with it the Yolks of two fresh Eggs, and then add to it (at discretion) a little Spirit of Wine; with this dress the part Morning and Evening, laying it on thicker, if the part be near some Nerve, or other dryer part, and less thick if it be fleshy or moist.

73. *A good Medicine for Incontinency of Urine, and the beginning a Diabetes.*

CUT off the Necks of well blown Sheeps-Bladders, of the remaining Membranes put up pretty store one over another into a cover'd Pot, where being dry'd gently, and yet sufficiently, in a Baker's Oven, take them out, and pulverise them well. The Dose is as much as will lye upon a large Groat, or small Sixpence.

74. *For a Diarrhoea, Loosness, or Flux of the Belly.*

MIX up 15 Grains, or if the Distemper be but slight, 10 Grains, of powder'd *Rhubarb*, with half a Dram of *Diascordium*, and let
the

the Patient take it either going to Bed, or early in the Morning after his first sleep.

E.

75. *For a Contusion of the Eye.*

TAKE the Crumb of Whitebread, and diligently incorporate with black soft Soap as much of it as will make a somewhat soft Paste; and then with your Thumbs make a little Cake (as it were) of it, and apply to the bruised part, the Eye being first shut, and bind it so that it may lye on for some hours, or a day if need be. But this ought to be used with Caution.

76. *An Excellent Medicine for clammy Humors of the Eyes.*

TAKE New Milk, and let it stand till it hath got a little Cream upon it, then let the Patient when he is in Bed, take up with his Finger a little of the Cream (and not of Milk) and shutting his Eye-lids, besmear his Eyes with it, having a care that very little or none get into his Eyes, because it would make them smart; let this Cream lye on till the next Morning, and in case the Patient chance to wake in the Night, he may, if he finds cause, lay on a little more, and wash all off in the Morning.

E 3.

77. 4

77. *A somewhat sharp but often try'd Medicine to take off the Pearl on the Eye.*

TAke of the Juice of Celandine, and mix with it about an equal part of pure Honey; and of this Mixture employ a drop, or at most two, at a time, letting it fall upon the Part affected Morning and Evening.

78. *An easy Remedy for a Recently Blood-shot Eye.*

TAke a rotten Apple, and as many tops of Wormwood, as being well beaten together with it, will make a Mass of the consistence of a Cataplasim; warm this a little, and put a sufficient quantity of it into a thin and clean Linnen Rag, and let the Patient keep it upon the Part affected all Night, the next Morning wash it off with some red Rose-water, or the like Liquor.

79. *To make a choice Optbalmick Water to preserve the Eyes and Sight:*

TAke of the distill'd Water of Rue, Celandine, and Vervain, of each one Ounce; mix them, and infuse in them two Drams of Crocus Metallorum, exquisitely ground for a Week

Week or Ten days; then very carefully filter the Infusion, that none of the Atoms of powder pass thorow with the Liquor. Of this let fall into the Eye a drop or two, Morning and Evening, having a care not to shake the Glas, when you employ the Liquor, lest some unheeded dust may have escap'd the filter, and be rais'd.

80. *For a slight Ophthalmia; or Blood-shot Eye.*

SHake half a Dram of diligently prepar'd Tutty into an Ounce of red Rose-water, and drop it often into the Eye.

81. *An Experienc'd Eye-water for an Inflammation and Tumour of the Eye.*

TAKE of prepar'd Tutty half an Ounce, the Water of white Roses and of Frogs Spawn, and also of the best Canary Wine (not distill'd) of each two Ounces, of *Aqua Mirabilis* half an Ounce: Mix these well, and drop a very little at a time into the Patient's Eyes.

82. *An odd and often try'd Medicine for an Eresipalas.*

TAKE the Blood of a hunted Hair whil'st 'tis yet warm, and drench thorowly in it clean Linnen Rags, which are to be dry'd in the Wind or free Air, and then kept in a dry place for use: Lay a good piece of Linnen thus stain'd upon the part affected, and either by binding it on, or covering it with some silken or other Cloth, whose edges have some sticking Plaister, keep it from falling off, and renew it from day to day, if there be need. N. B. If it grown too stiff with long keeping, you may soften it with a little sprinkling of fair Water.

83. *An experienc'd Water for sharp and slimy Humors in the Eyes and Eye-lids.*

TAKE of prepar'd Tutty half an Ounce, prepar'd Coral and Pearl of each half a Scruple, *Trochisci-Albi Ras.* five or six Grains, Red Rose-water, and Succory-water, of each an Ounce and half; mix them well, and if you will have the Medicine stronger, you may put three or four Grains of Aloes into it.

84. *A Choice Remedy for an Ophthalmia, or Blood-shot Eyes.*

TAKE of the Juice of Houfleeke two parts, Daisies and Ground-Ivy, of each one part; mix these Juices together, and to about two spoonfuls of the Mixture, put five or six drops of clarify'd Honey: Let the Juices depurate themselves by residence, and then in some small Silver Vessel clarify them, and of this Mixture let fall a drop or two into the Eye three or four times a Day. N. B. But if the Inflammation be not so great, but there is more need of Absterfion, use more of the Juice of Ground-Ivy, and less of that of Houfleeke.

85. *For a light Stroke or Contusion of the Eye.*

TAKE two Ounces of Betony-water, and three drops of clarify'd Honey, mix them well together, and drop them into the Eye three or four times a day; the Composition must be made fresh every second and third day.

86. *A Popent but smarting Medicine for things growing on the Eye.*

TAKE white Paper, and let it flame away upon a clean Pewter Platter, till there remain so much Oyl behind as you think you

shall need; blow off the Cinders of the Papers, and with a little of your Spittle mixt by your Finger with the Oyl, make up a kind of Oynment; which being taken up with a Feather, is to be apply'd once or twice a day, as need shall require, (and as the Patient can well bear) to the affected Eye; Which course is to be continu'd till the Cure be compleated.

87. *For Hurts that make the Solution of Continuity in the Eye.*

TAKE two Ounces of Celandine Water, and put to it 2, 3, or 4 drops of good clarify'd Honey, enough to give the Water a faint taste: With this dress the Eye at least twice (if not thrice) a day. But the Mixture must be made fresh once in two or three days, or else it will grow sourish.

88. *An Excellent and very often try'd Eye-Water, especially for outward Affections of the Eye.*

TAKE of Plantane-leaves 4 Ounces, and of Strawberry-leaves as much; Digest these for 24 hours in a Pound of good White-wine: Thendistil them to dryness in a Glass Head and Body in a *Balneo Maria*. The Liquor that is thus obtain'd put into a very clean Brass (not Copper) Vessel, and let it stand there some hours

hours, till it have acquir'd a manifest, but not a very deep blew Tincture, and then put to it (when pour'd on) an equal weight of White Rose-water distill'd after the common way: Shaket these together, and let fall one drop into the Internal corner of the Eye, the Patient stooping backward, and shutting his Eye-lids for a Minute or two, that the Water may disperse on the Eye, and that the quickness of the Liquor, which may make him weep, may the less prejudice him.

89. *To make a Useful Medicine for Pain or Itching in the Eye-lids, or on that account in the Eyes.*

TAKE half a spoonful of French Barley (after the first Water it was put into over the Fire is cast away) and boyl it softly for a little while in a Pint of Spring-water, seasonably putting to it a good Pugil of dry'd Damask Rose-leaves. (NB. Sometimes you may add if you please a few Red Rose-leaves, or Melilot-flowers, or both.) With this Liquor foment the part with a soft Sponge for a pretty while, in the Morning, and at Night, having a care that it be apply'd pretty hot, or at least warm.

90. *To make an Excellent Eye-water for Redness and light Films, &c. upon the Eye.*

MAKE some Lime-Water, by pouring a Gallon of Scalding hot Water upon a Pound, or somewhat more of Quick-lime; stir them together, and after some hours decant warily that which is clear. And to a Pound of this Water put half an Ounce (and no more) of choice Verdigrise pulveriz'd: And in a very moderate heat extract a Tincture of a fine, but somewhat dilute, Saphirine colour, (but it ought not to be too deep.) Decant this very warily, and let a drop or two of it at a time fall into the Eye, as often as need requires.

91. *An Excellent Remedy to stop a violent De-fluxion on the Eye.*

TAKE red Sage and Rue, of each one handful, a spoonful of fine Wheat-flower, and the white of a new-laid Egg beaten to Water, mix these very well, and spread them upon very thin Leather or black Silk, and apply it to the Temples; 'tis to be about the bigness of a Silver Crown at least.

92. *An Excellent Remedy for Red Eyes, made
such by a defluxion of a hot or sharp Humor.*

TAKE of the tops of Rosemary about one
Dram, and beat them up with one or
two Ounces of rotten Paremain or Pippins, or
if those cannot be had, with the like weight
of the soft part of the same Apples that are sound.
And when by exquisite beating, you have re-
duc'd these things to a Cataplasm, apply them,
the cold being first taken off, to the part af-
fected, binding it thereupon, and letting it lye
all Night.

93. *An Eye-water.*

TAKE House Snails, and bear them in their
Shells, and gratifie them with about an
equal quantity of Juice of Celandine; draw off
the Water in a cold or Pewter Still (such as is
us'd for Rose-Water) and keep the Liquor that
will come over close stopt for your use.

94. *The*

94. *The Lady Fitz-harding's Eye-Water, which lately cur'd an almost blind Person, whose Eyes look'd like Glass.*

Lady Fitz-harding's Eye-water.

TAKE three Spoonfuls of White Rose-Water, as much Eye-bright Water, and as much sifted White Sugar-candy as will lye on a Three-pence, and the same quantity of fine Aloes sifted and put to the Water, and shak'd together, and drop a few drops every Night going to Bed.

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95. *A Pericarpium, or Wrist-Plaister, that often-times frees the Patients from flying Clouds in the Eyes, and sometimes lesser specks, specially if Recent.*

TAKE of Rue, Camomile, Hemlock, each half a handful, of Bay-Salt two Spoonfuls, one or two ounces of Leaven; Incorporate these well together, and make thereof *Pericarpia*, to be apply'd, to the Patient's Wrists, and kept on, till growing dry, they become troublesome.

96. *An Excellent Medicine for her Defluxions on the Eyes.*

TAKE of prepar'd Tutty half an Ounce, White Rose-water and Frogs spawn-water carefully drawn in very good Canary Wine, of each two Ounces, of *Aqua Mirabilis* half an Ounce; mix these well together, and let fall two or three drops into the Patient's Eye (especially at Bed-time.)

97. *An easie but useful Eye-water to keep the Eye cool and moderately dry.*

TAKE two Ounces of Succory-water, half a Dram of prepar'd Tutty, shake them well, and keep them together for use.

98. *An often try'd Pericarpium, or Wrist-Plaster for Defluxions and Fumes in the Eyes.*

TAKE Rue, Camomile, Hemlock, Wormwood, of each half a handful, Bay-Salt pulveriz'd about two spoonfuls; four Dough about an Ounce; mix all these together very diligently, moistning them from time to time with Elder-Vinegar, to a consistence fit for *Pericarpia*, one of which is to be apply'd to the Wrist of that side on which the Part affected is, and to be renewed if there be occasion.

99. *For*

99. For a Phlyctena or little Tumor in the Car-
neous Tunicle of the Eyes.

Take the Decoction of Mucilages that is pro-
per for Phlyctea's, and dress the Eye from
time to time to ripen the Tumour: Then open
it with a Lancet, and squeeze out all the Mat-
ter; and lastly, cleanse and heal the Part with
Honey. N. B. But when the Tumor is begin-
ning, or not great, you may, in want of the
Decoction of Mucilages, dress the Eye with the
Mixture, of equal parts of the Water of Meli-
let, Camomile and Betony.

100. A Plaister to strengthen the Eyes, and stop
Defluxions on them.

Take of Frankincense 2 Ounces, Olibanum
and Mastich, each half a Dram; mix
these well, and reduce them into fine Powder,
of which a convenient quantity is to be melted
and spread upon black Ribbon, or some such
thing with a hot Knife or Spatula, and so pre-
sently apply'd to the Temples.

101. *An often Experienc'd Medicine for little Strckes or Contusions of the Eye.*

TAKE Betony-water three Ounces, and five drops of clarify'd Honey, mix them, and drop a little of the Mixture from time to time into the Patient's Eye. N. B. Take Succory-water, Crumbs of White-bread, a little Saffron, and sometimes a little Honey, for sharp Humors in the Eye lids, and burns or small specks (of the Eye) four Grains of *Roman Vitriol* to four Ounces of Water, of either *Rose-water*, *Succory-water*, or *Fennel water*, &c.

102. *A good Electuary to strengthen the Sight.*

TAKE Conserve of Borrage and Betony, of each an Ounce and half, *Venice-Treacle* two Drams, *Species Dionisi*, *Dairrhodon abbatis*, *Diatrion Santalon*, of each half a Dram, *Tartar Vitriolate* a Scruple, *Diacorallion*, a Dram and half, Oyl of Fennel seven drops, Syrup of Violets and Coral, of each a sufficient quantity; mix and make an Electuary.

103. *A*

103. *A Choice Medicine for an Ophthalmia Sicca.*

TAKE of the Leaves of Fennel, Hyſop, Celandine, Betony, and *Carduus* of each half a handful, or a whole handful ; of Linſeeds, Quince-ſeeds, Fenugreek, and Flea-wort, of each half a Dram , of French Barley one Ounce: Boyl all theſe a little in two quarts of fair Water, and half a Pint of White-wine. Let the Patient hold his Head (well fitted with a Napkin for the purpoſe) over the Fumes for about a quarter of an hour.

104. *For a Film, or other ſuch thing growing in the Eye.*

TAKE of Crude Roch-Allom two parts: Turmurick one part, and refin'd Sugar three parts. Pulverize each of theſe ſeperately, then mix them exactly, and warily blow it into the Patient's Eye from time to time, as need ſhall require.

105. *To make an Excellent as well as Famous Eye-Water.*

TAKE Celandine (the whole Plant except the Root) and having ſhred it or chopt it a little, put it into a Retort, and diſtil it in Balneo. When

When all the Liquor is come over, empty the Vessel, and put in it as much as the fresh Plant, and distil the Liquor from it to make it more strong of the Plant. Put this Liquor once more upon new or fresh Celandine, and distil in *Balneo* as before; and keep this well-impregnated Water close stop'd. 'Tis to be outwardly us'd in the Dose of two, three, or four drops at a time.

106. *A Medicine for Hurts in the Eye.*

Take Succory-water and crumbs of White-bread, enough to bring it almost to a consistence; then add a little Saffron to tinge and quicken it, and sometimes also you may put to it a little Honey, to make it more cleansing and healing. Apply it (if need be) with Plagets of Flax to the part affected.

107. *A Remedy that hath cured the Epilepsie.*

Give daily half a Dram at a time of choice and very finely powder'd Amber, in any convenient Vehicle for about six Weeks together.

108. *Elixir*

108. *Elixir Salutis.*

TAKE of the Seeds of Anise, Sweet Fennel, Coriander and Parsley, of each two Ounces; of Liquorish scrap'd, wash'd, and bruis'd, and choice Leaves of Senna, of each likewise two Ounces; of Raisins of the Sun, rub'd clean and bruis'd one Pound; of Elecampane-Roots and *Guaiacum* Wood, of each one Ounce. Mix these ingredients, and pour on them two quarts of *Aqua Vite*, or *English Spirits* (for Brandy is too hot a Liquor.) Let these infuse together 48 hours. Then put them all into a hair Bag, and press them strongly in an Apothecary's Press, and if there be need, pass what is strain'd, through an Hippocras-bag after the Liquor is settled. Keep this in Bottles well stop'd in a cool place, and give of it two or three Spoonfuls at a time, in the Morning fasting, and if need require, at Bed-time.

109. *An Experienc'd Remedy for Convulsions and Epilepsies in Children.*

TAKE about half a Dram, or from one Scruple or two, or somewhat more, of well chosen, and very finely powder'd Amber, Native Cinnabar 10 Grains; mix them, and of this sweetned with some powder'd Sugar, or other fit thing that may give it a relish; let the Patient take twice a day (at least for most days)

dur-

during six Weeks, unless he fully recovers before that time. And however, he is to take it for two or three days before each New and Full Moon, for some Months successively.

F
110. *An Excellent Drink in Fevers, even Malignant.*

Take a quart of Spring Water, and having given it a walm or two, put to it one Ounce at least of Harts-horn calcin'd to perfect whiteness, and when the Mixture is cold, put to it three Ounces of Syrup made of the Juice of Lemons, shake this Mixture; when you will use it, shake it well, and let the Patient take of it a moderate draught several times in the Day and Night.

111. *An Useful Drink in Feverish Distempers.*

IN a Pint and a half of clear Posset-drink, boyl about one Ounce of cleans'd Roots of *Dandelion*, or *Piss-a-bed*, cut or slic'd very small, till near half a pint be wasted, and then strain it, and let the Patient take half a Pint, or the whole quantity if he can at a time.

112. *An Excellent Remedy for Dysenterical Fluxes.*

TAKE good *Venice Turpentine*, and with a very gentle heat evaporate so much of it, that when 'tis cold, it may be but little short of Coagulation. This yet soft, but not fluid Substance, incorporate with fine Sugar, enough to make it up into Pills, whereof give in the Morning fasting, as many as will amount from a Scruple to half a Dram or two Scruples, or a whole Dram of the Turpentine, besides the Sugar.

113. *An uncommon, but experienc'd Remedy for Dysenterical Fluxes.*

TAKE the Bone of the Thigh of a hang'd Man (perhaps another may serve, but this was still made use of) Calcine it to whiteness, and having purg'd the Patient with an Antimonial Medicine, give him one Dram of this white Powder for one Dose, in some good Cordial, whether Conserve or Liquor.

114. *For*

114. *For the Dysentery, and Fluxes caused by
sharp Humors.*

TAKE from half a Dram to one Dram of *Mercurius Dulcis* and as much either of fine ~~Sugar~~ or Sugar-candy, and with some Purgative or other, let the Patient take it once a day, with care, that none of it remain in his Mouth, or stick in his Throat.

115. *An Often try'd Medicine for Fluxes of the
Belly, though Bloody ones.*

GIVE for a Dose in any convenient Vehicle, as much powder'd or grated Pizzle of a Hart or Deer, as will lye upon an ordinary Half-Crown Piece.

116. *An Effected Medicine for Dysenterical
and other Fluxes.*

TAKE of a Hare, the Skin, Liver, Gall, and all the Parts, except the Muscles, and having dry'd them so far (and no further) as that they may be conveniently reduc'd to Powder. Give of this Powder, from about two Scruple to one Dram, in any convenient Vehicle.

117. *An*

117. *An Experienc'd Remedy for sharp Fluxes of the Belly.*

TAke a pint of new Milk, and dissolve in it two Ounces of Loaf-Sugar, and at length about the bigness of a Walnut of good *Mithridate*; give this mixture moderately warm for a Clyster, to be reiterated if there be occasion.

118. *To stop Fluxes and Whites.*

FOR Fluxes you may in divers cases give the Patient from time to time a moderate quantity of a Decoction of half an Ounce of Iling-glass, in about a pint of new Milk.

119. *An easie Medicine for Fluxes, especially those caus'd by sharp Humors.*

INstead of Butter take well condition'd Oyl-Olive, and thorowly drench therewith a good Toast, and let the Patient eat it.

120. *For*

120. *For a Bloody-Flux.*

TAKE half an Ounce of *London-Treacle*, an Ounce, or an Ounce and half of *Conserve* of red *Roses*, mix them together with some *Syrup* of *Clove-Gilly-Flowers*, or *Syrup* of *Citrons*, and keep them thus mix'd in a *Pot* cover'd for your use. Take of this about the quantity of a *Walnut* at *Night*, and in the *Morning* for two days, fasting two hours before and after, intermit then a day, and take it again in the like manner.

121. *A try'd Medicine for the falling down of the Fundament.*

TAKE some *Ginger*, and having carelessly slic'd it, put it in a little *Pan*, heat it by clear and well kindled *Coals*, and let the *Patient* receive the *Fume* of it, cast on by little in a kind of *Close-stool*, or some equivalent *Seat*, where the lower part of his *Body* may be well cover'd for about half a quarter of an hour at a time.

G.

122. *A Medicine for a light incipient Gangreen.*

AFTER having lightly scarify'd the part affected, apply as hot as the Patient can well bear it, a Cataplasme made of strong Brandy, and the Pith or Crumb of White-bread, shifting it three or four times a day, or somewhat oftner, if need be.

N. B. Some use Turneps boyl'd, and made Unctuous with a little fresh Hogs-lard to resolve the hard Tumors of Womens Breasts.

123. *A Choice Anodyne Clyster.*

TAKE Marsh-Mallow Roots half an Ounce, Leaves of the same, Mallows, Mullein, of each one handful, Camomile-Flowers two Pügils: Boyl them in a sufficient quantity of Water to ten Ounces, and dissolve therein Goats-suet 2 Ounces, Yolke of two Eggs, and Oyl of Camomile an Ounce and half: Mix and make a Clyster for easing Pain.

124. *A slight but often try'd Medicine for the Gripping of the Guts.*

TAKE about a quarter of a pint of Brandy, and having made a Toast of Bread (not too fine and white) throw it in very hot into the Liquor, and as soon as 'tis thorowly drencht, let the Patient take it out, and eat it hot; and this may be repeated, if there be need, two or three times a day.

125. *An often try'd Remedy for the Gripes in little Children.*

TAKE of Oyl of Nutmegs, and of Wormwood, of each a like quantity, mingle them well, and with the Mixture a little warm'd anoint the Patient's Navil, and the Pit of the Stomach.

126. *To make an Excellent Gargle.*

TAKE six Ounces of Scabious-Water, one spoonful of Mustard, one spoonful of Honey, and one spoonful of Vinegar; grind all these very well together in a Marble or Glass Mortar, till you have reduc'd them to a liquid Mixture, which is to be used as a Gargle.

127. *A Choice Gargle for a sore Throat.*

TO four Ounces of Plantane-Water add three or four spoonfuls of Red Rose-water, and mix very well with these the white of an Egg beaten to a Glair, or Water; sweeten this Mixture with a small spoonful of white Sugar-candy, or in want of that, as much very fine Loaf-Sugar. Let the Patient Gargle this as often as need requires.

128. *An Experinc'd Medicine for a Gonorrhoea.*

TAKE two Ounces of ripe Laurel-Berries, and infuse them for a day in a quart of good White-Wine; Of this let the Patient drink about two or three spoonfuls twice a day for a pretty while together; only once in three days (or thereabouts) intermitting, that he may take some gentle Purging Medicine.

129. *For a Gonorrhoea.*

TAKE choice Mastich a sufficient quantity, and having very finely beaten and search'd it, take about half an Ounce of it at a time in the Yolk of a new-laid Egg, washing it down, if it be thought needful, in any convenient Liquor.

130. *For*

130. *An Excellent Remedy to take off the Pains
of the Gout.*

TAKE *Minium* or Red-Lead ground fine, half
a Pound, Oyl of Earth-worms one Pound,
or a sufficient quantity: Boyl them to the con-
sistency of a hard or solid Emplaster, without
burning: Afterwards add of Camphire two
Ounces, dissolved in Oyl of Earth-worms, so
much as may make the Emplaster of a just con-
sistency.

131. *An Excellent Oyntment in the Gout.*

TAKE *Barbadoes Tar*, and Palm-Oyl, of each
a like quantity, melt them together in no
more fire than is needful to make them incor-
porate well; with this Mixture warm, the
part is to be appointed and warily chafed.

132. *A slight but effectual Medicine to appease
Gouty Pains.*

TAKE Linseed well condition'd, and with a
little Water, beat them in a Marble or Glasse
Mortar, rubbing them very well, that the Me-
dullary part may be separated in some mea-
sure from the Husk, and may make the Water
considerably white. In this Liquor dip clean
Rags, and when they are thorowly wetted, ap-
ply

102 *Mr. Boyle's Receipts.* Vol. II.

ply them somewhat warm to the part effected, shifting them, if need be, once in an hour, or at most in two.

133. *A speedy Remedy to take off Arthritick, or Gout-pains.*

TAKE good Spirit of *Sal Armoniac*, and with a Feather dipt in it moisten gently all the Part, or Parts affected.

134. *A Medicine that almost presently appeases the pains of the Gout.*

TAKE of black Soap four Ounces, choice Wood-foot finely sifted about a Dram and half, and add to these about half the Yolk of an Egg : Incorporate them diligently together, and spreading the Mixture somewhat thin, apply it (the cold being first taken off) by way of Cataplasim to the Part affected.

135. *A homely but often try'd Medicine to appease the Pains of Scorbutical Running Gouts.*

TAKE Earth-worms cleans'd, and having fill'd an earthen Pot with them, and luted on a cover very well, set it into an Oven with a batch of Bread; and let it stand there till the Oven be cold. Then take out the Pot, and having remov'd the cover, you will find the Matter turn'd into a gross Liquor ill scented. Strain this with expression, and keep it stop'd for use, which is, to rub therewith the part affected with a warm hand once or twice a day. N. B. If the smell be offensive, you may put to it a few drops of Oyl of *Rhodium*, or some other Odoriferous one, to correct it.

136. *An Excellent Remedy for the Gonorrhoea.*

TAKE of choice Amber, and of Mastich, both reduc'd to very fine Powder, and very well mixt, equal parts, and of this Mixture give half a Dram at a time in a proper Vehicle, or in a draught of Chocolate; Continue this for three Weeks, or a Month, if need require, purging the day before you begin to take it, and once every Week afterwards, especially when you leave off the use of the Powder.

137. To appease the Pain of the Gout, and by degrees lessen the Fits.

TAke one part of *Sal Armoniac*, and three parts of Spirit of Wine, neither of them too well rectify'd: Shake them together, (and if you please digest them a while) and having dip'd old but clean Linnen Rags in the Mixture, apply them to the part affected, shifting them now and then, as need shall require.

H.

138. To make an excellent Cephalick or Head-Powder, good also for the Eyes.

TAke the Leaves or Flowers of Betony, Marjoram, and Damask Roses, also the Flowers of Sage and Rosemary, all at discretion. To these add the Powder of *Lignum Aloes*, and some Seeds of *Nigella Romana*. Reduce all these to Ponder, to be us'd as a Hair-powder, when the Patient goes to Bed.

138 An

139. *An useful Drink, to be frequently employ'd
to correct Sharp Humors.*

TAke two Ounces of choice Barley (*English*
or *French*) well wash'd from its Dust and
Sordes: Boyl this in a quart or more of Spring-
water till the Grains begin to burst. Then
strain the Decoction through a clean Cloth, and
let the Patient use it at Meals and other times,
for his ordinary Drink.

140. *An Experienc'd Medicine for Dulness of
Hearing, and Hysterical Affections.*

THE Juice of red Onions is excellent for
Diseases of the Ears, and for a Deafness in
its beginning. N. B. Betony-Roots also won-
derfully prevail against all Affections of the
Womb.

141. *An Experienc'd Medicine for the Pains of
the Hemorrhoids.*

TAke the sole of an Old Shoe, worn by
some Man that walks much, cut it in
pieces, and burn it, not to white or gray Ashes,
but to a fryable and tender Coal; reduce this
to impalpable Powder, and then with a suffici-
ent quantity of unsalted Lard, make it into an
Unguent.

106 Mr. Boyle's Receipts. Vol. II.
Unguent, wherewith the Part affected is to be
anointed from time to time.

142. For the Hemorrhoids.

Make a Suppository of Hogs-Lard or Bacon,
or instead of that employ Goose-grease:
made up into the same form.

143. For the Hemorrhoids.

IN the Yolk of an Egg, or a little of some
convenient Syrup or Conserve, give from
half a Dram, or two Scruples, or one Dram, or
somewhat more of Flower of Brimstone, once,
or if the case be urgent, twice a day. The
Powder may be also given in Milk, to those
that like it better than sweet Vehicles.

144. A Choice Internal Remedy for painful
Hemorrhoids.

Take about two Scruples of choice Sulphur
vive, and mix it with a little Sugar to
make it relish, and give that Dose once, or at
most twice a day.

145. *A very choice Medicine for the Pain and Tumors of the Hemorrhoids.*

Take fresh Leeks (the whole Plant) shred them small, and fry them well with fresh Butter, till they be fit to be brought to the consistence of a Cataplasme or Poultice, that is to be apply'd very warm to the part affected, and to be renewed from time to time, as need shall require.

146. *An Useful Medicine for the Pain of the Hemorrhoids.*

Make up Flower of Brimstone and an equal weight or a double of fine Sugar, with a Solution of Gum Dragon, into Tabulets that may weigh about a Dram apiece; of those that contain the most Sulphur, you may give one twice a day, but of the other sort much oftner, if need require.

147. *A choice Remedy for the Pain of the Hemorrhoids.*

Take Album Græcum, or white Dogs-turd, reduc'd to an impalpable Powder, mix it up with a sufficient quantity of Goose-grease, and by grinding it well in a Leadn Mortar, reduce

108 *Mr. Boyle's Receipts. Vol. II.*

reduce it to a black Oyntment, to be apply'd moderately warm to the part affected.

148. *An Experienc'd Remedy for unbroken Hæmorrhoids.*

TAKE calcin'd Oyster-shells; and incorporate them with as much Honey as will make up the Powder into an Oyntment, with which the part affected is to be tenderly anointed from time to time,

149. *For the Hæmorrhoids, a very successful try'd Medicine.*

TAKE Maiden Leeks (as some call those that grow without having been transplanted); and casting away the green part, make of the bulbous part and a sufficient quantity of whole Oatmeal a Caudle, whereof let the Patient eat plentifully.

150. *A Choice Drink for the Pain of the Hæmorrhoids.*

TAKE Yarrow, and boyl a handful of it in about a Pint and a half of Posset-drink, in a cover'd Vessel, till it be strong of the Plant; and

and of this Decoction let the Patient drink pretty plentifully from time to time.

151. *An Excellent Remedy for the Pain of the Hemorrhoids.*

Take of Mastick, Olibanum, Aloes, and Myrrh, of each a like quantity, powder and mix them very well, then lay or strew a sufficient quantity of this upon a Pledget of Lint or Cotton, moistened thoroughly with Spirit of Wine over a few well kindled Coals, that the Powder may melt, and be clapt hot to the Pit of the Stomach, or the Navel.

152. *A Medicine for the Pains of the Hemorrhoids.*

Take a quart; or at least a pint of New Milk, and boil it well for a while, and then taking it off the Fire, presently put it into a Close-stool in some open mouth'd Vessel, and let the Patient sit over the Fume of it.

153. *An excellent Medicine to appease the Pains of the Hemorrhoids.*

TAKE two fresh Eggs, and roast them pretty hard, then peel off the Shells and mince them. To these add two Pippins, the core being first taken out, that must be roasted to pap; mix these, and incorporate them very well with the Eggs, reducing all to a kind of Cataplasm, which is to be apply'd very warm, if not very hot, to the part affected, and to be renewed if need be.

154. *A Choice Medicine for Pains of the Hemorrhoids.*

TAKE half a Dram of good Flower of Brimstone, and boyl it a little in New Milk, and let the Patient take fasting in the Morning, both the Liquor and the Powder, for many days successively. And if need be, the like Dose may be taken between four and five in the Afternoon. Also one may make up the like quantity of Flores, with a little fine Sugar and Gum Tragacanth, into Tablets or Lozenges, to be taken instead of the Powder and Milk.

L

155. *An Experienc'd Liquor to Cure the Itch in the Hands or Face, without Mercury or Sulphur.*

TAKE a handful of the Roots of Elecampane, and as much of sharp-pointed Dock, shred them small, and boyl them in two quarts of Spring-water till the consumption of a pint. Then strain the Liquor, and with it let the Patient wash his hands or other parts affected once (or at most) twice a day.

156. *An Experienc'd Magnerical Cure of the Yellow-Jaundies.*

TAKE the Gall-Bladder of a Sheep, and near the top, without emptying the Liquor, make a small hole, at which put in two or three drops of the Patient's warm Urine; then tye up the upper part of the Bladder, and hang it in the free Air till it dry up, &c.

157. *A homely but not ineffectual Medicine for the Yellow-Jaundies.*

GIVE about half a Dram of the white part of Hens-dung dry'd and mixt with a little Sugar, in a few spoonfuls of White-wine.

158. *A Medicine almost Specifick for the Yellow-Jaundies.*

TAKE of clean filings of Steel a sufficient quantity, and to make them grind the better, mix with them some Loaf-Sugar; grind them long with great exactness, for in that consists the chief Secret of this Medicine. Of this impalpable Powder give about half a Dram for a Dose, (besides the Sugar) and if need be give it twice or thrice a day, in any convenient Vehicle.

159. *A Specifick Remedy for the Yellow-Jaundice.*

TAKE one part of good Saffron dry'd, enough to be rub'd in a Glass Mortar into Powder, and incorporate it well with four parts of choice Turmerick. In the mean time take a handful of fresh Sheeps-dung, and let it steep in about a quart of strong Ale in a moderate heat, till the Liquor be fully impregnated with the Virtue of the Dung. Then strain it lightly through a Linnen Cloath, into a pint of it, or as large a draught within the limit as the Patient can well take, give about half a Dram of the foremenion'd mixt powder. This do in the Morning fasting, and in the Evening about Bed-time, giving also another Dose the Morning after the first.

K.

160. *The great Medicine of a Famous Emperick
for the Kings-Evil.*

Give for a good while together a pretty
strong Decoction of Devils bit.

161. *To mitigate Pains in the Kidneys.*

TAke Oyl of Scorpions, and Oyl of Bees-
wax, of each alike quantity ; mix them
well, and with this Mixture moderately wann
anoint the pained Kidney.

162. *An Effectual Remedy for stoppage in the
Kidneys.*

Give in any convenient Liquor about a dozen
Grains of Salt of Amber for a Dose.

L.

163. *A pleasant Medicine to appease Scorbutick
Pains in the Limbs.*

TAKE liquid *Styrax*, spread it thin upon
Sclink, or some very fine Kids-Leather,
and keep it upon the Part affected till it dry up
of it self, or till the Patient has no more need
of it.

164. *An Experienc'd though simple Medicine for
a Contracture produc'd by keeping of Limbs
too long in an undue Posture.*

ANoint well once or twice a day, the Part af-
fected with Dogs-grease, chafing it in
with a warm hand, and keeping the part warm
afterwards.

M.

165. *A good Medicine to increase Milk to those
that give Suck,*

MAKE Pottage with Lentils (which many
distinguish not from Vetches) and let the
Patient use freely of it.

166. *Another Medicine to increase Milk in Nurses.*

TAKE Earth-worms, wash them well, freeing them carefully from their Excrements, and from all adhering Earth and Filth. Then dry them so as they may not stink and yet be pulverable. Of these, reduc'd to Powder, give half a Dram or two Scruples for a Dose, in Wine or any other proper Vehicle.

167. *A Remedy by which many Dogs bitten by a Mad-Dog, have been all of them preserv'd from running Mad.*

TAKE three Plants (*i.e.* Roots and Leaves) of that Herb which is called Rose-Plantane, or by some Star-Plantane, and having chopt it small with a convenient quantity of Butter, let the bitten Dog take it the first day; the second day give him five plants order'd as before, and the next day seven. *Lycnii Salamantricæ Clus.*

Take the Patient's own Urine moderately warm, and with Rags dip in it some time, and while the Parts affected, and then anoint them with Oregani Balsam. This do if need be 3 or 4 times a day, until the Tumors be

168. *A good Remedy for divers Affections of the Genus Nervosum, or Nervous System.*

TAKE of the fresh Roots of the Male Piony one Ounce, of the Seeds of the same Plant two Drams, and with a sufficient quantity of the Syrup of Piony, or some Conserve of the like Nature, beat them up into an Electuary (which is best done not long before you mean to make use of it) of which the Patient may take the quantity of a small Nutmeg, or more if need be twice a day, and if occasion requires it thrice.

P.

169. *Aloetick Pills that do scarce at all occasion the Piles.*

TAKE of the Frankfort Angelical Pills, and give of them from one Scruple or half a Dram or two Scruples or more for a Dose.

170. *A Medicine for the Pain and Tumors for the Piles.*

TAKE the Patient's own Urine moderatey warm, and with Rags dipt in it foment for a while the Parts affected, and then anoint them with *Unguent Populeum*. This do if need be three or four times a day, and if the Tumors be

be internal, you may then inject a little of the foremention'd Urine.

171. *An Excellent Remedy for Scorburiſh and other Pains in the Limbs.*

Take red and unſophiſticated Oyl of Peter, and anoint therewith from time to time the part affected.

172. *An eaſie but excellent Poultiſe to appeaſe Pains and Aches, even Arthritick or Gout-Pains.*

Take Onions, and boyl or ſtew them in Water, till they be ſoft enough to make a Poultiſ, then drain away the Water and beat them, and having ſpread them to a good thickneſs upon a Linnen Cloath, apply them as hot as the Patient can well bear, let him keep them on all Night.

173. *To ſtrengthen a Part weakened by a Relaxation.*

Spread Empleſtrum Divinum upon ſoft Leather, and apply it, keeping it on for ſome time.

174. A somewhat rough Emetick, by which the French-Pox has been often cur'd.

TAKE good Mercury Sublimate, and Mitbrideate or Venice-Treacle, of each one Ounce, mix them together, and put them into a quart of Spring-water; set them in Balneo to dissolve in a close Vessel; and of this Liquor well-settled, let the Patient take about half a spoonful, or if need be a spoonful, but never above a spoonful and a half, in four Ounces of small Ale warm, fasting in the Morning, and once in the Afternoon or Evening, the Stomach being empty. Every second day intermit, and give a gentle Purge.

175. A choice Medicine for the Palsie.

TAKE Sarsaparilla a Pound and half, Bark of Guajacum, China in Chips, of each two Ounces and a half: Boil all in six Pints of water to a consumption of a third part: At the end add Raisins of the Sun stoned four Ounces, Liquorish bruised one Dram, fat Figs number twelve, boil and strain it. Of this let the Diseased drink warm, as their ordinary Drink.

176. For weakness in the hands, arising from the Palsie, or an ill cur'd Rheumatism.

Take the tops of Rosemary, and bruising them a little, make them up into a Ball of the bigness of a small Orange, or a large Walnut with the green Husk on. Let the Patient often roll one of these Balls between his hands, and for divers hours in a day grasp one of them in the hand affected, that it may grow hot there, and transmit its *Effluvia*, into the part. Continue this course as long as the Distemper requires.

177. A Choice External Remedy for Paralytick Affections.

Make a strong decoction of Rosemary-leaves (or Flowers if the Season afford them) and let the Patient hold the part affected for a good while at a time in the Liquor kept very warm. If after several tryals this Medicine prove not effectual enough, take ten drops of Oyl of Worms, and mix with it well four or five drops of Oyl of Turpentine; and with this Mixture well warm'd, anoint the Part from time to time, or else let the Patient keep the part for a good while together, for more than once or twice if need require, in warm Rain-water (to dissolve the Scorbutick Salts.)

178. To

178. To take off little Pimples or grating inequalities within the Eye-lids.

TAKE one Spoonful of Eye-bright-Water, one Spoonful of plantane-Water, and half a Spoonful of good Red Rose-water; mix these, and put to them about 15 Grains of choice Tutty finely prepar'd; shake them together, and then let the powder fall to the bottom, and with the clear Liquor moisten the Eye several times in a day, if it be found needful.

179. For the Pleurisy.

CUT green Broom-tops short, and fill therewith a Skillet or Pipkin of a pint and a half; then fill it up with Ale, boyl it softly till it be wasted to two or three Spoonfuls, it will look black like Treacle, and be thick. When 'tis enough and cold, add as much Mithridate as a Nutmeg, and mingle it well, and give it the party warm in Bed, and let him sweat three hours or more after it, by adding some Cloaths. If it help not at first, repeat it next day, or the second not to fail.

180. *An Experienc'd (and by some good Authors
Excellent) Medicine for the Pleurisy.*

TAKE as many fresh Balls of Stone-Horse
Dung, as the Horse in good case may
disburden himself of at one time ; cover these,
whilst they are warm, with good White-wine;
let them stand a little to act on one another,
and then press out gently through a clean Lin-
nen Cloath, as much Liquor or Juice as the
Mixture will readily afford ; and of this (some-
what warm) give a moderate draught from
time to time, as need shall require.

181. *A very often Experienc'd Medicine for the
Small-Pox (especially in Children.)*

TAKE the little Balls of fresh Sheeps-dung, and
having freed them from straw and dust,
and other things forraign to them, put an hand-
ful of them thus cleans'd into a quart of good
White-wine, and in a Vessel well stop'd, let them
infuse in a moderate heat for a Night, or till
the Liquor be well impregnated with the taste
and colour of them. Strain this Infusion, and
give of it warm about a spoonful at a time, once
in two or three hours, or oftner if need re-
quire. *N. B.* In case of Necessity, the Infusion
may be much sooner made, by putting into the
Wine a greater proportion of the Sheeps-dung.

R.

182. *A Successful Remedy for a kind of Rheumatism, and a Contracture of the Limbs that followed upon it.*

Take the inward Bark (that which grows next the Wood) of an Elder-Tree, cut or tear it into small bits, and with them loosely plac'd fill about a third part of a Bottle. Then pour in as much small Ale or Beer as will fill up the remaining part of the Vessel, stop it well till the Liquor be strong of the Infusion. And of this let the Patient drink a good draught once or twice a day, or if he can well bear it, let him use it as a Diet-drink.

183. *An approv'd outward Medicine to cause Rest without Opiates.*

Take of Rose-water 8 Ounces, good Wine 4 Ounces, strong Vinegar 2 Ounces; mix these well, and having warm'd stupes in them, foment therewith the part affected, laying them on but moderately warm, but taking them off when they begin to grow cold. This fomenting may last between a quarter and half an hour before the Patient should compose himself to Rest.

S.

184. *A choice and diversify'd Medicine for the Scurvy.*

FROM the freshly gather'd tops of Fir a little bruis'd, abstract Spirit of Wine, or at least good Nants Brandy, and with this Liquor draw a deep Tincture from other fresh tops, of which Tincture reduce some part into an Extract, whereof to form Pills; keep these, the Tincture, and the impregnated Liquor apart, to be employ'd seprately or conjoynly, as occasion may require.

185. *For an Excoriation, and for preternatural Tendernefs of any part of the Skin.*

TAKE Unguentum Diapompholigos, and spread it thinly upon Lint, which must be apply'd to the part affected, and kept on by a Bandage or some sticking Plaister.

186. *To take off the heat and roughnefs of the Skin, especially on the Lips.*

ANoint the Part affected with fresh (or at least not too stale) Cream.

187. To take out the Marks of Gun-powder, shoo into the Skin or Face, or elsewhere.

TAKE fresh Cow-dung, and having warm'd it a little, apply it as a thin Poultrice to the part affected, renewing it from time to time as occasion shall require.

188. *An Excellent Medicine to strengthen a weak Sight.*

TAKE Eye-bright, Penny-royal, Rue, Celandine, Lovage, Saxifrage, of each half a handful, Blew-bottle-Flowers, Fennel-seeds, Parsley-seeds, of each half a Dram, Grains of Paradise one Dram, Hyssop, Organy, Willow-leaves, each half an Ounce, Galingal three Drams, Ginger half a Dram, Cinnamon one Dram, Sugar half an Ounce. Let them be finely powder'd, and very well mixt together. Take of this Powder one Scruple, or half a Dram every day with your Dinner.

189. *A distilled Water for strengthening the Sight.*

TAKE Rosemary-Flowers, Sage, Betony, Rue, and Succory, of each one handful. Infuse these in two quarts of good Sack, distil them in

a Copper Alembick. The Dose is a moderate spoonful.

190. *A Choice Medicine, which I have several times used for a light-Stroke or Contusion of the Eye.*

PUT to two Ounces of *Carduus-Water*, or that of *Berony*, three or four drops of *Honey*, use it every three hours. (But have a care not to keep it above a day or two, lest it grow sour.)

191. *A much commended Powder to strengthen the Sight.*

POWDER of Eye-bright one Ounce, ordinary Fennel-seed in Powder half an Ounce, powder of Nutmegs half a quarter of an Ounce, double refin'd Sugar two Ounces. All these being finely powder'd and sifted, are to be mixt together, and taken as much as will lye on a Shilling at a time, as often as you please. The Powder is to be taken dry, and kept in a Box close shut in some dry place. This has done great Cures in dimness of Sight, and Rheums in the Eyes.

193. *To make a Drink to be taken like Tea, for strengthening the Sight.*

TO a quart of Water ready to boyl, put in half a handful of Eye-bright, and then let the Liquor boyl but one walm or two, before you take it off to drink it instead of Tea.

193. *A rare Water to strengthen the Sight.*

TAKE Clary, and distil it in a cold Still; and of the Water, let the Patient take every morning, and if need be, every Night going to Bed, from two or three spoonfulls to six, either alone, or sweetned with a little Sugar; let him also with the same Water unsweetn'd, bath or wash the parts affected in the Morning, and at Bed-time; and if need be, once or twice more every day.

194. *An Excellent External Medicine to strengthen the Stomach.*

TAKE Wormwood, Mint, and Mrg-wort, and by beating them well in a stone or glass Mortar, make a Cataplasm, to be apply'd somewhat warm to the Stomach, and kept upon it for a pretty while.

195. *An*

195. An often try'd Remedy to strengthen the Stomach, and also to take off Gripping pains in or near it. (Tis good also for Colds.)

TAKE Emplastrum Stomacum of the London Dispensatory, and drop upon it five or six drops of Oyl of Cinnamon, rubbing it well over with your finger, and so apply it to the Patient's Stomach, and after three or four days, or as soon as it grows dry, remove it, and having scrap'd the Plaister, and warm'd it on the wrong side, let fall some drops of the Oyl of Cinnamon upon it, or more drops of the Cordial Spirit, and apply it again.

196. An Excellent Plaister to strengthen the Stomach and Chest.

TAKE of Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Cloves, and Mace, of each a sufficient quantity, powder them well, and strew some of the Powder all over the bottom of a Deal Box of a convenient length and breadth, and fix it with a cover to shut close; upon this Powder lay a piece of clean Flannel well dry'd, and strew it over thinly with some of the same Powder; then lay on another piece of the like Flannel of the same Dimentions with the former, and upon that likewise, if need be, a little more Powder. This done, shut the Box till the time of use, and then

take out one of the pieces of Flannel, and having lightly dusted off the Powder, lay it on the Patient's Brest, Stomach, and Belly, and let it lye on there for some days. When you perceive its Vertue begins to languish, you must substitute for it the other piece of Flannel, and put the first in the Box to receive new Virtue, and so proceed alternatively as long as you need the Medicine, adding now and then some fresh Powder, if Necessity require. Note, That each piece of Flannel ought to be long and large enough to cover the Brest, and to reach from about the Paps to the Navel, or lower.

197. *For a Recent Strain.*

TAKE a pint or more of Claret-Wine, and boyl it for a little while, in a close Vessel, about a handful of Red Rose-Leaves, till the Liqueur be strong of the Plant. In this well heated dip a piece of Linnen or Flannel, and wringing out the moisture, double it, and apply it hot to the part affected, using a Filler, or some such thing to keep it on.

198. My Lord Bacon's Experienc'd Medicine for
a Recent Strain or Bruise.

TAKE a good handful of fresh Wormwood,
and boyl it in a sufficient quantity of strong
Ale to the softness of a Poultrise, then take it off
the fire, and when you apply it, which you
should do whilst 'tis very hot, put to it a spoon-
ful or two of good common Brandy.

199. A Cloice Plaister for a Recent Strain.

TAKE equal parts of the Plaisters called *Di-*
palma and *Oxyroceum*, and make of them a
compounded Plaister, to be spread upon thin
Leather, and apply'd to the part affected, and
to be renewed, if need be, twice a day.

200. An approv'd Medicine for a Recent Strain.

APPLY seasonably a Cataplasim made of Bran
boyl'd in good Vinegar, till it be soft e-
nough to make a Poultrise.

201. *A slight but choise Remedy for a recent Strain.*

TAKE two Spoonfuls of Vinegar, and beat into it very well the white of an Egg, and spreading it upon Flux or Tow, apply it to, and keep it on the part affected.

202. *A parable but excellent Medicine in the Fits of the Stone.*

TAKE somewhat less than a handful of red Chick-Pease, or Cicers, and boyl them softly in a quart of Spring-water till the Liquor be red, and well impregnated with the Seeds: strain this Decoction and sweeten it with Syrup of Marsh-Mallows, our of which all the stronger Diureticks are left:

203. *For the Stone.*

TAKE a quarter or half a pint of simple Arsmart-Water, sweeten it with a little Sugar or some convenient Syrup, and Aromatize it with a little Nutmeg scrap'd, and give this Mixture for one Dose.

204. *For*

204. *For the Stone and Gravel in the Reins and Bladder.*

Take equal weights of common *Daucus*-seeds, and of Burdock-seed, and having mixt these together, put one Ounce of the Mixture to a Gallon of small Ale, and let the Patient use it as a constant Drink.

205. *A good Liquor to use as Drink in a long Fit of the Stone.*

Make Posset-drink of three or four parts at most of Milk, and one of White-Wine. Into two quarts of Posset-drink scrape or thinly slice a Nutmeg and a half, or two Nutmegs; add a little Juice of Lemon to your Palate, and if you please, sweeten it a little with syrup of Marsh-Mallows. Take of this Drink a pretty quantity at a time, and use it often in a day.

206. *A good Medicine for the Stone.*

Take a pint or a quart of Ale, somewhat new, sweeten it with pure Honey, and boyl it to the consumption of about one half; skimming it well from time to time. Then dissolve in it the Yolk of a new-laid Egg; and let the Patient drink a good draught of this Mixture once or twice a day, till he find relief thereby.

207. A

207. *A Choice Medicine in an actual fit of the Stone.*

TAKE the Decoction made according to the *London Dispensatory* for the Syrup of Marsh-Mallows, with this difference, That to the same quantity of Water, you must take but half the quantities of each of the Ingredients. Let this corrected Decoction be well clarify'd, and let the Patient take it warm 6, 8, or 10 Ounces at a draught, from time to time, as need shall require.

208. *The Stone, and the Cure. Taken out of the History of the Barbadoes, written by Rich. Lygon, Gent. p. 118, 119.*

AFTER the stoppage of Urine more than fourteen days, the following Medicine did not only break, but brought away all the Stones and Gravel. And about three Weeks after, the like Pains returning, the same Medicine did the like effect within ten hours after the taking thereof.

Take the Pizale of a green Turtle (or Tortoise) which lives in the Sea, dry it with a moderate heat, pound it in a Mortar to powder, and take of this as much as will lye upon a Shilling, in Beer, Ale, White-Wine, or the like; and in a very short time it will do the Cure. These are to be had easily, both at the *Chamber*

ribee and Lucaick Islands, where these Fishes abound.

209. *A good Medicine in Pains of the Stone, or Cholick.*

TAKE half a pint of good Saller-Oyl, and as much good Sack, (or if that cannot be had, good Claret Wine) shake them very well together, and give them moderately warm for a Clyster.

210. *To expel the Stone in a Fir.*

TAKE Crabs-eyes powder'd, and dissolve a large proportion of them in good White-wine Vinegar, and of this Drink let the Patient take from two spoonfuls to five or six at a time.

T.

211. *An almost Specifick Remedy for the Tooth-ach.*

IN to a quart of red Wine (or at least of Claret) put one Dram of Allom, and another of Acorns, a Dram and half of Galls, and half a handful of good dry'd Rose-leaves. Boyl this to the Consumption of near half, and then take it

it from the fire and strain it, and dissolve it in a Dram and a half of *Acacia* cut into small bits, and with this Liquor a little hot, you must wash the part several times in a day.

212. *An uncommon, but not unuseful Remedy for the Tooth-ach.*

LET the Patient lye on the Ear that is opposite to the part affected, and into the other Ear drop two or three drops of the freshly expressed Juice of Rue a little warm, and stop the Ear lightly with fine black Wool or Cotton.

213. *An odd but very successful External Remedy for the Tooth-ach.*

IN the declining of the Moon in *August*, take the Fruit called Hipps, viz. those of the Wild Bryar, with all the Fuzey stuff that grows upon it, and lapping it up in a piece of thin Sarcenet, tye it upon the Arm that is on the same side with the part affected, and keep it on as long as there is need.

214. *For*

214. For the Tooth-ach.

TAKE a handful of Red Sage, and a handful of Clary, shread them small and beat them, sprinkle them with *May Dew*; then strain out the Juice, put it in a Glass Bottle, and set it in the Sun in a Window, and when you use it put three drops into a Spoon, and heat it over a Candle blood warm, and drop it into the Ear, and let them eat a Crust of Bread wet either in Broth or Pöisset, and chew it upon the Teeth that ake.

215. An Approved Medicine for an aking Tooth that is bollow.

TAKE two parts of common pepper ground to fine Powder, and mix exactly with it one part of Sugar moderately fine over a gentle heat; form these into a small Pill of a shape and bigness fit for your purpose, and when your Stuff grows cold 'twill harden, and may be apply'd when you please to the Part affected.

216. An Excellent Remedy to fasten Teeth.

TAKE of burnt Allum, Acorns, of each one Dram, Galls a Dram and half, Red Roses half a handful. Beat all these together, and make

136 *Mr. Boyle's Receipts.* Vol. II.

make them boyl in about a quart of good Red Wine, to the consumption of about a fourth part. Then strain the Decoction, and dissolve in the transmitted Liquor of good *Acatia* cut into very small bits half a Dram. With this Decoction the Mouth is to be washt several times in a day.

217: *To fasten the Teeth.*

PUT Mastick finely powder'd upon the end of an Handkerchief, rub your Teeth therewith twice or thrice in a day, and chew Mastick often. Also boyl Pomegranate flowers with Mint or Mastick in Red or Claret Wine, Gargle or wash your Mouth often with it.

218. *A Medicine prescrib'd to a great Prince (Charles the First) to fasten the Teeth.*

TAKE a pint of Spring water, and put to it four Ounces of Brandy; let the Patient wash his Mouth with the Mixture of these every Morning, and twice or thrice a day besides; and let him in the Morning, roul for a little while, a bit of Roch-Allom to and fro in his Mouth.

219. *A good Astringent Liquor to fasten the Teeth.*

TO four Ounces of Claret-Wine, or some other convenient *Menstruum*, you may put to dissolve about four Drams of *Terra Japonica*.

220. *An Excellent Medicine to fasten the Teeth in Scorbutick Gums.*

TAKE of Choice Bole-Armoniack two Drams, choice Myrrh (not lucid) one Dram, Roch-Allom crude half a Dram, Claret-Wine one Pint, Boyl these softly a little while together, and let the Patient use twice, thrice (or if need be oftner) in a day.

221. *To fasten Teeth, made loose by the Scurvy.*

ANoint the Parts affected with *Oleum Myrrhe* made by *Deliquium*, with Whites of Eggs boyl'd hard.

222. *A*

222. A Lotion to fasten the Teeth.

IN a quart of Spring-water Decoct for a while one Ounce of the best Terra Japonica reduc'd to gross Powder. And then having filter'd the Decoction, keep it stopt for use.

223. A good Astringent Liquor to fasten loose Teeth.

IN a pint of Red Wine infuse about half an Ounce of Terra Japonica, till as much as will be dissolv'd be taken up by the Liquor. Decant it from the Faeces (if there be need) and keep it well stopt for use.

224. An useful Liquor to fasten the Teeth, and prevent the Tooth-ach.

TO a pint of Spring-water put half an Ounce of clean Sel Armoniac, and with the Solution of this Salt, let the Patient wash his Mouth from time to time.

225. To make an Excellent Poultice to ripen Tumors.

TAke eight Ounces of (fat) Figs, two Ounces of white Lilly-Roots, and two Ounces of Bean-Flower (or Meal :) Boyl these together in Water, and reduce them to the consistence of a Poultice; which is to be spread to a good thickness, and laid warm enough upon the Part, and shifted as often as it begins to grow dry.

226. An Excellent Medicine to relieve those that are troubled with Tumors in the Throat, and some other Parts.

TO a quart of New Milk put a handful of Ma'low-leaves, with as much of the Leaves of *Solanum*, or Nightshade, shred them small, let them boyl, till the Herbs be tender as if they were to be eaten. Then put into the Milk as much Crumbs of White-bread, as being stirred well with the other Ingredients, will bring all to the consistence of a Poultice. This is to be spread upon a stay for the Throat, or some other thing fit to be apply'd to any other part affected, and is to be laid on as hot as the Patient can well endure it, and when it begins to grow cold, it is to be succeeded by fresh made very hot, and so long as the case shall require.

227. *A Medicine that lately cur'd an Obstinate Tumor of the Knee, that had baffled some Chirurgeons.*

TAKE a green Colewort-Leaf with red Veins or Streaks, and having cut the Ribs flat and almost level to the rest of the Leaf, bruise it with the haft of a Knife. or some such thing, apply it to the Part affected, renewing it once or twice a day.

228. *A Powerful and Experienc'd Topick for a Sore Throat.*

TAKE two new-laid Eggs roasted moderately hard, and the Pap of two well-roasted Pippins; beat them well together, and add to them as much Curds of Posset made with Ale. Having incorporated them all very well, apply the Mixture very warm to the part affected, shifting it if need be once in five or six hours.

229. *An Approved Remedy for a Sore Throat.*

TAKE Verjuice of Grapes one Ounce, good Honey half an Ounce, crude Allom about a Dram and half, and Sea-Salt half a Dram; Powder the Salts finely, and incorporate them very well with the Liquors into the form of a kind of Linniment. In this dip a long feather
or

or a piece of Rag tyed about the end of a slender Strick (as of Liquorish) and with it touch the Part affected three, four, or five times; between each two times gargling with a Mixture of Plantane-water, and some red Rose-water.

230. *A Choice External Remedy for Sore Throats.*

Take *Mellepedes*, Sows or Hogs-Lice alive, and sew them up between the foldings of a piece of Linnen; and apply them to the Throat in the form of a Stay, which is to be kept on all Night.

231. *An easie but try'd Remedy for a Sore Throat.*

Take Bay-Salt dry'd, and having pounded it, put it into the folds of a Rag, in a sufficient quantity to make a Stay to be ty'd about the Throat, and apply it over night as hot as the Patient can conveniently endure it.

232. *A Choice Remedy for a Sore Throat, especially if inflam'd.*

TAKE a little handful of the Leaves of common Mallows, and eight or ten good Figs; boyl these about a quarter of an hour in a Pint of New Milk, and let the Patient use it very hot and often.

233. *A homely but Experienc'd Medicine for a Sore Throat.*

TAKE about one Dram of *Album Grecum*, or white Dogsturd burnt to perfect whiteness, and with about one Ounce of Honey of Roses, or clarify'd Honey, make thereof a *Linctus* to be very slowly let down the Throat.

234. *A homely but Experienc'd Remedy for a Sore Throat.*

INto the Leg of a worsted Stocking that has been long worn next to the Flesh, put in a sufficient quantity of good Sea-Salt Exactly dry'd, or else decripated, and this Salt being put in warm, if not hot, the Stocking is to be ty'd about the Patient's Neck, and kept on all Night. And if by the next Day the Distemper be not remov'd, you may apply fresh Salt (in the proportion) in the same Stocking as before the Night following.

235. *A try'd Medicine for a Sore Throat, caus'd by Acid Humors in the Internal Parts of it.*

TAKE half a handful of the Leaves of common Mallows, and boyl them in about a Pint of New Milk near half an hour; then let it run through a clean Cloath, and let the Patient use it a little warm three or four times a day as a Gargle, or else let him use it by holding it in his Mouth, and letting some drops slowly slide down his Throat.

236. *An often Experienc'd Remedy for Tettars, and the Itch.*

TAKE Flowers of Sulphur, finely powder'd, Ginger, and burnt Allom, each alike, save that of the Allom there must be somewhat less; Incorporate these with as much fresh Butter (without any Salt) as will bring them to the consistence of an Oynment; with this anoint the Part affected at Bed-time, as hot as the Patient can well endure it, and let it lay on all Night, wash it off in the Morning with Celandine water well heated: and whilst you continue the use of this Medicine, take daily some Cordial, to keep the noxious Humour from being driven inwards. This will not fail to do the Work.

237. *A Choice Medicine for a Thrush in Young Children, or a Sore Mouth.*

TAKE an Egg, and put out the Meat, then fill it with the Juice of Red Sage, and set it on hot Emberstill it boyl; then skim it whilst any skum doth rise. Then take as much Al-lom beaten as the bigness of a Pea or Bean, and half a spoonful of Honey, and let this be put in the Egg and boyl it a little, and so take it off; and when 'tis cold, rub the Chil'ds Mouth as oft as you see cause.

238. *An almost Specifick Remedy for a Tenemus.*

MIX Balsam of Sulphur made with Oyl of Turpentine, with Linseed-Oyl, or some other convenient Oyl, till the Balsam be thereby so far allay'd, that the Patient may well endure it; and then let him dip his Finger in it, and make use of it as a small Suppositary two or three times, or if need be, oftner in a day.

U.

239. *An Excellent Emulsion to be used in sharpness of Urine, especially caused by Blistering Plaisters.*

TAKE Mallows two handfuls, Gum Arabick two Drams, Barley-water a sufficient quantity; boyl all to a quart, to which add sweet Almonds

Vol. II. *Mr. Boyle's Receipts.* 145

Almons blanch'd one ounce, of the four great cold Seeds, of each two Drams. Make an Emulsion, strain and add two Ounces of Syrup of Marsh-Mallows, of which drink at pleasure.

240. *A Powerful Medicine for Stoppage of Urine.*

FR Y Chervil with a sufficient quantity of Oyl of Walnuts, and apply a Cataplasim made of it very hot to the Navel (and if need be, to the Os Pubis) or Share-bone.

241. *For a Retention of Urine.*

TAke Chervil, and with fresh Hogs-Lard fry it well, and lay it very hot upon the Patient's Navil, and all the adjacent Parts, shifting it, if there be need, once or twice.

242. *An useful Powder for such as cannot hold their Urine.*

TAke Root of the Male Piony, Yellow Amber, Red Coral, and choice Gum Arabick, of each a sufficient quantity: Reduce them to fine powder, mix them well, and let the Patient take of this Mixture from 10 to 20 Grains twice a day.

243. *An easie Medicine for sharpness of Urine, and for Obstruction of the Menfes, and their flowing too much, if the Distempers be not obstinate.*

Give about half an Ounce at a time of the newly exprest Juice of Ground-Ivy in any convenient Vehicle.

244. *An Old Lithotomist's Medicine for Suppression of Urine, (given me by himself.)*

Give from about 50 Grains to one Dram for a Dose of the *Pulvis Holandi*, and if the Necessity be very urgent, you may give from one Dram, to four Scruples, or a Dram and half, not neglecting in the mean while other proper Remedies.

245. *For Suppression of Urine.*

Give about a spoonful at a time of bruised Mustard-seed in any convenient Vehicle.

246. *A try'd Medicine for a Suppression of Urine that is not very Obstinate.*

Dissolve half an Ounce of choice *Castile-Soap* in half a Pint of *White-wine*, or some appropriated Liquor; pass the Solution through a Woollen Filter, that the more greasie parts may

Vol. II. *Mr. Boyle's Receipts.* 147

may rest behind, and the Liquor pass more clear; put to this five or six Grains of Saffron: Divide it into two Doses, whereof one is to be given some few hours after the other, if the first do not Operate well.

247. *A speedy Remedy for Fits of Vomiting.*

TAKE a large Nutmeg, grate off one half of it, and roast the flat side of the other, till the Oily part begin to ouze or sweat out, then clap it to the Pit of the Patient's stomach as hot as he can well endure it, and let him keep it on whilst it continues warm, and then if need be put on another.

248. *To make an Astringent Liquor, of great use in Ulcers and (some) Wounds.*

BOYL two Drams of choice Catechu, or Japan Earth, in a quart of Spring-water; pour off the clear, and with it by Injection or otherwise dress the Ulcers or Wounds.

249. *For Outward Ulcers.*

TAKE the green Bark of Oak, and chop it altogether, both inside, and outside, into very small pieces. Upon these pour good Lime-water freshly made, and let them infuse in it till the Liquor has acquir'd a deep Tincture. With this dress the Ulcer once, and if need require twice a day.

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250. *The Famous Scotch Empirical Medicine
for a Stubborn Ulcer.*

BURN to Ashes, but not too much, the gross stalks on which the red Colewort (not Cabbage) grows, and with any fit Additament, make thereof a Cataplasm to be apply'd to the Ulcer, and shift it at reasonable distances of time.

251. *A Remedy against the Bittings of Vipers,
and other Venomous Creatures.*

AS soon as ever one is bitten (for if the Poyson be diffus'd through the Mass of Blood, the Experiment may not succeed) a hot Iron may be held as near the Wound as the Patient can possible endure, till it has, as they speak, drawn out all the Poyson, which will sometimes adhere like a yellowish spot to the surface of the Iron.

252. *Medicines against Vomiting of Blood out of
several Parts.*

TAKE two Drams of Henbane-seed, and the like weight of white Poppy-seed; beat them up with an Ounce of Conserve of Red Roses, of which give to the quantity of a Nutmeg or Walnut.
Or, Take the express'd Juice of twelve handfuls of Plantain-Leaves, and six Ounces of fresh Comfrey-Roots, well beaten together with

a convenient quantity of fine Sugar. Those two Medicines have wonderful effects to stop Bleeding.

253. A Simple but powerful Remedy for fresh Wounds.

TAKE the Juice of Celandine, and dress with it Recent Wounds and Cuts, instead of a Balsam.

254. To make a Simple, but Excellent Balsam to stench the Blood of fresh Wounds newly made, and to heal them speedily.

TAKE good Venice Turpentine, and in a Limbeck, or some other convenient Vessel, distil off a good part of it with a very moderate Fire, till there remains a thick Substance, yet not like Colophony, but of a Liquid and Balsamick consistence. What you have distill'd off set aside for other uses, for the remaining Substance is what we now seek for, and is to be apply'd as a Balsam both *per se*, and with Plasters and other helps.

255. An Excellent Wound-Drink.

TAKE Harts-tongue, Liverwort, Wood-Bugle, Wood-Sage, Wood-Betony, Southernwood, Wormwood, Alehoof, Bugloss, Scabious, Ribwort, White-bottles, Mugwort, Comfrey, Mint, H3, Agrimony.

250. *The Famous Scotch Empirical Medicine
for a Stubborn Ulcer.*

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252. *Medicines against Voiding of Blood out of
several Parts.*

TAKE two Drams of Henbane-seed, and the like weight of white Poppy-seed: beat them up with an Ounce of Conserve of Red Roses, of which give to the quantity of a Nutmeg or Walnut.

OR, Take the express'd Juice of twelve handfuls of Plantain-Leaves, and six Ounces of fresh Comfrey-Roots, well beaten together with

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Agrimony, Strawberry and Violet-leaves, Cinquefoil, Daisie-Leaves, Roots, and Flowers, Wild Honey-suckles, Wild Angelica, Avents, Plantane, Clowns, Wound-wort, Haw-thorn-buds, Oak-buds, and Bramble-buds,

Gather these Herbs in *May*, or as many as can then be had; the buds in *March* as soon as ever they put forth, before they come to Leaves; measure them, and take equal quantities of them, and dry them severally in the shade, and when througly dried put them up in Bags, and so keep them for use.

How to make the Drink.

Take one Gallon of Spring-water, one Pot-tle of the best White-wine, add to this two good handfuls of all the Herbs, mingled well together being dried, but if green, then one good handful of each. Boyl them in a Pipkin or Iron Pot to the consumption of the half; then strain it out, and put to the Liquor a quart of Honey, and let it boyl again, and skim it, and when it's cold, put it up into Bottles stop't very close, then let the Patient drink thereof Morning and Evening about a quarter of a Pint at a time (some use only three Spoonfuls at a time) fasting after taking of it one hour or two. Observe, the Liverwort is ever best to be put in green. If you make use of this for any Sore or Ulcer in the Body, lay any Seas cloath or Plaister to it, of Unguentum Apostol. or Minium, or such like, as they use for Wounds in the Body, or a Plaister of Hony and Wax.

This

This Drink is effectual for Sores old or new, Womens Breasts, putrified Bones, causing them to scale; 'tis good for any Ach in the Stomach, for the Kings-Evil it hath cured, also caused Bullets in the Flesh to come out, having long continued there. Sir Jo. Mince was healed by drinking of this, being wounded through the Loyns.

256. *A quick Remedy for a small and fresh Cut, or Wound.*

LE T the Patient speedily plunge the hurt part into Brandy, and keep it there for a while, till the Pain, which will be excited, be extinguish'd, or much abated: Or if the Part be unfit for this Operation, the Liquor may be apply'd to it immediately with a soft Sponge, &c.

257. *A good Vehicle for divers Remedies, and that 'tis it self useful against the Jaundies, and Worms in Children.*

TH E distill'd Water of the Husks of Walnuts is a very good Vehicle in divers Diseases, particularly in Jaundies; 'tis a Cordial, and exceeding proper to be mixt with Julaps in Fevers. 'Tis also an excellent Antiverminary, or Medicine against the Worms, especially for Children.

258. *A powerful Medicine for White Fluors,
(and the like Distempers.)*

Take a Pottle of Ale, and shred into it two Ounces of white *Ichthyocolla* (Isinglass,) and in a loosely stop'd Vessel, let the Liquor simmer till about half is wasted; strain the rest, and give of it two or three Ounces at a time once or twice a day, as need shall require.

259. *A tryed Medicine for an Ulcus Uteri.*

Take of true and choice *Bitumen Judaicum*, or *Asphaltum*, and having reduc'd it to very fine Powder, let the Patient take of it about a Dram at a time in any proper Vehicle, once or twice a day.

260. *An Excellent Water to preserve the Sight.*

TO half an Ounce of Celandine-Water, and two drams of Succory-water, mixt together, put two or three drops of clarify'd Honey, and shake them all together when you are to use them. Of this Water let fall a drop or two into the Eye once or twice a day. It will not keep above three or four days, especially in Summer, and therefore must be often renewed.

261. *A try'd Medicine for a Whitloe.*

TAKE House Snails and beat them, shells and all, in a Stone or Wooden Mortar, so long till they be reduc'd to the Consistence of a Cataplasin; which apply somewhat warm to the Part affected, and keep it on for 16 or 24 hours, renewing it then if need be.

262. *A powerfully Dissolving Oyntment for Warts, and divers Tumors.*

TAKE May-Butter, and having melted it in a moderate heat, mix with it very diligently but by little and little, as much Oyl of Tartar *per deliq.* as will give it a sensible, but not a considerably strong taste.

263. *An Experienced Remedy for Bloody Water.*

TAKE Waters of the black Alder, of Mal-lows, of each three Ounces, Syrup of Gom-frey one Ounce: mix them, and let the Pati-ent take four Spoonfuls immediately; and four or five times a day.

264. To make a well Experimented Lime Water.

TAKE fresh Quick-lime 2 Pound, on which pour two Gallons of Water boyling hot; when they have stood together about 24 hours, pour off the clear, and into one Gallon of this, put of Anniseeds, Liquorish, and Sassafras thinly slic'd, of each four Ounces. Let them infuse for 24 or 48 hours in a cover'd Vessel; then take a pound and a half of *Smirna* Raisins (which some call great blew Currans) wash'd and stamp'd. Let these infuse for a few hours, and then pass the whole Mixture first through a Sieve, and then through a woollen Bag. The Dose is about a quarter of a pint warm twice a day.

265. *An Experienc'd Medicine to Correct the peccant Humour in the Kings-Evil.*

TAKE half an Ounce of Cattle-Bone dry'd, till it may be finely powder'd. Give this to the Patient for one Dose.

266. *An*

266. *An Excellent and often-try'd Glyster in Fluxes, especially in sharp Humors, and some other Distempers of the Bowels.*

IN a Quart of New Milk boyl softly two small spoonfuls of grossy powder'd Rice, till it be brought to the consistence of Cream, then dissolve in it two Ounces of our Suet of Sheep-Kidneys, and having strain'd it to keep back the Fibres, give it at once for a Lavement.

267. *A Cure for Schrophula's, and the Kings-Evil.*

TAKE a handful of *Paronychia folio rutaceo*, call'd Rue Whitlow-grass, and by some, Felon-wort, boyl it every Morning in a quart of small Beer, strain it, and drink it for your ordinary Drink. It wastes the peccant Humor, appeases the Pains, discusses the unbroken Tumors, and heals the broken ones.

268. *Against Epilepsies, or the Falling Sickness.*

TAKE of the Powder of the true Misseltoe of the Oak as much as will lye upon a Sixpence, early in the Morning, in Black Cherry-water, for some days near the Full Moon.

269. *A simple Remedy for the Stone.*

Take *Persicaria*, or Asmart, as much as you please, Distil it in a common Rose-water Still, and give some spoonfuls of it in or before the Fits.

270. *An Excellent Remedy against Fluxes.*

Take unsalted Butter, boyl it gently till a pretty part be consum'd, skimming it diligently from time to time, whilst it stands over the Fire: Of this Butter melted give now and then a considerable quantity, as the Patient is able to bear it. This Medicine was very Successful in Ireland.

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Mr. Boyle's
Woman's
Cherry-water

A

SUPPLEMENT TO Mr. Boyle's Collections,

*Of Safe and Choice Remedies, taken from
his own Manuscripts, added to this
Fourth Edition, never Printed before.*

271. *An excellent and often experienced Medicine
for Convulsions, especially in Children.*

Take a Pound of the true single Piony
Roots, scrape and slice them as thin
as Paper into three Pints of White-
wine, infuse it all Night on Embers
in a Pipkin close cover'd and pasted up: In the
Morning strain it out hard, and put in a quar-
ter of an Ounce of Castor in fine Powder, an
Ounce of the best Spirit of Castor, 30 Grains
of the Mols of a Dead Mans Scull, and 30 Grains
of the Scull it self: Put all these into a strong
Glass that is very dry, and shake them half an
Hour with all your might. It may be given in
a Fit: A spoonful to a young Child; to a Man

158 *Mr. Boyle's Receipts. Vol. II.*
or a Woman a wine Glas; I usually mix Black-
Cherry-water with it.

272. *The Pills for the Dropsy that are much us'd
by a Person, esteem'd for the Cures he has done
on that Disease.*

Take Gambogia, Gum Ammoniacum, of each a
Dram and a half Diagridium, and Tartar
Viniolate a Dram, with Syrup of Buckthorn,
make a Mass for Pills. Dose from 15 Grains
to half a Dram.

273. *An easy but effectual Medicine for the rough-
ness of the Lips, and to heal Parts that have the
Scarf-Skin worn off.*

Take two Parts of Wax, and one of the
freshest Butter, melt and incorporate them
over a gentle Fire; and then let the mixture
drop into small Cakes, upon a glaz'd Tile or a
Plate (whether Pewter or Silver) dipt in Wa-
ter, or else upon a piece of wetted white Paper.

274. *A good and try'd way to make an Artifi-
cial Wine, that is soon drinkable and serve to
keep the Body soluble.*

Take a Gallon of boiling Water, and pour it
upon three Pound of Raysons in the Sun,
ston'd and well bruis'd by squeezing and pressing,
get out the Juice as thorowly as you can from
the Skins, &c. and having strain'd, put to it a
Pound of brown Sugar-Candy. A

275. *A not unpleasant Purge for Children and Delicate Persons.*

IN the Yolk of an Egg dissolve, by rubbing them very well in a clean Glass or Stone Mortar, about six Grains of choice Refin of Jalap finely poudered, and when the Solution is made, incorporate with it little by little, two or three Ounces of Succory, or some other convenient water, which by this Operation, will be turned white, and make a kind of Emulsion, which you must sweeten at pleasure, either with fine Sugar or some laxative Syrup, and give it in a Morning fasting. *Cum Custodia.*

276: *An ingenious Chymists Arcana for the Stone.*

TAKE Borax finely powder'd, and make it up with some choice Turpentine into Pills, whereof one Dose ought to contain from a Scruple to two Scruples; wash these down with some few Spoonfuls of the Tincture of *Lignum Nephriticum* made in Water, or of Cochineel, or if the Case be urgent, you may give from 20 to 30 Grains of the Borax, and about a 5th part of Myrrhe, dissolve in a couple of Spoonfuls of the Tincture of *Lignum Nephriticum*.

277. *An uncommon but try'd Medicine to make a quick Exfoliation of a Carious Bone.*

TAKE the Thigh-bone of a halged Person, (if it can be had of such a Body, else another may be substituted) and having burnt it

to blackness, but not calcin'd it, reduce it to fine Powder, which is to be carefully strow'd all over the part to be exfoliated, after some Drops of Chymical *Oleum Sabinae*, have been employ'd to wet and soften the Part, and make the Powder stick well; this done, dress it up S. A. and 'twill seldom require a Third, if it do a Second Application.

278. *An experienced Medicine for Madnes (Mania) not very obstinate.*

TAKE two Ounces of the Berry's of Box, and infuse them warm in (a close Vessel) in a Quart of Claret, or red Wine for 48 Hours; then decant the Liquor, and put to it an equal quantity of the distill'd Water of Vervain, and of this mixture, let the Patient take six or eight Ounces at a time, and compose himself to sweat and rest after it. This must be daily done for a pretty while together, if need requires.

279. *To prevent a Gangreen upon a great Pain, and to Strengthen the Part.*

TAKE of Melilot Plaister, and Diapalma equal-parts, and having melted and well incorporated them together, make thereof a thin Plaister, which being prickt full of Moles, is to be laid upon the inflam'd or bruised Part, first lightly Scarify'd.

280. An excellent Plaister to discuss Tumors (even Scrophulous) that may be resolved and ripping those that it cannot dissipate.

INcorporate exactly with the Emplastrum de Saponi, about a Fourth Part of Balsamum Sulphuris Terebinthinari, and use it as a Plaister for the above mention'd purposes. N. B. In want of this you may imploy Diachylon cum gummis, renewing it once in two or three Days.

281. A Parable Medicine to drive away Gravel and Small Stones.

TAKE the thick Skin, that is found in the Gizzard of a Cock or Hen (but nota Capon) and having warily dry'd it till it be grown pulverable; give from a Scruple to two Scruples of it, in a Draught of any convenient Vehicle.

282. An excellent Remedy for Whirloes on the Fingers.

TAKE a Reddish, or at least a blackish Snail, of that Sort that has no House or Shell, and having beaten it in a Mortar that is not Mettalline to the consistence of a Poultice, apply it to the Part affected, renewing it if need be once or twice, after it has been kept on for some Hours.

283. To make one Spie out Rheum that swells the Gums, and therewith causeth the Tooth-ach.

Dissolve a Spoonful of good Musterd in about a Pint of French Wine (Clarer or White) and having warm'd it a little, let the Patient from time to time wash his Mouth with it, and hold it therein for a pretty while together.

284. To give Ease in the Fit of the Gout.

Take three parts of Oyl of Turpentine, and one of Chymical Oyl of Spike, shake them well together, with this mixture anoint the Parts lightly.

285. An excellent Eye-water to preserve from Rheums, especially sharp ones.

Take two Parts of Celandine and one of Eye-bright, and distill thence (N. B.) in Balneo, a Water or Liquor, which you must put upon Exquisitely pulveris'd Lapis Calaminaris, and let them digest together in an exactly clos'd Vessels for some Weeks, adding before you use it, a third Part of Brandy, afterwards continue upon the Powder as long as you imploy the Liquor.

286. To make an Excellent and often try'd Medicine for the Stone, whether of the Kidnies or Bladders.

Take of pure Whiewine, or Rhenish-wine, and of Fennel Water each one Pint. Into this Mixture putt half an Ounce of (Wood-lice) alive and well cleansed; of a middling Size, and one Lemon slic'd, let them infuse in a Vessel well stopp'd, for 3, 4, or 5 Days, and then let the Patient take about four Ounces at a time twice a Day.

287. An almost specifick Remedy for the Thrush in Children.

Take Houseleek freshly gather'd, crush it well between two Plates, or otherwise till you have squeez'd out the Juice; mix this with live Honey, enough to make it somewhat sweet, and then put to it as much finely powder'd Roch-Allom, as will give it a little tartness, put some of this Mixture with a Quil, or a Feather down the Patients Throat, as far as conveniently may be; if there be need, the Part affected may be touch'd once more within an Hour after.

288. For the Yellow Jaundice.

Take Rhubarb two Drams, Saffron, Mace, of each a Dram, Hempseed one Handful; bruise

bruise them, and put therein a Quart of White-Wine, and set it in a gentle heat to extract, then take Mornings and Evenings in an empty Stomach, about a quarter of a Pint, and when all is spent, pour on some more Wine upon the Ingredients, adding a little fresh Rhubarb and Saffron, and use it as before.

289. *An almost Specifick Medicine for Agues.*

TAKE Refin of Scammony 12 Grains, Diaphoretic Antimony, and Crystals of Tartar, of each 8 Grains; mix these carefully, and give them for one Dose, an Hour before the Fit comes.

290. *To make a Nephritick Tincture, often found to relieve in the Stone.*

TAKE Oyster-Shells and calcine them till they be very white; of these take two Parts, and one of Rhenish-Wine-Tartar, pulverise these apart very well, and then mix them diligently, pour on the Mixture a little fair Water, and let the Ingredients work on each other, till the Conflict be over; then stir the Mixture with a Stick, and pour on some more Liquor; and when the Effervescence ceases, put on a little more, and so proceed till no Conflict be made. Evaporate to a kind of soft Mucilage, digest this a while, decant the Liquor and filter it, and you will have it, if it be not too Flegmatick, of a fine red Colour. Of this the

Dose.

Vol. II. Mr Boyle's Receipts. 169

Dose is from 10, or 15 to 30 Drops or more, in any convenient Vehicle.

291. *An almost Specifick Medicine for Exculcerations in the Kidnies.*

TAKE Jer, and having reduc'd it to fine Powder, give of it about half a Dram for a Dose, in some good White-wine in the Morning fasting, and at Bed-time for some days together.

292. *An almost Specifick Medicine for the Jaundice.*

WITH Small Ale, or at least not very Strong, draw a deep green Tincture from fresh Sheeps Dung, and in a small draught of this, give from half a Dram to a Dram of a Powder'd Mixture, consisting of four Parts of Turmeric, and one of English Saffron. This Dose may be given twice, or if need be thrice a Day, having a care that the Patient whom it will dispose to Sweat, keep very warm, and so whilst the Operation lasts.

293. *An useful Medicinal Aliment for them that are troubled with Pains of the Stone.*

LET the Patient eat five or six Onions roasted, and sparingly Butter'd, either in the Morning fasting, or at Meals, or at other Times, if the Case be urgent. N. B. The distilled Water of

of Onions, is likewise of good use in the same Distemper.

294. *An experienced Oynment for the Worms in Children.*

TAKE Rue, Woomwood, and Savine, of each a Sufficient quantity, and with May, or other unsalted Butter, or else with fresh Hogs-lard, boil the Herbs softly, till you have brought the Mixture to be very Green. Then Strain it and Pot it up for use, when you imploy it, anoint with it, first the Pit of the Stomach, and part of the Chest a little above it, and then after a while rub it pretty well upon, and all about the Navil.

295. *An often tried Cataplasim to break a sore Breast, &c.*

TO the yolks of four Eggs, take four Ounces of live Hony, mix them by grinding well together, with about half a Pint of Red or Claret wine, and apply this mixture as a kind of Pultise, to the Part affected.

296. *For an Ague.*

TAKE the Sut that is in a Bakers Chimney, and Mustard, and Rue, and Whitewine Vinegar, and Sallet Oyl, and some white Pepper, and Ginger, and make a Pultis of it, and lay it

Vol. II. Mr. Boyle's Receipts: 167

it to the Pulse of his or her Arms, and let it lie a Fortnight or three Weeks, if you will lay it on just before the Fit come.

297. *A very often experienced Medicine for Cankers in the Mouth and elsewhere.*

TAKE Flowers of Sulphur one Ounce, Roch Allom, crude and finely pulveriz'd, half an Ounce; mix these very well together, and incorporate them with as much good Hony, as will serve to bring the Mixture to the consistence of a Liniment, to be apply'd from time to time to the Part affected.

298. *An easie but effectual Medicine to Stop Bleeding, in Wounds, and check some other Hemorrhages.*

STREW upon the Part, the Powder of clear Rosin beaten very small.

299. *A very good Drink for Children, whose sore Eyes are suspected to be Scrophulous.*

TAKE of ground Ivy and Arch-Angel, (Leaves Flowers and all) of each half an Handful, pour on them a Pint of boiling Spring Water, and proceed as in making of Coffee, let the Patient drink a Moderate Cup of this two, three, or four times a Day; but if you would have it stronger, you may put to a quarter of a Handful of each of these, two or three Drams of Pilewort

168 Mr Boyle's Receipts. Vol. II.

Pilewort Roots, which must be put to infuse all Night alone in the Water, which being thus impregnated, you must then boil, and be used as before.

300. For Scrophulous Humours of Children, Eyes
(and other Parts.)

TAKE Figwort, and put two handfuls of it to a Pottle of small Ale, of this give a quarter or half a Pint at a Dose. The Operation will be promoted by quenching seven or eight times in this Liquor, a Gad of Steel about eight or ten Inches long.

301. Against a Vertigo.

TAKE of Cyprus Roots two Ounces, of Anise-Seed half an Ounce; make of both a very fine Powder; and take as much as you can lay on a Sixpence, in a Spoonful of Wine, Beer, or Ale, when you go to Bed. This Medicine continued for five Nights, (besides other Patients,) cured a Woman, who for divers Years was troubled with a Vertigo, and had used all sorts of other Remedies, prescribed to her by London Physicians to little or no purpose.

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*These following Publisht by the
Honourable Author, and Printed
for J. Taylor.*

1. **A** Free Enquiry into the Vulgarly Received Notion of *Nature*, Addressed to a Friend in *English* and *Latine*.

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Medicinal Experiments :
OR, A
COLLECTION
OF
Choice Remedies,

Chiefly *Simple*, and easily prepared : Useful in Families, and fitted for the Service of Country People.

*By the Honourable R. BOYLE Esq;
late Fellow of the Royal Society.*

The Third and Last Volume.

Published from the Author's Original
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The Fourth Edition Corrected.

Whereunto is added,
Several other Useful Notes explanatory of the same.

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Printed for J. Taylor, at the Ship
in St. Paul's Church-yard, 1752.

THE
PREFACE.

THE Honourable
Robert Boyle
Esq; Deceased,
hath gratified the whole
Race of Mankind by his
Publick Labours. The
World may be divided in-
to the Learned and the
Unlearned Part thereof.
The former he much obli-
ged

A 3

The Preface.

ged by his Elaborate Discourses on several Subjects : The latter, which are far more numerous, he hath condescended also to oblige, by consulting their Health in the ensuing Receipts. For, whereas the ordinary and inferior Sort of Men either have not Ability (by reason of the Tenuity of their Estates) to reward Physicians ; or by reason of the Remoteness of their Habitations, have not Opportunity to Consult them :

The Preface.

them: Here they have Remedies provided to their Hands, and almost at their own Doors; some of which the Learned Collector had Experience of Himself; and others were recommended to him by credible Persons, who had Experienced their Benefit in them selves, or their Friends.

And though those ways of Probation might be sufficient to justify their Publication;

The Preface.

yet such was the scrupulous Care and Zeal of this Author, that he would not suffer them to see the Light, till they had been first perused by some Eminent Physicians of his Acquaintance; to whom he was pleased to commit the Supervisal of his Medicinal Receipts, both Galenical and Chymical.

This Century bears the Name of Parable Receipts; because they may be easily procured and prepared.

The Preface.

pared by Country People, as their respective Diseases do require.

What comes forth in the Name of Mr. Boyle, and is genuinely His, needs no farther Recommendation.

His Ipse Dixit is sufficient, and such are these Prescripts, as being found among his many other Papers of like Import, which in time may be Published also.

The Preface.

I shall therefore only re-
commend them and their
Success to the Blessing of
God, the alone Giver,
Preserver and Restorer of
Health.

J. W.

THE INDEX.

A

	Page
A After birth to bring away	6
Ague to prevent or Cure	8, 9, 52
Agues Tertian	9
Ague	21, 30
Arching of a hollow Tooth	25
Apoplectic Fits	28
Astmatic Distempers	39, 55
Aqua Ophthalmica.	42

Body

The INDEX

B

	Page
B ody bound, to loosen	24, 54
Biting of a Viper	20
Blood-shot Eyes	4, 52
Blood to stench	7, 37, 39, 56
Burns	10, 37, 56
Burns recent	13
Breath shortness	22
Blood to sweeten	23
Bloody Flux	3, 25, 38, 38.
Belly Fluxes	36
Blood Cleansing by Troches of Vipers	45
Burn or Scald in the Eye	4
Bruise of the Eye.	32, 59

Cata-

THE INDEX

C.

Page

C Ataract beginning	49
Cold newly taken, a good Medicine	I
Corns, a try'd Medicine	7, 37, 56
Cholic	9
Cholic, a simple Remedy	II
Costiveness	24, 54
Convulsive Fits	35
Cholic, a Medicine	45
Cinamon Drink for Gripes	26
Courses to provoke	27
Contusion of the Eye	32, 46, 47

D.

Page

D Dropsy	3, 51
Dentifrice Innocent	5, 52
Distempers of the Genus Nervosum	6
Dend	

The INDEX.

<i>Dead Child to bring away</i>	6
<i>Defluxions of Rheum</i>	8
<i>Deafness</i>	10
<i>Drink for the Scurvy</i>	13
<i>Drink for the King's-Evil</i>	16, 53
<i>Dysentery</i>	3, 25, 38, 38
<i>Dysenteric Fluxes</i>	38
<i>Defluxion in the Eyes</i>	48
<i>Dry Inflammation</i>	50

E

	Page
E <i>Eyes that are foul, a good Water</i>	2, 42
<i>Eyes Inflamed</i>	4, 15, 26, 29, 39, 52, 54
<i>Eyes burnt or scald</i>	4
<i>Electuary, Purging</i>	15
<i>Erysipelas</i>	33, 55
<i>Eye-Water by a Famous French-Man</i>	41
<i>Eye-Water, a caution about the Vi-</i>	tri-

The INDEX.

<i>triolate</i>	46
<i>Eye-Water famous.</i>	57
<i>Eyes red</i>	26, 39, 50, 54, 57
<i>Eyes to strengthen, subject to Rheums</i>	48, 58
<i>Eye-lids sore</i>	49
<i>Eyes bruised</i>	32, 46, 47
<i>Eyes dry</i>	43
<i>Eyes with hot and sharp humours</i>	48
<i>Eyes pained</i>	50

F.

	Page
F ilms of the Eyes	47, 59
Fluxes of the Belly	3, 26, 36, 51, 54
Fits of a Furor Uterinus	12
Fits of the Head ach	22
Fluor-Albus in Women	33
Fumigation for Pains in the Eyes, and over-great driness, and when one fears the beginning of a Cataract	49
	Fits

The INDEX

Fits of the Mother 6, 44

Furor Uterinus to cure 12

G

Page

G *Ravel to Expel* 17, 33

G *Gleerings, a good Lignor* 20

Gripes and Fluxes 26, 34

Conorrhœa 32

Gums to fasten and help 5

Gums Scorbutick 46, 59

H

Page

H *Head to clear* 3

H *Head-ach* 11, 22

Hiccup in Fevers ibid.

Hordeum on the Eye-lids 39

Hysterick Affections 6

Humours hot and sharp in the Eyes 48

In

The INDEX.

I

	Page
I nflammation of the Eyes	15, 29,
	52,
Itch, a good Medicine	23
Inflammation dry	50

K

	Page
K ings-Eyes, a useful Drink	16, 53,
	60
Kings-Evil, an approved Remedy	18

L

	Page
L eprosy, a Specificke	11

Me-

The INDEX.

M

	Page
M <i>edicine for the Dropſie</i>	3
<i>Medicine for Hysterical Affections</i>	6
<i>Medicine for Genus Nervosum</i>	ibid.
<i>Medicine to cleanse the Womb</i>	12
<i>Medicine for the Tooth-ach</i>	14
<i>Menses ſuppreſſed</i>	27
<i>Medicine to kill Tetters</i>	31
<i>Medicine to prevent Drineſs, and ſome other Diſaffections of the Eyes</i>	43
<i>Medicine for the Stone, by a famous Emperic</i>	44
<i>Medicine for Fits of the Mother</i>	6,
	44
<i>Medicine for the Cholic</i>	45
<i>Medicine Scorbutick Gums, and to ſaſten the Teeth.</i>	46, 59

Medic

The INDEX

Medicine for a Stroke or Contusion of
the Eyes 49

Another excellent Medicine for a Bruise
in the Eye. 47

O

Oculorum Propter gravedinem &
dolorem Page 50

P

Pain of the Teeth, from Rheum. 2,
25

Pain in the Eyes 50

Plaster preferred to the Soap plaster 19

Pericarpium for Agues 29

Pleurisie 25, 38

Piles 36

Plaster

The INDEX.

Plaiſter to ſtrengthen the eyes and ſtop Deſluxions	48
Powder Styptick	7
Purging Electuary for Children	15

R.

	Page
R elaxation of the Uvula	40
Redneſs of the Eyes	26, 39, 50, 54, 57
Remedy for an Ague	8, 21, 30
Rheums a powerful Medicine	8, 40
Remedy to take off Films, and ſuch like things from the Eyes	47, 59
Remedy for ſharp and hot Humours in the Eyes.	48
Rheumatiſtick pain of the Teeth	2
Running of the Reins to cure	32
Rheums to ſtop	40
Running of the Eyes	48, 48, 58

Soap

The INDEX.

S

	Page
S oap Plaister for the Gout	19
Sight to strengthen	12
Scurvy beginning	13
Stone in the Bladder	14
Strains Recent	29, 55
Sternutatory to clear the Head	3
Shortness of breath	22
Scrophulous Ulcers	28
Sores and Ulcers	34
Scorbutick Gums	46, 59
Stroke of the Eyes	32, 59
Sleep wanting	34
Stenching of Blood	7, 37, 39, 56
Stone a famous Medicine	44, 58, 60
Stoppage of Urine	17, 21

Terms

The INDEX.

T

	Page
T Erms to provoke	27
Teeth to fasten	5, 59
Tumours, a Fomentation	ibid.
Tooth-ach	8, 14, 19, 25
Tooth Hollow	19, 25
Teeth to fasten	46
Tumours from sharp Humours	5
Tetters to kill	31

U

	Page
U Rine to provoke	17, 53
Viper biting	20
Urine suppress	17, 21
Vapours of the Spleen	22
Ulcers, an excellent Medicine	24
Ulcers Scrophulous	28
Uvula relaxed	40, 57
Ulcers and Sores	34
Vitriolate Eye-water	46
	Weak-

The INDEX.

W

	Page
W <i>Weakness to help</i>	45
<i>Womb Madness to cure</i>	12
<i>Womb to cleanse</i>	12
<i>Womb of a Puerpera, to cleanse</i>	6
<i>Wounds Green to heal</i>	27
<i>Whites in Women</i>	33, 56

F I N I S.

INDEX

W

Page

45

12

11

10

9

8

7

6

5

4

3

2

1

W. H. H. to help
W. H. H. to help

W. H. H. to help

W. H. H. to help

W. H. H. to help

W. H. H. to help

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A
COLLECTION
OF

Choice and Safe
REMEDIES.

The Third Volume.

1. *A good Medicine for a newly taken, though violent Cold.*

TAKE about four Ounces of Spring-Water, and in a convenient Vessel, put to it three Leaves of good Tussilago (Colts-foot) and a pugil of Maiden hair, and a Stick of Liquorish, for bigness and length, like the furthest Joynt of the little Finger; make the water warm, and when 'tis ready to boil, put in the forementioned Ingredients, (the
B Li-

2 *Mr. Boyle's Receipts. Vol. III.*

Liquorish being first slic'd and minc'd, cover the Pot well, let it boil for a few walmes, then take it off the Fire, and having presently strained it, let the Patient drink it hot like Tea, he being already in bed; do this three or four Nights consecutively, or till there be no more need of the Medicine.

2. *A good Water for the Eyes that are foul, and pain'd by sharp Humors.*

Take prepared Pearl and Coral, Ana one scruple, *Aloes Cabalina*, finely powdered three grains, red Rose-water and Succory water Ana one Ounce, mix them well; and if you would have the Mixture stronger, put in a very few grains of *Trochisci albi Rhasis* in very fine Powder.

3. *A good Medicine for pain of the Teeth that comes from Rheum.*

Of the Pouder of white Helebores, put into a clean linnen Rag, like a Nodule, of about the bigness of the largest sort of Peas, or somewhat greater, and let the Patient hold it between his Teeth, with his Head and Face somewhat inclined, that the Rheum may run freely out of his Mouth.

4. *An Experienced Sternutatory to clear the Head.*

LET the Patient snuff up in the Morning fasting, a small Spoonful, or less, of the clarify'd Juice of *Hædera terrestris*, i. e. Ground-Ivy, or of Beets, spitting out from time to time as much Liquor as comes into his Mouth.

-
5. *An often try'd Remedy for the Dysentery and sharp Fluxes of the Belly.*

GIVE from fifteen to twenty grains of carefully made *Mercurius Dulcis*, incorporated with about two Ounces of *Catholicon*, or else with about one scruple of roasted, or somewhat less of untoasted *Rhubarb*.

See Numb. (1.)

-
6. *A good, though uncommon, Medicine for the Dropsie.*

TAKE *Virginian Snake weed* a sufficient quantity, and having cut and slic'd it very small, infuse it into a competent quantity of good Sack, till the Liquor be very strong-ly impregnated with the Plant. Of this Infusion

4 *Mr. Boyle's Receipts. Vol. III.*

fusion let the Patient take three, four, or five, Spoonfuls at a time (or more if the case be urgent) when the Stomack is empty.

See Numb. (2.)

7. *An often Experienced Medicine for Blood-shot, or Inflamed Eyes.*

CUt a new-laid Egg boiled hard, into two halves (without taking out the Yelks) and apply one of these considerable warm, but not too hot, to the part affected, and keep it on for some hours, (six or eight if it need so long.) *Note well,* To the same purpose, you may apply with good effect, a Poultis made of a rotten Apple, the Cold being first quite taken off.

See Numb. (3.)

8. *An Excellent Remedy for a Burn or Scald in the Eye.*

TAke Mucilages of Quince-seed, Fleawort, Linseed, and Fenugreek seed, of each one Scruple ; boil it very lightly in four Ounces of Betony-water, filter it, and apply it to the Part.

9. *A good and innocent Dentifrice.*

TAKE Mastick and Dragon's Blood, of each a sufficient quantity; poulder them, and mix them together, and let the Patient use them as a Dentifrice.

See Numb. (4.)

10. *To correct the Laxity of the Gums, and fasten the Teeth.*

TO a Pint of Red or Claret Wine, take about two Drams of Japan Earth, and having dissolv'd so much as you can, pour off the clear, and let the Patient wash his Mouth therewith from time to time.

11. *An uncommon, but effectual Fomentation for Tumors, accompany'd with sharp Humors.*

TO a Gallon of Spring-water, put as much dryed Sage, as you judge will afford a Decoction strong enough of the herb. Into this, when it first grows hot, cast about two Ounces or some Drams of Castle-Soap, and let it dissolve there till your Decoction be complear,

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pleated. With this and Stupes, foment the part for a good while together.

12. *A rare Medicine for Hysterical Affections, and several Distempers of the Genus Nervosum.*

TAKE one Ounce, or a sufficient quantity of Volatile Salt of Harts-horn, (which need not be exactly pure) and drop on it as much Spirit of Tartar as will serve to satiate it, when the conflict is quite ceas'd. Digest the mixture for a while, that it may acquire a red Colour, and keep it carefully stop'd for Use, and give four or five drops twice a day in any convenient Vehicle.

13. *An often prov'd Remedy to bring away what is or should not be left in the Womb of a Puerpera, though it were part of a Dead Child.*

WITH the Juice of Sheeps Sorrel, and some of the strong infusion of the same Herb (unpress'd) in Water, and a sufficient quantity of Sugar, make a Syrup : Of which let the Patient take about a Spoonful, (a little more or less as need may require twice or thrice a day.)

14. *An*

14. *A try'd Medicine to take away
Corns.*

THe parts being made soft with Bathing and Scrap'd, apply to the Corn a plaister of Shoe-maker's-wax; but if the part be very tender, your Plaister may consist of equal parts of Shoe-maker's-wax and Diapalma melted together, and spread somewhat thin.

- 15: *To make an Excellent Styptick Powder to stench
Blood.*

TAke of White Sugar-Candy, Roch Al-
lom burnt (but not too much calcin'd)
and white Vitriol, and pulverize them excee-
ding well, and mix them diligently, and having
dip'd Pledgers of Flax or Lint, moistned with
the White of an Egg into this Powder, apply
them to the Orifices of the Bleeding parts.
Note well, 'twill do very well after the dry
Ingredients are mix'd, to grind them with as
much Whites of Eggs beaten to water, as will
make a Paste, which is afterwards to be
thoroughly dry'd in the Air, and then again re-
duced to Powder.

16. For a Tooth-ach, proceeding from Defluxion
or Rheum from the Gums.

Dissolve one Ounce of choice Japan Earth,
in a Pint at least of good Red or Claret
Wine, and let the Patient hold it in his Mouth
often, and good a while together.

17. To prevent the Fit of an Ague, or cure that
Disease.

Take of the scraping or gratings of the
Root of Angelica half a Dram, and of
the Flowers of Antimony, mix them well,
and let the Patient take them, at the usual
times.

Note here, That the Flowers of Antimony are
not to be given inwardly in Substance, but only in
Infusion; for in Substance they will hazard Life,
bringing first strong Convulsions, and then Death:
But you may make the Medicine thus.

See Numb. (5.)

18. To make an often try'd Pericarpium for Agues,
especially Tertians.

TAKE a handful and a half of fresh Rue,
half a handful of fresh Sage, a small
spoonful of Bay-salt, and a spoonful of good
Vinegar. Beat all these very well together,
into an uniform Mass; which divide into
two parts, and make thereof two Wrist Plai-
sters, to be apply'd at the usual times before the
Fit; and to be renewed, if there be Occasi-
on, to keep them on till they grow dry and
troublesome.

19. For the Cholick.

R. ORANGE peels dry'd till one may grate
them to Powder; and when they are
pulveriz'd, take about a spoonful of the Pou-
der at a time, mix'd with a little white Sugar
to sweeten it, in or before some spoonfuls of a-
ny convenient Vehicle.

20. *An approved Remedy for Present Deafness.*

TAKE of the Breast Milk of a Woman that has had her first Male Child some time before, and drop three or four drops of it warm as it comes from the Nipple, into the part affected.

21. *A Choice Medicine for Burns.*

TAKE Goose-grease, (which the Country People call the Leaf of a Goose) and having softly melted, and a little skim'd it, squeeze into it as much freshly exprest Juice of Ground-Ivy-Leaves, as by continual stirring will bring it to the consistence of a Green Oyntment. With this anoint the part it self affected; and afterwards lay on it fine Old Rags, well dipt in the same Oyntment.

22. *An External Remedy almost Specifick for the Leprosie.*

Take Pomatum one Ounce, Flower of Sulphur one Dram, Sal Prunellæ half an Ounce, and having mixt them very well together, from time to time anoint the part affected therewith, aslong as there is need.

23. *For the Head-ach.*

Take green Hemlock, that is tender, and put it in your Socks, so that it may lie thinly between them and the Soles of your Feet; shift the Herb once a day.

24. *For the Hiccup (even in Fevers.)*

Give two, or three preserved Damsons at a time.

25. *A Simple Remedy for the Cholick.*

IN a Draught of any convenient Liquor, dissolve about one Dram of good Salt of Tartar, and let the Patient take it for one Dose.

26. *An Experienced Medoine to cleanse the Womb.*

TAKE a large white Onion, cut it into small pieces, and boyl it in about a pint of Water, or less, as if it were to be dressed for eating. And of this Decoction give seven or eight Ounces for a Dose, mix'd with about half an Ounce of fresh Oil of Walnuts.

27. *To appease the Fits of a Furor Uterinus.*

TAKE the Feathers of Partridges (it matters not much from what part of the Fowl) and burn them for a Competent time under the Patient's Nose.

28. *A very good Syrup to strengthen the Sight.*

TAKE about a small Spoonful of a Syrup made of Betony-Water, and Honey, twice thrice or four times a day.

29. *An easie prepared, but useful Drink for a beginning Scurvy.*

TO a quart of Small-Beer (of six Shillings per Barrel,) or small Ale, put over Night about a handful of Scurvy-grass leaves, and let the Patient drink this Liquor at Dinner for his ordinary drink, for six or eight Weeks together.

30. *A Parable Remedy for recent burns.*

APply as speedily as you can to the part affected, an Onion, or more, (if the burnt place be large) beaten to a Mash.

31. *For*

- 31. For the Tooth-ach.

A Pply a Plaister of Caranna to that part that burns, between the bottom of the Ear and the Temples, on the same side where the Pulsation of the Artery is the most manifestly or strongly felt.

32. *An Excellent Medicine, tho' not Curative for those that are tormented with the Stone in the Bladder.*

TAKE Poulder of Comfrey-Roots an Ounce and half, Marsh-mallow Roots three Ounces, Liquorice poulder two Drams, Seeds of Daucus of Creet two Drams, Seeds of Purslane, of Winter Cherries, of each half a dram, Nutmegs two Drams, Saffron one Dram, the Species Diamargariton frigid six Drams, Syrup of Marsh-mallows four Ounces, mix and make a soft Electuary; of which let the Sick daily take the quantity of a Walnut. It is profitable against the Stone in the Reins and Bladder, but chiefly against the latter; as also against the Strangury, Dysuria, &c.

33. *To make a Purging Electuary, especially for Children.*

TAKE an Ounce of choice Rhubarb reduc'd to fine Pouder, and eight Ounces of very good Currans, pick'd, wash'd and rub'd dry, beat these together in a Glais or Marble Mortar for near two hours. Of this Electuary let the Patient take about the bigness of a small or large Chestnut in the Morning fasting, and if need be at bed time. If the case be very urgent, the Medicine may be taken thrice in twenty four hours.

34. *An Excellent Remedy for an Inflammation of the Eyes.*

TAKE a Pippin (or other Apple) cut it into two halves, take out all the Core of each of them, fill up the Cavities with the tender tops of common Worm-wood, tie the half together, and roast the Apple well. Then bear it and the Herb together to a kind of Poulitis, and apply it warm (but not hot) to the part affected, and bind it thereon, letting it lie all Night, or if you use it in the Day time, for six or eight hours.

35. *An useful Drink for the Kings-Evil, and some Affections, that have the like Cause to it.*

TAKE a large handful (or two little Physical handfuls) of the Leaves of Ground-Ivy green, or (if the Season denies you them) well dry'd, wash off the Dust with Beer, not Water, and put the Herb into a Gallon of Ale-wort; when 'tis ripe for drinking, draw it out into Bottles, and let the Patient take a draught of it twice or thrice a day, or if it be thought fit, he may use it at Meals.

See Numb. (6.)

36. An often experienc'd Remedy to expel Gravel, and provoke supprest Urine.

Kill a black Cock or Hen, (rather than one of any other colour) take out the thick Membrane or Skin that lines the Gizzard or Stomach, and having wip'd it clean, dry it cautiously, so as it may be beaten to powder : With this mix an equal part, or half so much of choice red Coral calcin'd. Of this Mixture, give from twenty or thirty Grains, to forty or fifty Grains.

See Numb. (7.).

37. An approved Remedy for the Kings-
-Evil.

SEt a quart of new Milk on the Fire till it just boils up, then take it off, and put into it two Spoonfuls of the best Honey, and stir it till it be dissolved : And then set it on the Fire again, and let it boyl two or three walms. Then divide it into four parts, and drink one part warm, early in the Morning, another about ten of the Clock, another about four in the Afternoon, and the last a little before bed time. Do this daily for two or three Months, except you purge, which must be once a Week, taking (if a grown Man) three quarters of an Ounce of Caryocostinum dissolv'd in Posset-drink : Dress the Sores if they run, with any drawing Sear-cloath, or a Plaister of Burgundy Pitch. The Medicine, though not very promising, is very famous by the many Cures done with it, by a charitable Lady, of whose Ingenious Chaplain I procur'd it.

38. *A good Composition to stop a hollow Tooth, and appease the Pain.*

TAke two parts of fine Sugar, (that of Lisbon does best) and one part of black round Pepper, both finely powder'd and mixt; put them into a Silver spoon over two or three well kindled Coals; and when the Sugar begins to melt, take off the Spoon, and whilst the mixture is yet soft, form it into little grains for size and shape, suited to the part affected.

39. *A Plaister prefer'd by an old Physician, that often try'd it, to the common Soap Plaister.*

Mix about a Dram of Castle-Soap, with one Ounce of Diachylum, and make thereof a thin Plaister, to be worn upon the part affected.

40. *An Excellent Liquor to be used Topically in Gleeings.*

TAKE four Ounces of Spring-Water, [or Plantane-Water] and dissolve in it about one Scruple of the Sympathetic-Powder; or so much as will give it a sensible, yet but faint Vitriol-like tast: And of this mixture, inject as much as is usual of a small Syringe, every Morning and Evening, as long as need require, directing the Patient to retain the injected Liquor as long as conveniently he can.

41. *An approved Medicine in the biting of a Viper.*

TAKE of white Hore-hound, and apply the Plant well beaten into the form of a Poultris, to the part affected, and give the Patient a spoonful or two of the Juice of the same Herb to drink: 'Tis also very good for the Jaundice:

42. An almost specific Medicine for the suppression of Urine.

TAKE of *Stæchas Citrina* (in English, French Lavender) and infuse in a good heat, two handfuls of the Flowers in a pint of good Brandy, (not rectifi'd Spirit of Wine) and of this infusion, give about a small Wine-glass full at a time (diluted, if there be great need, with a sufficient quantity of some appropriated Liquor.)

43. For an Ague often try'd.

BOIL Yarrow (*Millefolium*) in new Milk, till it be tender enough to have a Cataplasma made of it. Apply this to the Patient's Wrist's, just when the cold Fit is coming on, and let lie on the parts till the Fit be gone; and if another Fit comes, use fresh Cataplasms as before.

44. *An useful Plaister, for those that are troubled with Vapours of the Spleen, and shortness of Breath, when 'tis a Nervous Affection.*

TAKE two parts of strain'd Galbanum, and one part of *Asafetida*, and make thereof, according to Art, a Plaister of about the bigness of the Palm of one's Hand, taking care to leave a broad Edg quite round, to prevent its sticking to one's Linnen, and putting a pretty large piece of Cotton in the middle, that the Gums may not touch the Navel; to which the Plaister is to be apply'd.

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45. *A slight, but excellent Medicine to take off Fits of the Head-ach.*

TAKE about a handful of fresh Rosemary, and boil it for a pretty while in a quart of common Water, then almost fill with it a pint Pot (or rather a Mug) let the Patient cover his Head and Face with a Napkin, so that he may receive the Steam as hot as he can well bear, and keep the Vessel there as long as he finds the Steam strong enough.

46. *An easie and dry Medicine for the Itch,
Præmissis Universalibus.*

BOil four Ounces of clean Quick-silver in a-
bout a Gallon and a half of Spring-water,
and let the Patient take of this between a quar-
ter and half a pint at a time, aromatising it if
he pleases with a little Lemon-peel.

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47. *An easie Medicine to purifie and sweeten the
Blood.*

TAke the *Minera* of Hungarian, or other choice
Antimony, and having ground it to ve-
ry fine Pouder, without suffering it to touch
any Metal, give of this dry *Alcohole* from
Ten Grains, to a Dram, giving it once a
day, and (unless some particular reason dis-
swade thar time) let it be at dinner, that it
may mingle with the Patient's Meat in his
Stomach.

48. *A cheap, but excellent, Medicine for Ulcers.*

TAKE one Dram at least of Corrosive Sublimate finely powder'd, dissolve it in a quart of fair Water, and let it lie there, if you have leisure, four or five days (in a light Digestion) that it may be thoroughly dissolved. Then drop in it as much Spirit of Sal Armoniac, or as much Oyl of Tartar, *per deliquium*, as will precipitate it all: Then filter it carefully, and keep it stop'd for use, which is to imbibe Dossils or Pledgets with it, and apply them to the Ulcer twice or thrice a day.

49. *An easie and innocent Medicine for Costiveness.*

BOIL in as much Broth as will serve to fill a large Porringer, about half a handful of the Leaves of common Mallows chop'd, and of this Broth (being strained) let the Patient make the first part of his Meal.

See Numb. (8.)

50. For the Aching of a hollow Tooth.

TAKE Oil of Wax, and with it moisten well a little Cotton, and thrust it up into the hollow Tooth, letting it lie there till the pain be sufficiently asswag'd.

51. An often try'd Medicine for the Bloody-Flux, being good also for Pleurisie.

GIVE the weight of an Escu D'or (or near one Dram) of the Seed of Sophia Chirurgorum, in English Flax-Seed, in two or three Spoonfuls of any convenient Vehicle, once or twice a day.

TAKE a Blanch'd Almond, and about three Grains of Camphire, and in a Glass of Marble Mortar, incorporate them by rubbing; and then add to them three of the two or three Grains of the Role-yeau, and rubbing them all the while he keeps a Ball of Linneth. Drop a little of the

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52. 12

52. *The Cinamon Drink, good in Gripes and Fluxes, &c.*

TAKE two Ounces of calcin'd Harts-horn, powder it, and boil it in three pints of Spring-water till a pint be wasted; then take it off the Fire and infuse in it, an Ounce and half of good Cinamon, setting it upon Embers in a cover'd Vessel for about an hour. Then sweeten it with Sugar to your Palate, and drink about a quarter of a pint at a time. If taken for prevention only, a fourth part of the Cinamon will serve the turn.

See Numb. (9)

53. *An easie, but useful Medicine for redness of the Eyes.*

TAKE a Blanch'd Almond, and about three Grains of Camphire, and in a Glas or a Marble Mortar, incorporate them by wary grinding; and then add to them little by little two or three Ounces of red Rose-water, still grinding them till the whole be brought to a kind of Emulsion. Drop a little of this into the part affected,

See Numb. (10.)

54. *A most excellent Balsam for any green Wound
of what nature soever.*

Oyl of St. John's-wort, and Venice Turpen-
tine, of each alike quantity, set them
over the Fire in a gentle heat, half an hour
or less, that they may incorporate. Then put
them up, and keep it for use as one of the
best of Balsams.

55. *A good Medicine for Suppression of the
Menses.*

Give for three Mornings together, about
the expected time of the Monthly Eva-
cuation, a Dram or Dram and half or there-
abouts of the Gauls and Livers of Eels dry'd
and made into Powder.

56. *An experienced Remedy to prevent Apoplectic Fits.*

MAke at the crossing of the Sutures an Issue, with Diapalma and Oil of Vitriol, and keep it open the ordinary way.

57. *To dry up, or correct the Humour that makes Scrophulous Ulcers.*

TAke of the Bone of the Cuttlefish, and having reduc'd it to an impalpable Pouder, give about one Dram of it at a time in any convenient Vehicle.

58. *An*

58. *An effectual Medicine for a recent Strain.*

TAKE a handful of Worm-wood-Leaves, and boil them in strong Ale, till the Consumption of about a third, that you may reduce them to the Form of a Cataplasm, which when you take from the Fire you must strengthen by putting into it two or at most three of Brandy, and apply it very warm, renewing it, if I need be, in twenty four hours, at least.

See Numb. (11.)

59. *For a slight Inflammation of the Eyes, as also a Hordeum growing on the Eye-lid.*

TAKE fresh Housleek, and having pound-
ed it very well to a kind of Cataplasm, cover as much as is needful of it (for example sake, to the thickness of a half-Crown, or a Crown-piece) in the fold of a Rag or Linnen-cloth, that may be so apply'd that the Cataplasm may reach the Eye and the rest of the Cloth be fastned about the Patient's Head. Let the Medicine lie on all Night, and be taken off the next Morning. Repeat this Application two or three times, in case there be need.

60 *For most Asthmatic Distempers.*

TAKE of the Roots of Elecampain, thinly slic'd, one Ounce, of the Leaves of Ground-Ivy, a good handful. Boil these in three pints of Spring-water to a quart, then strain the Decoction, sweeten it with a little live Honey, and let the Patient take it five, six or seven spoonfuls at a time. (*Note well, Remember the efficacy of Saffron in the same Disease, as 'tis commended by Mr. Ray, in his Catalogue of Plants.*)

See Numb. (12.)

61. *For an Ague.*

TAKE of the Bone, call'd Patella, 'of the Knee of a dead Man, and having reduc'd it to fine Powder, give of it as much as will lie upon a Groat or a Six-pence for one Dose, in any proper Conserve or fit Vehicle, at a convenient time (before the cold Fit.)

62. An Experienc'd Medicine to Kill Tetters.

Take of Flowers of Brimstone, Ginger and Burnt Allum, of each alike, mingle them well, and of this mixture, incorporate as much with new unsalted Butter, as is requisite to bring it to the consistence of an Unguent. With this anoint the part affected, as hot as the Patient can well endure it, and let it stay on all Night, and the next Morning wash it off with Celandine-water. But when the Patient goes to Bed, he is to take a Dose of some Alexipharmacal Medicine, as Gascon's Pouder, Treacle, &c. to keep the Humour from being driven into the Mass of Blood: He is also to bath the part oftentimes in a day, with the Celandine water.

63. To make a good Powder for a Gonorrhæa.

TAKE of choice red Coral, and of Mastich equal parts, reduce them seperately to fine Powder. Mingle them very well, and of this mixture, give about thirty or forty Grains for one Dose.

64. A choice Medicine for a slight Stroke or Bruise of the Eye.

TAKE two spoonfuls of Fennel-water, or of Betony-water, and drop into it three or four drops (or five at most) of good clarify'd Honey : Shake them well together, and use them twice or thrice a day. But you must have a care to make this Mixture fresh once in four, or at most in five days, especially in Summer; for if it be longer kept, 'twill be apt to grow sour.

65. A

65. An often try'd external Medicine for an Erysipelas.

TAKE the Blood of a Hare, ('tis best if kill'd by Hunting in March) and if you can have it fresh, anoint the part affected with it, otherwise apply on it a Linnen Rag that has (though a good while ago) thoroughly imbibed the fresh Blood of that Animal, and dry'd in the air. But if the imbrued Linnen be too hard or stiff, it must be softned with a little fair Water, and then the cold taken off, applyed to, and bound upon the part.

See Numb. (13.)

66. An Emperis much boasted Remedy for the Fluor Albus, or Whites in Women.

MAKE a strong Decoction of the Herb *Alchymilla* (in English, Ladies Mantle,) and let the Patient drink of it about half a pint every Morning fasting; and if the case be urgent, make an Injection of the same Plant, boil'd till it be very tender, and let the Patient make use of it from time to time.

See Numb. (14.)

67. *An excellent Water for Ulcers and Sores
(try'd with great Success.)*

TO a quart of Spring-water, take one Dram of Mercury sublimate finely powder'd; and when 'tis quite dissolved, drop into the Solution, either Spirit of Sal Armoniac (which is best) or Oyl of Tartar per Deliquium, till you see that no more will manifestly precipitate. This done, filter the mixture through Cap Paper, and reserve the Precipitate for other uses. The Liquor that passes, you must keep close stop't in a Glass Viol; and when you will use it, you must dip Linnen Rags in it, and being thoroughly wetted, apply them to the part affected, single, or double, more or less, as need requires. This Application may be renewed twice, or (if the case be urgent) thrice a day.

68. *An experienced Medicine for want of
Sleep, proceeding from great heats of the
Head.*

TAKE the palest Carrots you can get, and scrape a sufficient quantity of them to afford scrapings enough to make a Cataplasm, of about two Fingers or two Inches broad,

broad, and of the thickness of a Half-crown piece of Silver, or thereabouts. Let the Patient apply this in a piece of double Linnen to his Throat, so that it may reach to the Jugular Vessels on each side, when he goes to Bed, and let it lie on all Night (for it will not easily grow dry,) if the first Application do not prevail, 'tis to be apply'd the following Night; and so a third and fourth time, if need require.

69. A Parable Medicine, that has cured very many, especially Children, and young Boys and Girles, of Convulsive Fits.

TAKE of the Poudre (whether made by Filing, Rasping, or otherwise) of the sound Skull of a Dead Man, and give of it about as much as will lie upon a Groat, made up into a Bolus with Conserve of Rosemary-Flowers, (or any other that is proper) to a young Boy or Girl: But in Persons more aged and strong, the Dose of the Poudre must be augmented to double the quantiry. The Medicine must be given often, if necessity requires it: If the Patient be a Child, 'twill be useful to apply to his Throat, a kind of Necklace, made of the Roots of Vervain cut into Beads.

79. *An easie, and experienced Remedy for the Piles.*

IN four Ounces of Spring-water, dissolve about one Dram of Salt of Tartar, or as much as will give the Liquor a manifest, but not strong *Alcalisate* taste, and apply soft rags dip'd in luke-warm or somewhat more to the Part affected, shifting it from time to time.

71. *A successful Medicine for Fluxes of the Belly.*

TAKE Rice-Meal, and mix with it about a fifth part of finely powder'd and sifted Chalk, boil these in Water, or, which is better, if it agrees with the Patient in Milk, and make thereof a hasty Pudding, to be moderately season'd with Sugar and powder'd *Cinamon*; and let the Patient eat it at Meals, and if need be at some other times.

72. 73.

72. *An often try'd Remedy for Corns.*

TAKE the Juice of Houfleeke, and mix it up with about equal parts of the thick Balm or Yest, that sticks to the Barrel, or to the clay that stops it. Of these make a kind of Plaister, which being kept upon the Toe for a while, and then if need be renewed, will make the Corn very soft and easie to be drawn out and extirpated.

See Numb. (15.)

73. *A good Medicine for Burns and Stenching of Blood.*

DISSOLVE in Spring-water, or which is better, Rain water, as much Sugar as will make it a strong Solution, and then with a sufficient quantity of Linseed Oil, or Oil of Olives, beat up this Liquor till the Oil on it be brought to the consistence of an Unguent, with which anoint the part affected, as timely as you can, renewing the Application as often as need shall require.

See Numb. (16.)

74. *An approved Medicine for the Bloody Flux, being good also for Pleurifies.*

Give two or three scruples of Hairs Blood beaten to Powder for one Dose, to be taken in a spoonful or two or three of Mint-water, or any other fit Vehicle.

75. *A very often (though homely) experienced Remedy, for Dysenterick and other Fluxes.*

Take the fresh Dung of a Hog, (and if you can, whilst tis yet warm,) and boil in a Poringer full of New Milk, as much of it as may amount to the bigness of a Wall-nut; and also an equal quantity of fine Mutton Suet slic'd very thin: When these are will incorporated with the Milk, strain them well through a clean Linnen; and if there be need, sweeten them a little with Loaf Sugar: Let the Patient take this warm, once or twice a day.

76. *A powerful Styptic to stench Blood, where it can be applyed.*

TAKE the fine Powder of *Lapis Hematites*, made by grinding it exactly well with an equal or double weight of *Sal Armoniac*: And of this high colour'd Sublimate, put a little upon the Orifices of the Vessel.

77. *For a slight Redness of the Eyes.*

TAKE of French Barley half an Ounce, and Damask Roses half an handful. Boil them but very little in a pint of Spring-water, and with this moisten the part affected.

See Numb. (17.)

78. *For the Relaxation of the Uoula.*

TAKE blewish Pease (or in want of them white ones) and chew them very well, so as to reduce them to the consistence of a Poultis. Lay this warm upon the Crown of the Head, to the breadth and thickness of a Five shilling piece of Silver, or somewhat larger, shifting it in the Morning, and at Bed-time.

See Numb. (18.)

79. *A powerful Medicine to stop sharp Rheums.*

TAKE a Dram of Catechu, or Japan Earth, and make thereof a Decoction in five or six Ounces of good White-wine, or else of some distill'd Water, or other Liquor appropriated to the Disease. Of this give two or three spoonfuls at night, and in the Morning as much also if need require.

80. The

80. *The French-Man's Famous Eye-Water.*

TAke two or three Ounces of the Water of Simple Pimpernel, distill'd in Balneo, and put this into a little Pot or Poringer, of Rose-Copper; then put into it, about the bigness of a Hazel-nut, or a Filbert, of strong Quicklime: Cover the Pot, and let the Ingredients lie in it till the Liqueur hath acquired a blewish colour. Then very warily pour off the clear, and add to it as much live Honey, as will give a little, or but little Taste: Use it after the wonted manner of such Waters, and if you find it too strong, dilute it a little with water of the same Plant or good Spring-water, which for a need, may be used from first to last, instead of the Water of Pimpernel,

See Numb. (19.)

81. *Eye-2*

31. Eye-Water.

TAKE Red Rose-water, Plantane-water, of each an Ounce; Tutia prepared, half a scruple; *Lapis Lazuli* prepared six grains, red Coral prepared, five grains, mix and make a Collyrium, or Eye-water.

This drop'd into the Eyes, being first well shaken, cures Inflammations of the Eyes, provided there be no great foulness, nor Scrophulous disposition in the Patient. It takes off the redness of the Eye-lids; if with a sponge dip'd in it, the Eye-lids be often wetted, it takes off Films very well.

82. *A safe and useful Medicine to prevent Dryness; and some other Dissaffections of the Eyes.*

TAKE of choice Virgin Honey, two spoonfuls, of Succory Water, or the distilled Water, of each four spoonfuls; mix them, and in a very clean Vessel over a very gentle Fire, let them evaporate (taking off from time to time any Scum that may arise) till the mixture be brought to the consistence of a Syrup (or of Honey) keep this in a Glass well stopped and make use of it, by letting fall a drop or two, or at most three of it, at a time, into the Eye.

See Numb

83. *The Medicine of a Famous Empyric for the Stone.*

Take Amber (clear and yellow.) Sea-horse Pizzle and Niter, of each alike quantity, (Note well, in case of Ulcerated Kidnies, put half the quantity of the Amber) and an eighth part of the Nitre (of Natural Balsam.) Pulverize each apart, and make them up into Pills with Chios (or at least clean Strasburg Turpentine) take five, six or seven Pills (of about ten to one Ounce) Morning and Evening.

See Numb. (21.)

84. *An Excellent Medicine for Fits of the Mother.*

Take Sagapenum dissolv'd in Vinegar of squills, strain'd thro' a Sieve, & again inspissated or thickned, Ammoniacum in like manner prepared, Steel prepar'd, Myrrh, Fecula of Briony of each half a Dram: English Saffron, Castoreum, of each a Scruple, Borax two Scruples; Syrup of Strachas a sufficient quantity; mix and make Pills of a convenient bigness to be swallowed; of which take three, Morning and Night, with care.

85. *A choice Medicine for the Cholic.*

TAKE clean white Chalk, and having dry'd it with a gentle heat, reduce it to fine Pouder; wet this Pouder with the expressed Juice of Cammomil, and then let it dry in the Air, without the heat, either of the Fire or of the Sun. This done, wet it again with new Juice of Cammomil, and dry it the second time as before. Wet and dry it again the third time, and if you please, the fourth time; and then reduce the dry Mass to fine Pouder again. Of this Pouder let the Patient take at a time, as much as will lie upon a Groat or a Six-pence, in some Spoonfuls of Wine or other proper Vehicle.

86. *Troches of Vipers, successfully used to Cleanse the Blood, and to strengthen weak Patients.*

TAKE of Vipers reduc'd to fine Pouder one Ounce, Diaphoretick Antimony half an Ounce, clear yellow Amber two Drams, of Starch as much as of all the rest, and of Sugar as much as of Starch; make them to a fine Paste, with Spirit of Wine, and then make them into small Cakes, whereof one may serve for a Dose.

87. *An approved Medicine for Scorbutic Gums and to fasten the Teeth.*

TAKE of White-wine a pint, of *Alum* half an Ounce, of Juniper Berries and of red Sage, *Ann* one Ounce : Boil these together till a quarter of the Liquor be wasted, then put into the remaining part four Ounces of Honey, and let it boil till the Scum be all risen then filter it, and put into it one Dram of *Balsamum Vitæ*.

See Numb. (22.)

88. *A Caution about the Vitriolate Eye-water.*

TAKE four Grains of *Roman Vitriol*, not more to four Ounces of distilled Water, either of Roses, Succory, Fennel, &c.

89. *A good Medicine for a light Stroke, or Contusion of the Eye.*

TAKE half an Ounce of *Celandine Water*, and shake well into it, three or four drops of clarify'd Honey, and let fall of this into the Eye, a drop or two, twice or thrice a day.

90. *An excellent Medicine for a Stroke or Bruise in the Eye.*

TAKE of Betony-water, and Hyfop water, of each one Ounce, and in their Mixture, stir some Blades of Saffron, till the Liquor be pretty well colour'd, and no more. And lastly, add to it four or five drops of clarified Honey.

See Numb. (23.)

91. *An Excellent Remedy to take off Films, and such like things from the Eyes.*

TAKE choice Bole Armonic, and reduce it to very fine Pouder, blow this gently into the Eye, once or at most twice a day. But if the Patient be subject to or fearful of any swelling, heat, or disaffection in the Eyelids, incorporate the Pouder with a little clarified Honey.

See Numb. (24.)

92. To

92. *To strengthen weak Eyes subject to Rheums.*

TAKE Lapis Calaminaris four Ounces, Rose-water a pint, shake them well together two days. Then let it settle, pour off this Water into a little Viol, and drop of it in weak Eyes, two or three times a day, &c.

93. *A Plaister to strengthen the Eyes, and stop Defluxions on them.*

TAKE of Frankincense two Drams, Olibanum and Mastick ana half a Dram; mix these well, and reduce them into fine Powder; of which a convenient quantity is to be melted and spread upon black Ribbon, or some such thing, with a hot Knife or Spatula, and so presently applied to the Temples.

94. *An Experienced Remedy for sharp and hot Humors in the Eyes.*

INTO a quart of new Milk already boiling, put about two handfuls or less of green Houfleeke, freshly gather'd, and chopt small, and let the Milk boil on till 'twill yield no more

Vol. III. Mr. Boyle's Receipts. 49

more Curd. Then strain the green Posset-drink, and let the Patient take every day once or twice a pint (or as near that quantity as he can well reach to) sweeten'd a little if need be with fine Sugar. The drink may be best taken cold.

95. *An Excellent Fumigation, for Pains in the Eyes, and over great dryness of them, and when one fears the beginning of a Cataract.*

TAKE of Fennel, Hyssop, Betony, Celandine, Carduus, of each half a handful, or a handful; of the Seeds of Linseed, Quinces, Fenugreek, Flea-wort of each half a Dram, of French Barley one Ounce: Boil these in two quarts of fair water, and half a pint of White wine: Let the Patient hold his Head over the Fumes for about a quarter of an hour every Morning.

96. *For Sore Eyes.*

TAKE Crumbs of White-bread, half an Ounce, Coral and Pearl prepared, Tutia White-Sugar-candy, of each half a Dram: Poulder of Red Roses a Dram and half, Flowers of St John's-wort one Dram; and with a sufficient quantity of Milk make a Cataplasm

D

or Poultrice, which spread upon linnen Cloth and bind it over the Eye.

97. *For Heaviness and Pain in the Eyes.*

TAKE Flowers of Melilot, of Elder, and of Marigolds, of each a small handful, Linseed, Seeds of Fenugreek, Fleawort, Cummin and Quinces, of each half a Scruple, French Barley half an ounce, Damask Roses half an ounce, Spring water a pint and half, mix and make a Decoction, with which foment the Forehead, Temples and Eye-brows, being sufficiently warm.

98. *For a dry Inflammation.*

TAKE of Betony, Hysop, Rue, Worm-wood, Vervain, as also of Sage-flowers, and Rosemary-flowers, of each of all these, half a handful. (To which may be usefully added Cummin Seeds, Fennel Seeds, and Carduus Seeds, of each a quarter of an Ounce.) Boil these a little in two or three quarts of fair Water, and then let the Patient hold his Head for about a quarter of an hour over the Steam of this Decoction, making use of a Napkin, to keep the Smoke from dissipating, and direct it to his Eyes. A while after he may put into them, if it be thought fit, a little clarify'd Honey.

F I N I S.

Several necessary Notes Explicating, Illustrating, or Enlarging some of the Heads in the Preceding Volume.

Numb. (1.) *For the Bloody Flux, or other Fluxes.* See Pag. 4.

Take Japan Earth, Pouder of Rhubarb of each equal parts, of which give half a Dram at a time every Morning fasting.

Numb. (2.) *A good Medicine for the Dropsie.* See p. 5.

Note, an Infusion of Mechoacan in White wine, (an Ounce and half thin sliced, to a pint) being infused 24 hours, and drank of every Morning for some days, is a most admirable thing, and if a little Mustard Seed be infused in it, it will be so much the better.

D 2

Numb.

Numb. (3.) *A Medicine for Blood-shot, or inflamed Eyes. See p. 6.*

THere is no better a Remedy for inflamed Eyes, then to wash them every day several times with this. Take Frogs-spawn Water a pint; Salt of Tartar, a Dram; mix and dissolve, and wash therewith.

Numb. (4.) *A good and innocent Dentifrice. See p. 7.*

BUt that which exceeds all, is a fine Powder of Red Coral, with which you may rub them two or three times a day, and then wash them with Water in which Sal Prunellæ is dissolved.

Numb. (5) *To prevent or cure an Ague. See p. 13.*

Take gratings of Angelica Root, Flowers of Antimony, of each half a Dram, choice Canary three Ounces: Infuse in a cold place for one or two days, and pour off the clear for two Doses: It is a singular good Vomit for the cure of Agues of all sorts, being given in

Vol. III. *Mr. Boyle's Receipts.* 53

in the Morning fasting, 4 or 6 hours before the coming of the Fit ; and if it be not a Quotidian Ague, then on the intermitting day.

Numb. (6.) *An useful Drink for the King's Evil.*
See p. 24.

THere is no better thing in the World for the Kings Evil, than to give daily some spoonfuls of this following Liquor. Take White wine a quart, Juice of Pellitory of the Wall a pint, Spirit of Wine half a Pint, Sal Prunellæ an Ounce, mix and dissolve, then pour off the clear, and sweeten with white Sugar, Dose six spoonfuls Morning and Night.

Numb. (7.) *An experienced Remedy to expel Gravel, and provoke Urine.* See p. 25.

TAke the Juice of Onions two spoonfuls ; White-wine half a pint or more ; mix them for a draught : It gives present Ease ; and if repeated for some time, in a short season cures.

Numb. (8.) *An easie Medicine for Costiveness.*
See p. 35.

A Turpentine Clyster thus made is admirable to cause Stools in a very great Costiveness.

Take Strasburgh Turpentine an Ounce, Yolk of one or two Eggs, grind them well together ; and put thereto a pint of fat Mutton Broth, and exhibit it Blood-warm.

Numb. (9.) *A Remedy for Gripes and Fluxes.*
See p. 37.

A Most excellent Remedy for Gripings, is a Tincture of Corn Poppy Flowers made with common Spirit of Wine ; of this you may give from a spoonful to two spoonfuls, in Spirit of Opium half an Ounce, mixt with Black-cherry water four Ounces : This gives ease upon the spot.

Numb. (10.) *A Medicine for Redness of the Eyes.* See p. 38.

IF the redness be with a fierce hot Rheum, it is from weakness of the Eyes ; and then the only Remedy is to wash them twice or thrice

Vol. III. Mr. Boyle's Receipts. 55

thrice a day with Brandy: There is no danger in it, nor will it smart much.

Numb. (11.) *An effectual Medicine for a Strain.* See p. 41.

TAKE Comfrey-Roots beating to a pulp half a pound, Powder of Japan Earth four Ounces, Spirit of Wine a sufficient quantity; mix and apply it to the part.

Numb. (12.) *For most Astmatic Distempers.* See p. 43.

TAKE Juice of Hyssop, choice Honey, of each two pound: Mix, boil, scum, and make a Syrup; of which let the Sick take four spoonfuls or more, Morning, Noon, and Night.

Numb. (13.) *An external Medicine for an Erysipelas.* See p. 47.

THE Blood of almost any living Creature is found by many Experiments to be a Specifick against an Erysipelas, being often anointed on the affect, or Cloth dip'd in the same, being laid moist thereon.

Numb. (14.) *A Remedy for the Whites in Women.* See p. 48.

THe best of Remedies in this case (after due purging) is to give two, three or four grains of Laudanum, and to inject three, four, or six times a day this water.

Take Spring-water two quarts, white Vitriol, Roch Allum, of each two Ounces: being in Powder, mix and dissolve, let it settle, and use only the clear.

Numb. (15.) *A try'd Remedy for Corns.* See P. 54.

TAKE Ammoniacum strained, Emplastrum Diapalma, of each an Ounce; Arcanum Corallinum half an Ounce, white Precipitate two Drams: Mix them well together, and apply it only over the Corn, being first cut as close as it conveniently can be.

Numb. (16.) *A Medicine for Burns and stenching of Blood.* See p. 55.

BUt for stenching of Blood, there are but few Medicines which exceed the Colcothar of Vitriol, whether wash'd and freed from it's Salt or not wash'd: 'Tis but a common thing, but will do more than a thousand much more enobled.

Numb.

Numb. (17.) *For a slight Redness of the Eyes.*
See p. 58.

One of the best of Remedies against Redness and Inflammation of the Eyes, is often to wash them with this Water. Take Frog-spawn Water a pint, Common Spirit of Wine four Ounces; mix them: Wash herewith five or six times a day; and at Bed time apply over the fore Eyes a Cataplasm of a rotten Apple.

Numb. (18.) *For the Relaxation of the Uvula.*
See p. 59.

THis common Medicine, is found very successful: The Throat being first gargled with Claret Wine, in which a little Rock-Allum has been dissolved, as hot as it can well be endured; then anoint it with this. Take Honey one Ounce, powder of Elecampane two Drams, Pepper in Powder half a Dram: mix them, and apply it thrice a day with your Finger.

Numb. (19.) *A Famous Eye-Water.* See p. 61.

Take Red Rose Water a quart; Aloes in fine Powder, half an Ounce; white Vitrol,
Vitrum

58 *Mr. Boyle's Receipts. Vol. III.*

Vitrum Antimonii, Crocus Metallorum, of each six Drams; mix and digest warm a Month: Then use the clear water three or four times a day, it has scarcely any equal.

Numb. (20.) *A Medicine to prevent Running of the Eyes. See p. 63.*

TAKE White-Wine half a pint, dissolve in it white Vitriol two Drams; filter or strain, and therein dissolve choice Honey two Ounces: With this fill the Eyes two or three times a day, it is good against most distempers of the Eyes.

Numb. (21.) *A Medicine for the Stone. See p. 64.*

TAKE Strasburgh Turpentine two Ounces, grind it well with Yolks of Eggs, and then mix berewith this following Syrup. Take water a pint and half, Sal Prunellæ an Ounce and half: Mix and dissolve, and with Honey a pound, boil it into a Syrup, which add to the former mixture. Dose two or three spoonfuls Morning and Night.

Numb.

Numb. (22.) *A Medicine for Scorbutick Gums,
and to fasten the Teeth. See p. 68.*

THere is nothing fastens the Teeth better,
than to wash them with this mixture.
Take Claret Wine a pint, Roch Alum half an
Ounce ; mix and dissolve, and then add thereto
six Ounces of a strong Tincture of Japan Earth,
made with common Brandy.

Numb. (23.) *For a Stroke or Bruise in the Eye.*
See p. 70.

TAKE Celandine Water 3 Ounces, Spirit of
Saffron one Ounce, mix them, with which
wash the Eyes several times a day ; and if the
Eyes be very Sore, red or Blood-shot, after
washing anoint them, every time with a little
pure Virgin Honey.

Numb. (24.) *An Excellent Remedy to take off
Films from the Eyes.*

TAKE Pouder of Coral levigated one Ounce,
Pouder of Pearls levigated three Drams,
Crabs-Eyes levigated one Dram, Virgin Honey
two Ounces, mix them, and anoint four or
five times a day, but chiefly Morning and
Night.

Numb.

Numb. (25.) *A Remedy for the Kings-Evil.*

TAKE Roots of Pilewort a sufficient quantity, bruise and boil them in Hogs Lard till they are Crisp, after which press them hard out ; and boil in the like manner as many more fresh Roots, and press out again, doing it the third time ; then keep the Ointment for use to anoint with Morning and Night.

Numb. (26.) *A Remedy for the Stone.*

GIVE every Morning fasting, and every Night going to Bed, half a Dram of the Pouder of Winter Cherries in a draught of Parsly or Arsmart-water, or in a Glas of White wine.

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